

(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date
16 May 2002 (16.05.2002)

PCT

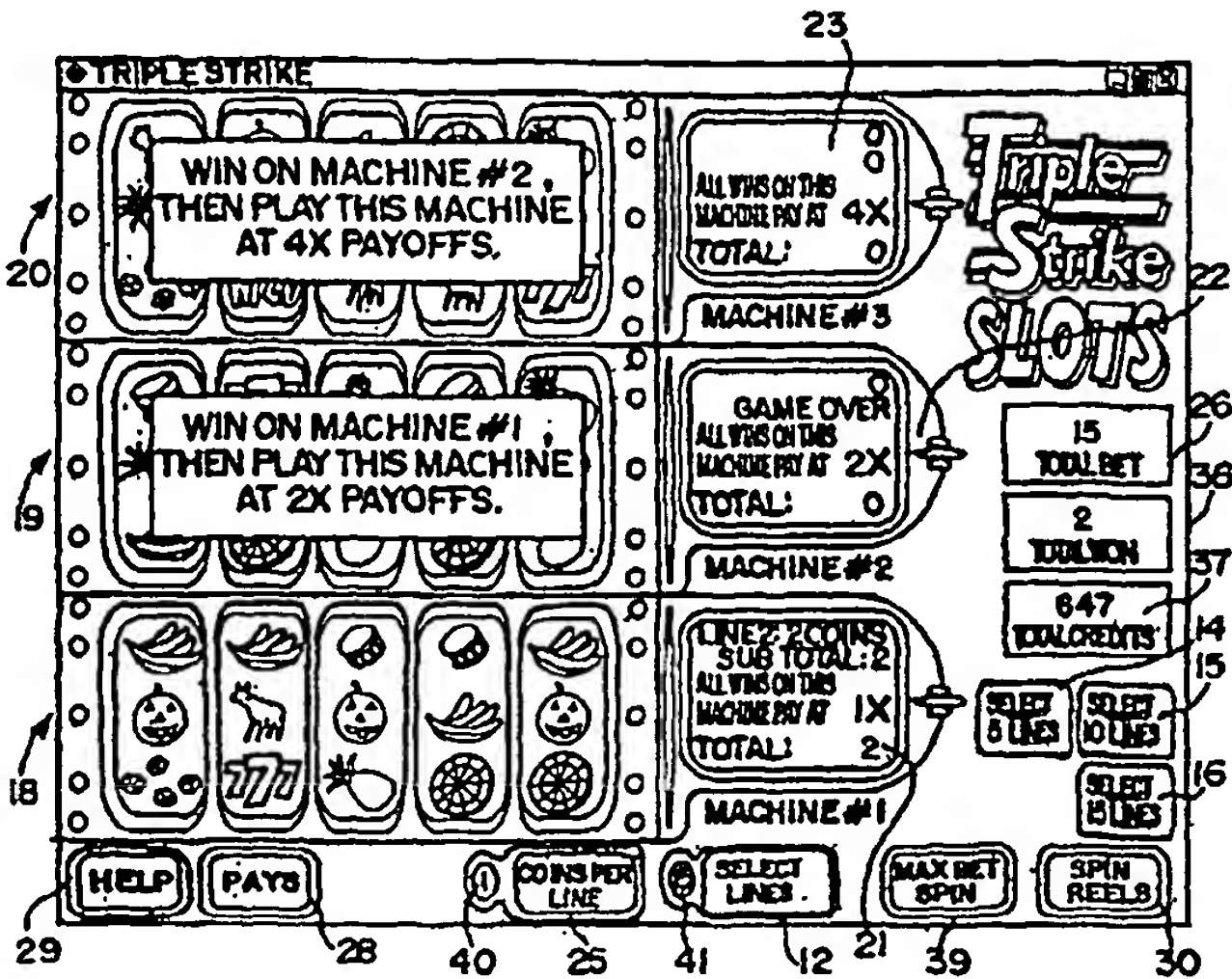
(10) International Publication Number
WO 02/38234 A1

- (51) International Patent Classification⁷: A63F 9/24
- (21) International Application Number: PCT/US01/42984
- (22) International Filing Date: 31 October 2001 (31.10.2001)
- (25) Filing Language: English
- (26) Publication Language: English
- (30) Priority Data:
09/709,922 10 November 2000 (10.11.2000) US
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- (81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF,

[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: A MULTI-STAGE MULTI-BET GAME, GAMING DEVICE AND METHOD



(57) Abstract: A game is comprised of a plurality of stages beginning with a first stage. Depending on the outcome of the first stage the game may be over or there may be an operation of a second stage. Depending on the outcome of the second stage, the game may be over (176a) or there may be an operation of another stage. This sequence continues until the game ends or until the final (nth) stage has been operated. Wagers are made on each stage of the game. A bet made on a stage of the game which is not played is lost. Each stage is independent of the previous stage. The embodiments comprise a multi-line, multi-coin video slot machine, a five card-stud poker game, a draw poker game, and a dice game.

WO 02/38234 A1



CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

Published:

- *with international search report*
- *before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of receipt of amendments*

A MULTI-STAGE MULTI-BET GAME, GAMING DEVICE AND METHOD

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

5 This invention relates to games in general, and particularly to gaming machines allowing wagers to be placed on a game, and more particularly to an innovative casino-type gaming machine which allows wagers on a plurality of game levels.

DISCUSSION OF THE PRIOR ART

10 There are many ways in which multiple wagers may be placed on different gaming machines. In one of the simplest forms, a player may make a variable wager on a specific bet. On a single line slot machine for example, as the player inputs additional coins into the machine (per play) the payouts for the single payline is multiplied by the number of coins bet. Often the higher awards increase beyond the given multiple, offering a bonus for betting more coins on this single payline. The same type of multiple coin bet is also well known in video poker, where a typical bet is one to five coins on 15 each hand played. In such a video poker game, the paytable is multiplied by the number of coins bet with a substantial bonus being given for a Royal Flush when five coins are bet.

20 In other gaming machines, there are multiple bets that can be made on different outcomes. In a multiline slot machine for example, a wager can be made on each of a plurality of paylines. Typically, each payline is paid according to a paytable (also referred to as a "payout table") that is similar for each payline. A single spin of the reels yields a result on each payline which is paid if it matches a winning combination on the paytable.

25 The above two techniques have been combined, providing multiple paylines and multiple coins per payline. The pay for each payline is multiplied by the number of coins bet on that payline with certain bonuses available when a higher number of coins per payline are wagered.

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Additionally, there have been games such as *Double-Down Stud* poker which allow a player to place an additional bet on a game that is already in progress. There have been games such as *Play-It-Again* poker which allow a player to make a new bet on a re-play of a starting hand.

5 Thus, it can be appreciated that there have been poker games, for instance, which allow a player to bet on multiple hands where each of the plurality of hands is generated from a single initial deal, followed by independent draws or re-deals for each hand that received a bet. In each case, the bets that are made are considered to be made on a game of chance, and paid if there is a winning result.

10 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In broad overview, the present invention in one aspect allows the placing of multiple bets on different stages of a game. The game is comprised of a plurality of stages. Each operation of the game begins with the operation of a first stage. Depending on the outcome of the first stage the game may be over, or there may be an operation of a second stage. The second stage operation may be totally independent of the first stage, or
15 may have dependencies on first stage events or data, e.g., the achievement of a "winning" first stage. As will be understood throughout this invention disclosure, "winning" is just one form of possible advancement to the next level. For example, one aspect of the invention includes a "special card" (Free Ride) which permits advancement even if a
20 "losing" condition is presented at a level.

Depending on the outcome of the second stage, the game may be over or there may be an operation of a third stage. This sequence continues until the game ends or until the final (n^{th}) stage has been operated, at which time the game ends.

It should be appreciated that not every stage will operate in each game, and that
25 the lowest stages will operate the most often while the highest stages will operate the least often.

As noted above, the present invention furthermore allows the player to place wagers on different stages of the multi-stage game. Each stage of the game may typically have its own payable or payout scheme, and its own expected return. A bet made on a

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stage of the game which is not played is lost in one contemplated form of the invention. Thus, at the highest stages the bets made are lost very often, without even playing that stage of the game, because most games will end before getting to the highest stage bet. Due to this architecture, there is much greater opportunity for large wins in games which get to the highest stages. This makes for a more exciting gaming experience, because as the players watch the game successfully continue through the various stages, the expectation of what may be won at each stage usually increases.

Embodiments shown herein are generally constructed such that the player specifies at the outset of the game the number of stages or levels to bet on. For instance, bets are made on a first level, a second level, and up to the number of levels specified by the player. While this is one preferred embodiment which gives the player action at all levels up to the highest level bet, it is envisioned that the player could be allowed to arbitrarily choose which levels to bet without departing from the invention. So too, it is contemplated that the game could allow for a new bet as stages are achieved.

Certain contemplated embodiments also have a structure that any "Win" on a given stage advances the game to the next stage. Other contemplated embodiments have different game rules for continuing from stage to stage, and operate under those rules for a given stage.

In one aspect of the invention, it is a principal objective to provide a method of playing a game, where a player is initially provided with a first stage game of chance upon which a first wager is placed by the player, and a second stage game of chance upon which a second wager is placeable. As previously noted, the game stages can be the same type of game (e.g., slots), or different games (e.g., slots, cards, dice, roulette, etc.).

Each stage has a "winning" condition and a "losing" condition. That is, there is an established criterion or criteria whereby the player may advance from one stage to the next, or may not. As used throughout this disclosure, and in the claims, "winning" and "losing" are to be considered synonymous with advancing or terminating, unless otherwise stated.

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5 The first stage game is played, with a determination of whether a winning/advancement or losing/terminating condition is presented. If a winning condition is presented by the first stage game as played, then the player advances to the second stage game, assuming a bet has been previously placed for that stage. If a losing
10 condition is presented by the first stage game as played, however, the game is over and any second wager (or higher) is lost. It will be understood that in some embodiments a loss condition could be presented by simply achieving a condition where only part of a wager placed on a given level may be returned, i.e., a player wagered 5 on a level but only achieved a return of 3. So too, all of the bet need not be lost as a terminating/losing
15 condition.

In the event that the first stage presents a winning condition and there is a wager for the second stage, then the second stage game is played. There follows a determination as to which of the winning and losing conditions is presented by the second stage game as played. These steps are repeated for as many stages as are provided by the
20 game if all have been bet upon, or as many stages as have actually been bet upon if fewer than all, again assuming a winning/advancement condition has been met for each preceding stage.

In a preferred form the foregoing method of playing a game includes the step of providing a payout for a winning condition at the second stage, or more preferably
25 providing a payout for a winning condition at each stage. The payout can be based upon the amount of a respective wager at a respective stage, and advantageously includes an increase by a multiplier for a payout at a respective stage, with the multiplier increasing for each successive stage.

In another aspect of the invention, the foregoing method is adapted for operating a
30 processor-controlled gaming machine. In this application of the invention, gameplay elements are provided in a manner that can be visualized by a player, such as on a video display screen, or in some three dimensional format where the gameplay elements can be tracked (such as on a board with an electronic interface), just to name two ways of such visualization. In this form of the invention, a mechanism for a wager input from the

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player is also provided, along with a mechanism for game operational input from the player, such as to start play.

5 There is a first stage game of chance upon which a first wager is placed by the player, and at least a second stage game of chance upon which a second wager is placeable. Each stage has a winning/advancement condition and a losing/terminating condition. In the preferred form of the invention, all wagers are placed before play begins at the first stage level.

10 This gaming machine displays at least the first stage game using at least some of the gameplay elements. For instance, using a video monitor as an example, a first slot machine may be displayed (or first display of cards, or dice, etc.). More than one stage may be displayed at a time (e.g., a plurality of slot machine representations stacked one on top of another on the display). The first stage game is then played, with the previously described determination of which of the winning and losing conditions is presented by the first stage game as played. Again, if a winning condition is presented, the player
15 advances to the second stage game, but if a losing condition is presented by the first stage game as played, the game is over and at least some (and most preferably all) of the second (and any subsequent) wager is lost.

20 If not already displayed, and assuming there has been an advancing condition met at the first stage and a bet placed on the second stage, the second stage game of chance is displayed (or, for instance, activated if already displayed). This second stage is played, with a determination of which of the winning and losing conditions is presented by the second stage game as played. If there is a winning condition, this form of the invention provides a payout for the second stage, as well as for any subsequent consecutive stage for which there is a winning condition, and a wager placed thereon.

25 One embodiment of this method as applied to a gaming machine provides a set of differing gameplay element indicia, such as facets of a die. A subset of at least one match indicia against which a set of dice are to be matched in the course of play is established, such as a random selection of die faces (e.g., three die numbers against which tossed dice are to be matched. In a preferred form of this dice gaming machine, first,

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second, third and successive stages up to said nth stages are displayed together as discrete arrays on a visual display.

5 The dice are initially tossed in one embodiment, and beginning with at least the second stage game, a determination is made as to whether any match is made between the match indicia and the dice tossed. At least one match comprises a winning condition for a stage being played, in this embodiment. If a match is not made, then the unmatched indicium is removed from further play. The game ends when no matches are made at a given level, again assuming that a wager has been made up to and including that level.

10 Yet another aspect of the invention is providing a feature which is subject to random allocation to a stage in the course of play, with the feature if allocated enabling a next stage to be played regardless of whether a winning condition has otherwise been presented. The feature, referred to herein as a "Free Ride," therefore constitutes or comprises a so-called winning/advancement condition. Of course, a wager still needs to have been placed on the next stage which is subject to being so enabled for play by the Free Ride feature.

15 A video card game comprises yet another form of the invention. Here, a video display device is driven by a cpu having a program. A wager input mechanism registers a wager placed by a player, with the wager including an ability to register bets upon successive stages of the game. A first deck of playing cards comprised of cards of suit and rank is generated by the program, with the program establishing a first array for display of a subset of the deck (i.e., a hand) of cards randomly selected from the deck.

20 A first stage hand of cards is dealt. The card game could be one in which the hand as so dealt is not subject to a draw, or the player can select cards to discard, with a new card taking the place of any discarded. In either event, the hand ultimately becomes set, and a determination is made as to whether the hand of cards presents a winning/advancement condition based upon a preset hierarchical ranking of card arrangements relating to suit and rank. As in the situations noted above, subsequent hands of cards are dealt if a winning condition is presented by the previous hand, provided a bet has been registered for each successive stage. If a losing condition is

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presented by a stage, or a stage is reached upon which no wager has been made, the game is over. Bets on any higher stage are lost if a losing condition is presented, as is the bet on the stage for which the losing condition is registered. A payout output based upon the wager and predetermined values for a stage is preferably provided according to a preset hierarchical ranking of card arrangements relating to suit and rank. The payout output can include payout tables which are different for at least some of the stages, and may further include a multiplier for at least some of the stages, with the multiplier increasing for successively higher stages.

In a video slot machine version of the invention, a plurality of rotatable reels is generated by the computer program, each of the reels being comprised of a plurality of different indicia. Each of the reels is caused by the program to appear to rotate and then randomly stop to thereby yield a display of certain indicia as a spin. If an advancement condition is presented on the first stage spin, a second stage spin occurs if a bet has been registered for that second stage spin, and so forth. The first stage spin can be visually displayed as a first set of reels in a first array, with the second stage spin likewise visually displayed as a second set of reels in a second array, and successive stage spins each so displayed as further sets of reels in successive respective arrays, with a plurality of arrays being displayed together on the visual display. Alternatively, one set of reels could be repeatedly spun for each stage. Payouts and multipliers can be provided in like manner to that described above for the card game embodiment, or as otherwise may be desired. One variant of the slot machine version of the invention has the multiplier for the games nth stage spin (the last possible level) randomly selected by the program from a predetermined table of multipliers, where at least most of the multipliers are greater than a multiplier for any previous stage. This random multiplier can advantageously be displayed, or physically embodied, as a wheel having segments with the multipliers displayed in respective segments of the wheel. The wheel is caused to rotate and come to a stop with the random multiplier at a designated stop point.

Of course, the foregoing invention as described in a video slot machine embodiment could be readily embodied in a standard mechanical slot machine.

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Likewise, the video dice game is readily adapted to a table-type game format, as is the video card game contemplated above.

5 In the same vein, a gaming machine coming within the scope of one aspect of the invention broadly comprises a gaming unit having at least first and second stages of play, each stage having an advancement condition and a non-advancement condition. Some kind of interface mechanism with the gaming unit allows gameplay input for a player, with the gameplay input including wagering input allowing the player to register a bet upon one or more stages of play.

10 An operational device operates the gaming unit, upon player input including an operational command. The operational device determines which of the conditions is presented by a first stage as played, and if an advancement condition is presented, then advancing the gaming unit to the second stage, but if a non-advancement condition is presented, the game is over and at least a portion, and preferably all, of any second stage bet registered is lost. Play continues for a successive stage up to a predetermined nth stage if an advancement condition is determined for that next stage to be reached, and a bet has been previously registered for that successive stage. Again, the stages of play can be games which are of the same type of game, or different types of games. These can also be games that have not yet been invented.

20 These aspects of the invention, along with other aspects, advantages, objectives and accomplishments of the invention, will be further understood and appreciated upon consideration of the following detailed description of certain present embodiments of the invention, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

25 Figure 1 is a video screen representation highlighting three paylines of a stage of a video slot machine embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2 is a video screen representation similar to Figure 1 highlighting five paylines;

Figure 3 is a video screen representation of a three stage slot machine embodiment of the present invention;

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Figure 4 is a representation of a payable of winning combinations for the slot machine presented in Figure 3;

Figure 5 is a representation of a continuation of the payable of Figure 4;

5 Figure 6 is another video screen representation of the slot machine embodiment of Figure 3 of the present invention;

Figure 7 is another video screen representation of the slot machine embodiment of Figure 3;

Figure 8 is another video screen representation of the slot machine embodiment of Figure 3;

10 Figure 9 is another video screen representation of the slot machine embodiment of Figure 3;

Figures 10a-10e present a flow chart of a method of operating a three stage video slot machine gaming machine of the type of embodiment of Figure 3;

15 Figure 11 is a representation highlighting a bonus multiplier wheel for use in a video slot machine embodiment of the present invention;

Figures 12a-12c present flow charts of a method of operating a video slot machine gaming machine embodiment of the present invention using the bonus multiplier wheel of Figure 11;

20 Figure 13 is a video screen representation highlighting a multi-stage poker gaming machine embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 14 is a video screen representation highlighting a first stage result on the poker machine embodiment of Figure 13;

Figure 15 is a video screen representation highlighting a second stage of the poker machine embodiment shown in Figure 13;

25 Figure 16 is a video screen representation highlighting a third stage of the poker machine embodiment of Figure 13;

Figure 17 is a video screen representation highlighting another multi-stage poker gaming machine embodiment of the present invention;

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Figure 18 is a representation of a paytable of winning combinations of the poker gaming machine embodiment of Figure 17;

Figure 19 is another video screen representation of the poker gaming machine embodiment of Figure 17;

5 Figure 20 is another video screen representation of the poker gaming machine embodiment of Figure 17;

Figure 21 is another video screen representation of the poker gaming machine embodiment of Figure 17;

10 Figure 22 is another video screen representation of the poker gaming machine embodiment of Figure 17;

Figure 23 is another video screen representation of the poker gaming machine embodiment of Figure 17;

15 Figure 24 is a video screen representation of the poker gaming machine embodiment of Figure 17, but with a different opening hand shown using a "Free Ride" card;

Figure 25 is another video screen representation of the poker gaming machine embodiment of Figure 24;

Figure 26 is another video screen representation of the poker gaming machine embodiment of Figure 24;

20 Figures 27a-27f present a flow chart of a method of operating a draw poker video gaming machine of the present invention;

Figure 28 is a video screen representation of a multi-stage video dice gaming machine embodiment of the present invention;

25 Figure 29 is a video screen representation highlighting a first stage or roll of the dice of the dice gaming machine embodiment of Figure 28;

Figure 30 is a video screen representation of a second stage of the play of the dice gaming machine embodiments of Figure 28;

Figure 31 is a video screen representation of a third stage of the play of the dice gaming machine embodiment of Figure 28;

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Figure 32 is a video screen representation of a fourth stage of the play of the dice gaming machine embodiment of Figure 28;

Figure 33 is another video screen representation of the dice gaming machine embodiment of Figure 28; and

5 Figures 34a-34d present flow charts for a method of operating a video dice gaming machine of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Four different embodiments of the present invention are described herein, with some noted variations in certain cases. The first embodiment is a three stage, multi-line,
10 multi-coin video slot machine. The same game format (slots) with the same payable is operated on three stages, with increasing payout multipliers at each stage providing an increasing amount to win at the higher stages. The "spin" at each stage is independent of the previous stages.

The second embodiment is a multi-stage *Five-Card Stud* poker game. Each stage
15 is again independent of the previous stage. However, a separate payable is used for each stage in this embodiment. A variation of this game is also shown which uses the same payable on each stage, but combined with a mechanism to increase the "hit" rate.

The third embodiment is a *Draw* poker game that combines the concepts shown in the *Stud* poker game with the decisions and optimal play analysis that are integral to
20 *Draw* poker. The final embodiment is a dice game which has been adapted to provide a high dependency between the first stage and the next stages.

While each of these embodiments uses a single game format, or type, to play from stage to stage, as noted above, it is clearly anticipated that the invention may be used with a first game type as a first stage, with a subsequent stage or stages being of a different
25 game type, e.g., a single line slot stage, then a multi-line slot stage, then a *Stud* poker stage, etc. Thus, it should be appreciated that similar or different games of chance may be staged together, and the invention is not limited to the types of games shown here, and would encompass any conceivable other game, such as roulette, craps, baccarat, keno, and so on. It will also be apparent to one of skill in the art how to use the invention in

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live games with dealers (i.e., table games), notwithstanding the particular embodiments described herein relating to gaming machines.

Triple-Strike Slots

A first embodiment of this invention takes the form of a multi-stage slot machine. This may be done on a video screen with the presentation of a video slot machine, or may be accomplished with mechanical spinning reels, for instance. In a mechanical embodiment, the stages may be played sequentially on the same reels, or on physically separate reels. It is also adaptable for combinations of video slots and mechanical spinning reel slots, where some stages are played on the video slots and some stages are played on mechanical spinning reels.

In this first embodiment, there are three video slot machines (stages) vertically disposed on a video screen (although it will be apparent how to adapt this technique to any number of desired stages). In this embodiment, each machine has the same symbols, symbol frequency, hit rate and payout percentage. Of course, other embodiments may use different hit rates and frequencies, if not entirely different symbols and game themes from stage to stage.

In this first embodiment, the criterion for advancing from one stage to the next is any win on the current stage. It is envisioned that other criteria may be used in other embodiments, such as a special symbol, which while only paying in certain configurations, would advance a player to the next level anytime it appeared in the game.

Turning now to Figure 1, the first embodiment has each stage as a five-reel, five-line video slot machine. This is of a type of slot machine often called "Australian style." This machine allows the player to make a wager on one to five paylines, and allows a bet from one to nine coins bet on each payline for a maximum of forty-five coins bet per game. Figure 1 shows the first three paylines, with payline 1 drawn horizontally across the center symbols, payline two drawn across the upper symbols and payline three drawn across the lower symbols.

Figure 2 is the same as Figure 1, with fourth and fifth paylines added. The fourth payline is in the shape of the letter "V" while the fifth payline is an inverted "V". It is

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well known by those skilled in the art how to design such a machine with more or fewer paylines, and more or fewer coins per line. It is also well known in the art, and envisioned for this type of game, to include special bonuses or bonus rounds for certain symbol combinations. Certain combinations have been included for this purpose in the present description, but the special bonuses and bonus rounds have been replaced by fixed awards for clarity of presentation.

Figure 3 shows a screen with three stages displayed. For each game played, the player selects from one to fifteen paylines (i.e., five paylines times three stages) to play or "activate". The player operates the machine by pressing (actuating) buttons through the use of a touchscreen display, some pointing device, or through the use of corresponding mechanical pushbutton switches. The player may repeatedly press the "Select Lines" button 12 in Figure 3 to select one to fifteen lines. One may also press the "Select 5 Lines", "Select 10 Lines" or "Select 15 Lines" buttons (14, 15 and 16, respectively) to select all lines of the first, first and second or all three machines respectively. As used herein, "machine" refers to each separate slot display 18, 19, 20 (which will variously be referred to as machine, stage and level). Selecting from one to five lines will activate the lines on the lower machine 18 and allow a "spin" (play) on the lower machine 18. Selecting from six to ten lines will activate the five lines on the lower machine and one to five lines on the second machine 19. This will then allow a spin on the first machine 18; if there is any winner on the first machine 18, a spin on the second machine will then follow. All amounts won on the second machine 19 are multiplied by two (2X) in this version (see window 22).

Selecting from eleven to fifteen lines will activate the five lines on the first machine 18, the five lines on the second machine 19 and from one to five lines on the third machine 20. This will then allow a spin on the first machine 18, and if there is a winner on the first machine, then a spin on the second machine 19 (with 2X payout following). If there is any winner on the second machine 19, that will allow a spin on the third machine 20. All amounts won on the third machine 20 are multiplied by four (4X) in this version (see window 23).

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In this particular embodiment, the "hit rate" (percentage of games that have any win) is carefully set just over 50%. This allows each stage (18; 19 and 20) to have a multiplier that is twice that of the previous stage, and result in a reasonable expected payout for the player and reasonable expected return for the operator (e.g., gaming establishment). More stages could be added in a manner described without departing from the invention. Also, vastly different hit rates and multipliers could be used, separate paytables for each stage that do not scale evenly may be used, and other variations thereon will be readily apparent to those of skill in this art.

It should be noted that bets on the second machine 19 (lines six through ten) and the third machine 20 (lines eleven through fifteen) will be lost if a machine at a stage (level) below it does not result in a win, in this embodiment. This is considered offset in the mind of the player by game multipliers (2X and 4X respectively) when these machines do get a chance to spin. This increased opportunity for winnings when these upper stage machines get to spin adds a great deal of excitement and anticipation for the player.

Once the player has selected the number of lines, he or she specifies how many coins are to be wagered for each of the selected lines. As is well known in the art, all payouts are multiplied by the number of coins bet per payline. The player may repeatedly press the "Coins Per Line" button 25 (Figure 3) to select one to nine coins-per-line. The total bet is the product of the number of lines selected (button 12) and the number of coins-per-line, and is shown in the "Total Bet" meter 26.

Figure 4 and Figure 5 show the paytables indicating the available winning combinations and rules governing those combinations. These paytables may be displayed at any time by pressing the "Pays" button 28 (shown, e.g., in Figure 3). The "Help" button 29 may be pressed at any time for an overall description of the rules of the game and its operation. Again, these buttons, their operation and related programming, are well known.

Once the specifics of the bet are selected as described above, the player presses the "Spin Reels" button 30, which will initially spin the reels on the first slot machine 18.

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If there is no winning combination on any active (bet) payline then the game is over and the entire bet is lost, including any amount bet on the other machines 19, 20. If there is any winning combination on an active payline of the first machine 18, then the machine display will first show all winning paylines followed by a pattern of cycling through the individual winning combinations.

Figures 6 and 7 show how the game cycles through multiple winning combinations of the first machine 18. In Figure 6, the single "WILD" symbol is shown as a winner on payline 1. The machine draws boxes, for instance, around the winning symbols on the payline. In the payout information window 21 to the right of the first machine 18, the top line calls out "Line 1: 2 Coins". This indicates the two coins awarded for one "WILD" symbol on payline 1, as confirmed by the paytable in Figure 4. After showing the display of Figure 6 for a few seconds, the machine shows the display of Figure 7, which calls out the next winning combination. Figure 7 shows three cow symbols on payline 5 (in boxes). The top line of the payout information window 21 now calls out "Line 5:5 Coins" in recognition of the five coins won for the three cows on the fifth payline (confirmed by the paytable in Figure 5).

For both Figure 6 and Figure 7, the second line of the payout information window 21 shows the total number of coins from all pays of the first machine (in this case "SubTotal: 7" consisting of the two coins from the first payline and the five coins from the fifth payline). The lower half of the payout information window 21 then shows the total pay of the machine, times the machine multiplier, which for the first machine is one (1X).

This results in a "Total" of seven coins for the lower machine. The "Total Won" meter 36 on the right edge of the screen shows this seven coin figure in Figure 7. Figure 6 and Figure 7 show the second machine 19 "lit up" and ready to spin as a result of the win on the first machine 18.

As a result of winning on machine 18, the player is now allowed to spin the reels of the second machine 19, provided that a bet was placed on at least one of lines six through ten. The reels on the second machine 19 are spun by again pressing the "Spin

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Reels" button 30. If there is no winning combination on the reels of the second machine 19, then the game is over. In that case, any bet made on the third machine 20 (lines eleven through fifteen) is lost, and the winnings from the first machine 18 are paid to the player. The game pays the awarded credits from first machine 18 then restarts, becoming
5 ready to take another bet.

In the case of a winning combination on the second machine 19, then it may have an overall display similar to Figure 8. With only a single winning combination on the second machine, the machine boxes the "7's" symbol on its first payline, and shows in the second stage, payout information window 22 that one coin was won for a "SubTotal"
10 of one coin on the second machine 19. Since all pays on the second machine are multiplied by two in this version (multiplier 2X), this results in a total pay of two coins on the second machine 19. The "Total Won" meter 36 is now updated to nine coins, which comprises the seven coins won from the first machine 18, plus the two coins won from the second machine. Since the player bet five coins on the second machine 19 (one
15 each on lines six through ten), this second machine result is actually a net loss of three coins. However, because it was not a total loser (zero coins won), the player is now entitled to spin the third machine 20 if a bet was placed on any of lines eleven through fifteen. Figure 8 shows the third machine 20 lit up and ready to spin as a result of the two coin win on the second machine.

20 Once again, the reels on the third machine are spun by pressing the "Spin Reels" button 30. If there is no winning combination on the reels of the third machine 20, then the game is over. In that case, the winnings from the two other machines are paid to the player, and the game recycles for a new bet.

A winning combination is shown on the third machine 20 in Figure 9. With only
25 a single winning combination on the third machine 20, the machine boxes the three "7's" symbols on its first payline, and shows in the third stage payout information window 23 that twenty-five coins were won, for a "SubTotal" of twenty-five coins on the third machine 20. Since all "pays" on the third machine are multiplied by four (multiplier 4X for this version), this results in a total pay of one hundred coins on the third machine 20.

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The "Total Won" meter 36 is now updated to 109 coins, to include the 100 coins won from the third machine. With the third and final machine having been played, the total winnings of 109 coins are now added to the total credits meter 37, and the game is ready to restart and receive another bet.

5 The "Max Bet Spin" button 39 (shown in Figures 3 through 9) provides a one touch solution which will cause all fifteen lines to be selected with nine coins bet per line and spin the reels on the first machine 18, assuming enough credits are available. It is the same as pressing the "Select Lines" button 12 until "15" is selected, then pressing the "Coins Per Line" button 25 until "9" is selected, then "Spin Reels" button 30.

10 The above-described embodiment of a gaming slot machine is operationally summarized in the flow charts of Figures 10A-E. Figure 10A generally describes the start-up of the *Triple-Strike Slots* game. First, an assessment of whether credit(s) are present is undertaken beginning at step 150. If none is present, then a check is made as to whether the player has inserted the relevant coin, credit card, etc., for the necessary credit(s) at step 151. If so, then at step 152 the credit(s) are registered and displayed at the
15 "Total Credits" meter 37 (e.g., Figure 3). All available player buttons are then activated for initiation of play at 155.

 At this stage, the player enters a set-up loop where the player may choose to add more credits or proceed with play at step 156. If credits are added, these are registered
20 (on the meter display 37) at step 158, and the program loops back to step 156 (via 155).

 The "Coins Per Line" button 25 can alternatively be engaged from step 156, causing the coins-per-line setting to be modified (as indicated at meter 40, Figure 3), as well as updating the value of the "Total Bet" window 26, as indicated at step 159. Once again, the program loops back to step 156.

25 Back at step 156, the player then can choose the lines upon which to bet through operation of general "Select Lines" button 12. This causes the graphics program to highlight the lines being designated at step 160. Alternatively, the special "Select Lines" buttons 14 through 16 could be used out of step 156, also resulting in a registration of the line group selected (at step 161), then an update of the graphics at step 160.

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From step 160, the number of lines bet is registered on lines-bet meter 41 (e.g., Figure 3), and updated if the lines bet has been modified up or down, as indicated at step 162. The "Total Bet" window 26 is also updated in view of the lines being bet. The player is then returned to step 156.

5 Once the player has input the parameters of the wager, then the "Spin Reels" button 30 is engaged. It should be noted that the foregoing selection sequence as to coins and lines to bet need not follow the order indicated.

10 The player has the option of skipping all of the line and coins-per-line selections, through resort to the "Max Bet Spin" button 39. A subroutine will then execute at step 165 to assess the total credits the player has provided, and determine the maximum number of coins per line and the maximum number of lines (per an embedded look-up table) which can be played for the credit quantity shown in total credits meter 37, up to a fixed maximum for the game. The graphics are updated accordingly at step 166 to show the lines being bet (as at step 160), with a similar update of the coins-per-line meter 40, lines-bet meter 41 and "Total Bet" meter 26, all as indicated at step 167.

15 From either the actuation of the "Spin Reels" button 30 or the "Max Bet Spin" button 39, the selection buttons for player input are then deactivated and the amount bet is subtracted at step 168, with the remaining credits updated on the "Total Credits" meter 37. The display graphics then shows the reels spinning at the first stage/level/machine 18 (step 169). The reel stop positions are selected in a random manner (step 170), with the graphics displaying the final symbols coming into view for each reel in sequence (steps 171a through 171e).

20 Turning now to Figure 10B, the program then assesses whether there is any winning combination presented by the reels in their stop positions, taken in view of the payable (Figures 4 and 5) and the lines bet, as indicated at step 175. If there is no winner, the game goes to a "Game Over" sequence (step 176a), described hereafter. If there is a winner, then the winning line(s) are graphically highlighted on the display (step 177), the amount won is totaled and shown in the "SubTotal" area of the first stage payout information window 21 (step 178), and the "SubTotal" amount is increased by the

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applicable multiplier (step 179), which in this first embodiment is 1X for stage one. This total for machine one is displayed in payout information window 21. The "Total Won" meter 36 is accordingly updated (step 180).

5 An assessment is then made as to whether the player has bet on any lines of the second stage/level/machine 19, as noted at step 182. If not, then the game goes to the "Game Over" sequence (step 176b). If a stage-two bet has been registered, then the player "Spin Reels" button 30 is reactivated at step 183. Machine two 19 is graphically highlighted on the display (e.g., see Figure 6), which may include flashing the button 30 or the like to alert the player to continue play (step 184).

10 While waiting for the player to spin the second stage (machine two 19), like all other points that the program waits for input, a check is made at 187 to see if additional credits have been purchased by the player. If more credits are input, they are registered on the "Total Credits" meter 37 (step 188), and the player is looped back to step 187. Ultimately, the "Spin Reels" button 30 is actuated by the player at step 187, and play on
15 the second machine 19 commences.

The button 30 is then deactivated (step 189), the second machine reels are graphically shown spinning (step 190), and the sequence of steps 170 and 171a through 171e described with respect to the first machine 18 is repeated, except now as related to the second machine 19, as shown in steps 191 and 192a through 192e.

20 As shown in Figure 10C, steps 195 and 197 through 200 then repeat the process for the second machine described in steps 175 and 177 through 180, respectively, with regard to the first machine. Note that step 199 increases the "Sub-Total" by 2X in this version, and the payout information window 22 is utilized.

25 If a bet has been registered for lines on the third machine 20 (step 202), the "Spin Reels" button 30 is again activated (step 203), machine 20 is graphically highlighted on the display (e.g., see Figure 8), which may include flashing the button 30 or the like to alert the player to continue play (step 204), and the player is again given the option of adding more credits, or alternatively simply advancing to play the third stage (step 207). If more credits are input, they are registered on the "Total Credits" meter 37 (step 208),

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and the player is looped back to step 207. Ultimately, the "Spin Reels" button 30 is actuated by the player at step 207, and play on the third machine 20 commences.

5 The "Spin Reels" button is once more deactivated (step 209), and steps 210, 211 and 212a through 212e repeat steps 169, 170 and 171a through 171e, respectively, this time for the third machine 20.

As shown in Figure 10D, steps 215 and 217 through 220 then repeat the process for the third machine 20 described in steps 175 and 177 through 180, respectively, with regard to the first machine 18. Note that step 219 increases the "Sub-Total" by 4X in this version, and the payout information window 23 is utilized (e.g., see Figure 9).

10 Figure 10E depicts the "Game Over" sequence out of either step 176a or 176b. If out of step 176a, the program "dims" the game display with a "GAME OVER" message (step 222). An assessment is made as to whether there are any credits in the "Total Won" meter 36 at step 223. If not, the player is returned to the start up sequence step 150 from step 224.

15 If there are credits won, then the "Total Won" credits are added to the "Total Credits" meter 37, accompanied by a bang, knocker or other exciting sound, as indicated at step 225. If the "Game Over" sequence is engaged out of step 176b, then the program cycles through step 225 then 224, and returns to step 150.

Analysis of Certain Architecture of the Triple-Strike Slots Game

20 The multi-stage slot machine gaming machine embodiment being described has, as a base component, a single slot machine which is then adapted for a plurality of stages. The first step in the construction of the single machine of the game is to select the paying combinations for the stage, and then to lay out the symbols on the five reels in a manner to achieve the desired hit rate. The "hit rate" (percentage of games with at least one
25 winning combination) in this embodiment is of importance, because getting a hit (or any win) is the criterion used to advance to the subsequent stage. In this first embodiment, it was decided to use the same machine at each stage with a doubling of the rewards for each successive level. If the "hit rate" for such a configuration was set at exactly 50%, then the expected return percentage would be the same for each level. If the "hit rate"

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was less than 50%, then the player would get a lower expected return at each successive level, which is not desirable in general. Moreover, certain gaming jurisdictions require that each additional coin bet on a game have the same or greater expected return than the previous coin.

5 If the "hit rate" is set at just over 50%, then each successive stage will have a slightly greater return than the previous stage, which is desirable to provide the player with an incentive to play more coins per game. While it is easy to mathematically determine that the "hit rate" of any payline will be 18.64% in the described first embodiment, a more thorough analysis is needed to determine the "hit rate" when five
10 lines are played. This is due to multiple winners on different lines on certain spins. While the single line "hit rate" may be mathematically determined using the quantities of each symbol on each reel, the five-line "hit rate" requires knowledge of the actual layout of each reel strip to take into account which pays will occur.

 The first embodiment described above uses reel strips with thirty stop positions
15 laid out as shown in Table 1.

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Reel					
Stop #	Reel 1	Reel 2	Reel 3	Reel 4	Reel 5
1	Scatter (Dice)	Pumpkin	Pumpkin	Cow	Dart Board
2	Dart Board	Cow	Pineapple	Pineapple	Cow
3	Wild	Wild	Wild	Wild	Wild
4	Cow	Dart Board	Banana	Dart Board	Banana
5	Banana	Bonus (Drum)	Cow	Pumpkin	Dart Board
6	7's	Cow	Pineapple	Apple	Pineapple
7	Pumpkin	7's	7's	Dart Board	Bonus (Drum)
8	Apple	Bonus (Drum)	Apple	Bonus (Drum)	Apple
9	Scatter (Dice)	Dart Board	Banana	Banana	Cow
10	Cow	Banana	Pineapple	Pumpkin	Banana
11	Banana	Cow	Cow	Cow	Pumpkin
12	Bonus (Drum)	7's	Apple	Dart Board	Cow
13	7's	Dart Board	Dart Board	Pineapple	7's
14	Pineapple	Pineapple	Banana	Pumpkin	Scatter (Dice)
15	Scatter (Dice)	Bonus (Drum)	Scatter (Dice)	Bonus (Drum)	Pineapple
16	Apple	7's	Pumpkin	Banana	Cow
17	Dart Board	Cow	7's	Dart Board	7's
18	Bonus (Drum)	Pumpkin	Scatter (Dice)	Apple	Pumpkin
19	Banana	Dart Board	Pineapple	Cow	Dart Board
20	Pumpkin	Apple	Apple	Banana	Pineapple
21	Scatter (Dice)	Bonus (Drum)	Bonus (Drum)	Dart Board	Bonus (Drum)
22	Banana	Pumpkin	Banana	Pineapple	Banana
23	Cow	Cow	Apple	Bonus (Drum)	Dart Board
24	Bonus (Drum)	7's	Bonus (Drum)	7's	Pumpkin
25	Pineapple	Dart Board	Pineapple	Dart Board	Apple
26	Banana	Pumpkin	Banana	Pumpkin	Dart Board
27	Scatter (Dice)	Bonus (Drum)	Bonus (Drum)	Pineapple	Pineapple
28	7's	Cow	Apple	Cow	Scatter (Dice)
29	Cow	Pineapple	Pineapple	Banana	Banana
30	Pineapple	Dart Board	Bonus (Drum)	Pumpkin	Pumpkin

Table 1

With thirty stops on each of five reels, there are a total of 30^5 or 24,300,000 possible combinations. To determine the "hit rate" for this set of reel strips, a computer analysis well known to the art is used to evaluate each of the 24,300,000 combinations of the five reels. For each combination, the symbols are analyzed across each of the five paylines in comparison with the paytables and rules shown in Figure 4 and Figure 5. For each of the 24,300,000 combinations, if one or more of the paylines has a winning combination or if a scatter pay is present, then a hit counter is incremented. The analysis

shows that for the reel strips of Table 1 with the paytable information provided in Figure 4 and Figure 5, 12,569,760 of the 24,300,000 combinations of the five reels result in a win, providing a 51.73% "hit rate."

5 Table 2 shows the number of times each symbol appears on each of the five reels. This frequency data is used in combination with Table 3 to determine the payout percentage.

Symbol	Reel 1	Reel 2	Reel 3	Reel 4	Reel 5
WILD	1	1	1	1	1
7's	3	4	2	1	2
Apple	2	1	5	2	2
Banana	5	1	5	4	4
Pineapple	3	2	6	4	4
Pumpkin	2	4	2	5	4
Dart Board	2	6	1	6	5
Cow	4	6	2	4	4
Bonus (Drum)	3	5	4	3	2
Scatter (Dice)	5	0	2	0	2
	30	30	30	30	30

Table 2

10 Table 3 shows a table of the available "pays" along with the necessary information to determine the payout percentage of the game. To provide the correct analysis, it should be clear that all "pays," except the "Scatter" pay of three "Scattered Dice" symbols, will only pay left to right. That is, the indicated combination must be shown on successive reels starting with Reel 1 (see Figure 1). The "WILD" symbol may substitute for any symbol except the "Bonus (Drum)" symbol and the "Scatter (Dice)" symbol. The "Scatter" pay will pay for three dice symbols anywhere in the fifteen
 15 symbol visible display area. The "Scatter" pay will pay all paylines in addition to the highest pay on each line. On each payline, only the highest combination is paid. For the purposes of the math table of Table 3, if there are two ways to make the same highest pay value, then the combination using more symbols is used (e.g. "WILD-WILD-WILD-Banana-Any" is counted as four bananas instead of three "WILDs", both of which pay 50
 20 coins).

The "Occurrences" column of Table 3 is created using the Table 2 frequency data and enumerating each way to create that combination. Some examples are shown for clarity:

$$5 \text{ "WILD"} \quad 1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1 = 1$$

5 One "Wild" symbol on each reel results in one Occurrence of five "WILD."

$$4 \text{ "WILD"} \quad 1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1 \times (2+2) = 4$$

One "WILD" symbol on each of the first four reels and either a Drum or a Dice symbol on the fifth reel (any other symbol will result in five of that symbol instead of four wild).

$$10 \quad 3 \text{ "WILD"} \quad 1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 3 \times 30 = 90$$

One "WILD" symbol on each of the first three reels and a Drum on the fourth reel and any symbol on the fifth reel (any other symbol but a Drum on the fourth reel results in four or five of that symbol).

$$5 \text{ "7's"} \quad ((1+3) \times (1+4) \times (1+2) \times (1+1) \times (1+2)) - 1 = 359$$

15 Either a "WILD" or "7" on each reel, not counting the number of ways (one) to have five "WILDs."

$$4 \text{ "7's"} \quad ((1+3) \times (1+4) \times (1+2) \times (1+1) \times (30-1-2)) - (1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1 \times (30-1-2)) = 3213$$

20 The first component is the number of combinations with either a "WILD" or a "7" on each of the first four reels with any symbol except "WILD" or "7" on the fifth reel. This component includes combinations that have four "WILDs" which either pay as four "WILDs" or five of some other symbol, which need to be subtracted off. The second component is the number of combinations that have four "WILDs" on the first four reels that were part of the first component.

$$3 \text{ Bananas} \quad ((1+5) \times (1+1) \times (1+5) \times (30-1-4) \times 30) - ((1 \times 1 \times 1 \times (30-1-4) \times 30)) = 53250$$

25 The first component is the number of combinations with either a "WILD" or banana on each of the first three reels, with any symbol except a "WILD" or banana on the fourth reel and any symbol on the fifth reel. This component includes combinations that begin with three "WILDs," which will pay as three "WILDs" or, four of some other symbol or five of some other symbol. The combinations with three "WILDs" are

subtracted off in the second component which includes the number of combinations that contain "WILD" on the first three reels, any symbol but "WILD" or Banana on the fourth reel, and any symbol on the fifth reel.

3 Scattered Dice $(5 \times 3) \times 30 \times (2 \times 3) \times 30 \times (2 \times 3) = 486,000$

5 Each of the five Dice on the first reel qualifies for the "Scatter" pay in any of three positions (upper position, center position and lower position). This is multiplied by the thirty stops representing any position on the second reel, multiplied by the two Dice times three positions on the third reel, multiplied by the thirty stops of the fourth reel, multiplied by the two Dice times three positions on the fifth reel.

10 All other counts in the "Occurrences" column are calculated in a similar manner.

The "Probability" column for each row of Table 3 is computed by dividing the "Occurrences" in that row by the total number of combinations which is 24,300,000.

15 The EV or "Expected Value" for each row is computed by multiplying the "Pay" amount times the "Probability" for that row. The return from a single stage of this machine is computed by taking the sum of all EV entries, which is 0.906239712, or a 90.62% return. The payout percentage can be modified by modifying the Column 2 "Pay" values and the corresponding payable, as is well known in the art. The payout percentage may also be modified by changing the symbol frequencies shown in Table 2, and corresponding reel strips of Table 1. Care must be taken to keep the "hit rate" at the
20 desired level while changing the payout percentage. This is also well known in the art, and is often the preferred method used to alter payout percentage, because when this method is used, the player cannot tell from the payable which machine has a higher return, or for that matter know for sure that machines are set at different payout percentages.

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Pay Symbols	Pay	Occurrences	Probability	EV
5 WILD	7500	1	4.11523E-08	0.000308642
4 WILD	200	4	1.64609E-07	3.29218E-05
3 WILD	50	90	3.7037E-06	0.000185185
2 WILD	5	5,400	0.000222222	0.001111111
1 WILD	2	529,200	0.021777778	0.043555556
5 7's	1000	359	1.47737E-05	0.014773663
4 7's	100	3,213	0.000132222	0.013222222
3 7's	25	49,560	0.002039506	0.050987654
2 7's	2	461,700	0.019	0.038
1 7's	1	2,025,000	0.083333333	0.083333333
5 Apples	500	323	1.32922E-05	0.006646091
4 Apples	75	2,889	0.000118889	0.008916667
3 Apples	15	28,350	0.001166667	0.0175
2 Apples	2	108,000	0.004444444	0.008888889
5 Bananas	300	1,799	7.40329E-05	0.022209877
4 Bananas	50	8,975	0.000369342	0.018467078
3 Bananas	10	53,250	0.002191358	0.02191358
2 Bananas	2	237,600	0.009777778	0.019555556
5 Pineapples	250	2,099	8.63786E-05	0.02159465
4 Pineapples	50	10,475	0.00043107	0.021553498
3 Pineapples	10	62,250	0.002561728	0.025617284
2 Pineapples	2	227,700	0.00937037	0.018740741
5 Pumpkins	200	1,349	5.55144E-05	0.011102881
4 Pumpkins	50	6,725	0.000276749	0.013837449
3 Pumpkins	10	31,680	0.001303704	0.013037037
5 Dart Boards	200	1,763	7.25514E-05	0.014510288
4 Dart Boards	50	7,032	0.000289383	0.014469136
3 Dart Boards	10	28,290	0.001164198	0.011641975
5 Cows	200	2,624	0.000107984	0.021596708
4 Cows	50	13,100	0.000539095	0.026954733
3 Cows	5	78,000	0.003209877	0.016049383
5 Bonus (Drum)	1000	360	1.48148E-05	0.014814815
4 Bonus (Drum)	150	5,040	0.000207407	0.031111111
3 Bonus (Drum)	50	48,600	0.002	0.1
3 Scatter (Dice)	8	486,000	0.02	0.16
Losing Spin		19,771,200	0.81362963	
		24,300,000	1	0.906239712

Table 3.

Building now upon the single stage machine so described, Table 4 shows how the return for the multi-stage version of the game is computed. The first column shows the "Stage" for which the return is being computed. The second column shows the

probability of a hit on the specified stage. In this first embodiment, this is the "hit rate" of a single stage of the machine, which is the criterion for moving up to the next stage. The third column shows the probability of playing the specified stage (as opposed to losing all bets on that stage without play). This is "1" for the first stage (the first stage is always played), and for the other stages is computed by multiplying the probability of playing the previous stage (third column, one line above) times the probability of a hit on the previous stage (second column, one line above). For Stage 2, this is $1 \times .51727 = .51727$. For the third stage this is $.51727 \times .51727 = .26757$.

The fourth column shows the multiplier for all "pays" on the specified stage. This multiplier provides a reward that more than offsets the losses for the times that the stage is not played. The fifth column shows the EV for the machine on the specified stage, which is the same for each identical machine in this embodiment. The sixth column shows the overall EV of the specified stage, and is computed by multiplying the third through fifth columns together. This is because the EV of a stage (fifth column) has to be scaled up by the payoff multiplier (fourth column) and reduced by taking into account the probability of playing that stage (third column). The seventh column shows the cumulative EV when one, two or three stages are played. This is the average of the sixth column of the specified level and all levels above it. When only one stage is played the cumulative EV is the same as the EV of that stage. When two stages are played, the cumulative EV is the average of the EV of the first stage and the second stage. When all three stages are played, the cumulative EV is the average of the EV of the first stage, second stage and third stage. This results in an overall expected return of 93.79% when all three stages (fifteen lines) are played.

Stage	Probability of hit on this stage	Probability of Playing This Stage	Multiplier For Pays on this Stage	EV of Machine	EV of This Stage	Cumulative EV of All Stages up to this Level
1	0.517274074	1	1	0.906239712	0.906239712	0.90624
2	0.517274074	0.517274074	2	0.906239712	0.937548616	0.921894
3	0.517274074	0.267572468	4	0.906239712	0.969939184	0.937909

Table 4

A Variation on Triple-Strike Slots

5 In a modification to the first embodiment above, a fourth stage is added allowing the player to wager on one to twenty lines. Instead of offering a fixed 8X multiplier on the fourth stage; however, after any win on the fourth stage the multiplier is randomly selected from a range of 4X to 50X, with weighted frequencies selected such that the overall value of the multiplier is about 8X. Each time that a spin on the fourth stage results in any win, the game goes through a selection process that presents a multiplier of 4X to 50X to the player. One method of presentation is to select the multiplier and show it on the screen to the player. Table 5 shows a table of weighted entries that are used for this purpose. After a win on the fourth stage of this game, the machine uses its RNG (random number generator) to select an integer from 1 to 29. This number is "looked up" in the second column of Table 5 (titled "Values"), and the corresponding value in the first column (titled "Multiplier") is used as the stage multiplier for that spin. The third through fifth columns of Table 5 are used to determine the EV of the fourth stage multiplier in the same manner used in Table 3.

Multiplier	Values	Occurrences	Probability	EV
50	1	1	0.03448276	1.724138
25	2	1	0.03448276	0.862069
10	3-5	3	0.10344828	1.034483
8	6-7	2	0.06896552	0.551724
6	8-12	5	0.17241379	1.034483
5	13-25	13	0.44827586	2.241379
4	26-29	4	0.13793103	0.551724
		29	1	8

Table 5

20 Table 6 is a modified version of Table 4, with the fourth stage added showing the overall payout percentage of this modified game is 95.43% with all twenty lines played. Also note that the payout percentage on the fourth stage is 100.34%. A bet on this particular stage has a positive expectation for the player. This bet (on lines sixteen through twenty) is only allowed in conjunction with the negative-expectation bets (i.e., less than 100%) on the first fifteen lines, thus resulting in an overall negative expectation of a 95.43% return.

Stage	Probability of hit on this stage	Probability of Playing This Stage	Multiplier For Pays on this Stage	EV of Machine	EV of This Stage	EV of All Stages up to this Level
1	0.517274074	1	1	0.906239712	0.906239712	0.906239712
2	0.517274074	0.517274074	2	0.906239712	0.937548616	0.921894164
3	0.517274074	0.267572468	4	0.906239712	0.969939184	0.937909171
4	0.517274074	0.1384083	8	0.906239712	1.003448787	0.954294075

Table 6

To add even more excitement to the presentation of the foregoing fourth stage, another variation of this four stage game adds a mechanical wheel for selection of the multiplier for wins on the fourth stage. Adams, U.S. Patent Nos. 5,823,874 and No. 5,848,932, and Telnaes, U.S. Patent No. 4,448,419, may be referred to for detail on such bonus sequences and indicia. The wheel 42 shown in Figure 11 has sixteen sections, although any number of visible sections may be used. Table 7 uses the same multiplier values as shown in Table 5, but allocates these values to the sixteen sections of the mechanical wheel of Figure 11.

The above-described embodiment of a gaming slot machine having four stages and a random number multiplier on the fourth stage is operationally summarized in the flow charts of Figures 12A-12C. The program for this *Multi-Strike Slots* variation embodiment is substantially the same as that previously described with respect to Figures 10A through 10E. Accordingly, and keeping with the same convention used throughout this application, like numbers are used to describe like steps. The changes made to the previously-described program will therefore only be discussed as to this version.

Turning first to Figure 12A, *Multi-Strike Slots* follows the same programming as set forth in the flow charts of Figures 10A through 10C for *Triple-Strike Slots*, and up through step 220. Step 232 begins a sequence for a fourth stage/level/machine, with steps 233, 234, 237 and 238 corresponding to steps 183, 184, 187 and 188, respectively, except as now related to a fourth machine. Note that in the event of no bet on the fourth machine (step 232), a "Game Over" sequence is then engaged at step 176c.

As in the other levels, the "Spin Reels" button is once more deactivated (step 239), and steps 240, 241 and 242a through 242e repeat steps 169, 170 and 171a through 171e, respectively, this time for the fourth machine. Turning to Figure 12B, steps 245, 247 and 248 then repeat the process for the fourth machine described in steps 175, 177 and 178, respectively, with regard to the first machine 18.

Step 249 will now initiate a sequence for a multiplier to be applied to the fourth level in this version. First, a number is randomly selected from a table provided for the fourth level multiplier at step 249. The bonus wheel 42 (Figure 11) may then be graphically "spun" at step 250, and stopped on the previously selected number from step 249, as indicated at step 253. A mechanical wheel of the type disclosed in U.S. Patents 5,823,874 and 5,848,932 can likewise be advantageously employed. This multiplier factor is then displayed (step 254), and the "Sub-Total" amount for the fourth level is then increased by this factor and displayed as a "Total" for the fourth machine (step 255), with the latter sum then added to the "Total Won" meter 36 amount for display, as shown in step 256. The game then proceeds from step 256 to "Game Over" sequence 176c. The "Game Over" sequence shown at Figure 12C for this version is the same as that previously described, except for reflecting the path from point 11 (rather than from point 9 in the previous version).

Wheel Stop	Multiplier	Values	Occurrences	Probability	EV
1	8	1	1	0.034482759	0.275862069
2	5	2-3	2	0.068965517	0.344827586
3	6	4-6	3	0.103448276	0.620689655
4	5	7-9	3	0.103448276	0.517241379
5	10	10-11	2	0.068965517	0.689655172
6	4	12-13	2	0.068965517	0.275862069
7	50	14	1	0.034482759	1.724137931
8	5	15-17	3	0.103448276	0.517241379
9	25	18	1	0.034482759	0.862068966
10	4	19	1	0.034482759	0.137931034
11	10	20	1	0.034482759	0.344827586
12	5	21-23	3	0.103448276	0.517241379
13	8	24	1	0.034482759	0.275862069
14	4	25	1	0.034482759	0.137931034
15	6	26-27	2	0.068965517	0.413793103
16	5	28-29	2	0.068965517	0.344827586
			29	1	8

Table 7

Triple-Strike Stud Poker

Another embodiment uses this multi-stage game technique for the play of video poker. This second embodiment adapts a *Five-Card Stud* game with hit rates under 50% and over 50%. The invention may also be used to adapt many other poker games, including *Five-Card Draw* poker, *Double Down Stud* poker (see e.g., U.S. Patents 5,100,137 and 5,167,413) and *Big Split* poker (disclosed by the inventors herein in a pending U.S. patent application) among others.

In this second embodiment, there are three stages of *Five-Card Stud* poker. This game pays on any hand that is one pair or better. It will be seen that about 49.88% of hands in *Five-Card Stud* poker rank as one pair or higher. For this game with a "hit rate" under 50%, it would be undesirable to use 2X and 4X multipliers on the second and third stages respectively, since this would make the return of these stages lower than the first stage. This means that a player wagering more money would get a lower expected return, which is undesirable to the proprietor of the game who wants to encourage as high a wager as possible, but may also run afoul of regulations in certain gaming jurisdictions, which require equal or higher return for each coin wagered on a single game. There are

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many ways that the game may be modified to cause the higher stages to have a higher payout, of which two will be shown here.

5 In the first version of this poker embodiment, a separate payable is used for each stage of the game, as shown in Figure 13. In Figure 13, it is clear that the Hand #2 (51) payable has all pays from the Hand #1 (50) payable multiplied by 2X, except for the "4 of a Kind" which goes from 50 to 200, thus providing additional return that will more than offset the "hit rate" being under 50%. Likewise, the Hand #3 (52) payable has all pays from the Hand #2 payable multiplied by 2X except for the "Full House", which goes from 50 to 150, which again more than offsets the "hit rate" being under 50%. This will become clear in the analysis shown below, if not already evident.

10 Referring still to Figure 13, the player uses the "Select Number of Hands" button 54 to select a bet on one to three hands (stages) 50, 51 and 52. The game may be configured with more or less stages (number of hands) without departing from the invention. The "Coins per Hand" button 55 is then used to wager from one to five coins per hand. This range of coins may be modified to any acceptable range, as is well known in the art. The "Deal Hand" button 56 will cause the game to deal out Hand #1 (50) from a standard fifty-two card deck of playing cards. While this game uses a standard deck of cards of rank and suit, other embodiments may use one or more "Jokers." Still other embodiments may use certain cards, such as Deuces, as wild cards. Even more broadly, 15 while this second embodiment is a poker game, other card games or different games of chance will be readily adaptable to use with the overall inventive concept, as previously noted.

20 Figure 14 shows the game screen after one coin was bet on three hands, and a first stage hand has been dealt. The hand shown contains a pair of 5's, which pays one coin for a "Low Pair" (highlighted on the Hand #1 (50) payable). The one coin won is shown in the "Total Won" meter 58. As a result of achieving any win on Hand #1, Hand #2 (51) may now be played. If Hand #1 (50) was a loser (less than one pair), then the game would be over and the wagers on Hand #2 (51) and Hand #3 (52) would be lost without playing those stages.

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Having won Hand #1 (50), however, the player presses the "Deal Hand" button 56 and a second hand is dealt as is shown in Figure 15. In this hand 51, the player has received another pair of 5's, which now pays two coins as called out in the Hand #2 (51) payable. The "Total Won" meter 58 is updated to three (one coin from Hand #1 plus two coins from Hand #2). As a result of a win on Hand #2, Hand #3 (52) may now be played. If Hand #2 (51) had been a loser (less than one pair), then the game would be over and the wager on Hand #3 lost.

The player once again presses the "Deal Hand" button 56 after success at stage two, and a third hand (52) is dealt as is shown in Figure 16. This hand has a pair of tens and a pair of deuces for "Two Pair." The payable shows that two pair pays twelve coins when achieved on Hand #3 (as opposed to six coins on hand #2 or three coins on hand #1). The "Total Won" meter 58 is updated to "15," and the game is over since all hands wagered on have been played. The total win of fifteen credits is added to the "Credits" meter 59, advancing the meter from "177" to "192" (from an arbitrary start of "180").

15 Analysis of Triple-Strike Stud Poker Game

Table 8 shows how the calculation of certain architecture of the payout percentage (expected return) of the first stage of this second embodiment is computed. This table is for a one coin bet. It is well known in the art how to expand this for a higher number of coins bet per hand, and for the inclusion of bonuses for a higher number of coins.

20 The number of possible five card poker hands from a fifty-two card deck is known as "52 choose 5" and is computed with the following formula:

$$\frac{52!}{5! * (52-5)!} = 2,598,960$$

25 The first column of Table 8 shows the rank of all hands in this *Five-Card Stud* game. The second column shows the pay value for this ranking on Hand #1 (each hand 50, 51 and 52 having a separate payable). The third column ("Occurrences") is the number of times a particular hand occurs in the 2,598,960 possible five card poker hands dealt from a standard deck. This "Occurrence" tabulation is well known to those skilled

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in the art, and may be derived by analyzing each of the 2,598,960 hands with a computer program, also well known. The fourth column shows the probability of playing Hand #1 when a bet is placed on this hand. For Hand #1 this probability is 1.0, since the first hand will always be played when it is bet on. The fifth column shows the probability of receiving the hand called out in the first column. This is computed by dividing the

The sixth column is the product of the fourth and fifth columns, which is the probability of getting a particular hand on this stage (for the first stage it is the same as the fifth column since the first stage is always played). The seventh column is the expected value contribution EV, which is the product of the second column pay and the sixth column probability of achieving the given hand on the current stage. The sum of all EV contributions provides the expected return of 0.916288 or 91.63%. This expected return may be modified by making modifications to the "Pay" values in the second column of Table 8, as is well known in the art.

	Pay	Occurrences	Probability of Playing This Stage	Probability of This Hand	Probability of This Hand on This Stage	EV
ROYAL FLUSH	2000	4	1	1.5391E-06	1.53908E-06	0.003078
STRAIGHT FLUSH	250	36	1	1.3852E-05	1.38517E-05	0.003463
FOUR OF A KIND	50	624	1	0.0002401	0.000240096	0.012005
FULL HOUSE	25	3,744	1	0.00144058	0.001440576	0.036014
FLUSH	15	5,108	1	0.0019654	0.001965402	0.029481
STRAIGHT	8	10,200	1	0.00392465	0.003924647	0.031397
THREE OF A KIND	5	54,912	1	0.02112845	0.021128451	0.105642
TWO PAIR	3	123,552	1	0.04753902	0.047539016	0.142617
JACKS OR BETTER	2	337,920	1	0.13002124	0.130021239	0.260042
LOW PAIR	1	760,320	1	0.29254779	0.292547788	0.292548
BUST		1,302,540	1	0.50117739	0.501177394	0
		2,598,960		1		0.916288

Table 8

Table 9 shows a similar analysis for Hand #2 (51) (the second stage of this game). The second column now has the Hand #2 payable showing all values doubled from the Hand #1 payable with the Four of a Kind going from 50 to 200. The fourth column, "Probability of Playing This Stage" is the probability of getting any "hit" (one pair or

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higher) on the first stage. This is computed by adding up all of the fifth column values from Table 8 except for "Bust," or by subtracting the probability of a "Bust" (0.50117739) from 1.0, resulting in a first stage hit rate of .498822606 or 49.88%. The sum of the EV components on the second stage is .9261078, indicating a 92.61% expected return. This higher expected return than the first stage is a result of the 200 coin Four of a Kind value more than offsetting the "hit rate" which is slightly under 50%. This expected return may, again, be modified by making modifications to the "Pay" values.

	Pay	Occurrences	Probability of Playing This Stage	Probability of This Hand	Probability of This Hand on This Stage	EV
ROYAL FLUSH	4000	4	0.498822606	1.5391E-06	7.67726E-07	0.003071
STRAIGHT FLUSH	500	36	0.498822606	1.3852E-05	6.90954E-06	0.003455
FOUR OF A KIND	200	624	0.498822606	0.0002401	0.000119765	0.023953
FULL HOUSE	50	3,744	0.498822606	0.00144058	0.000718592	0.03593
FLUSH	30	5,108	0.498822606	0.0019654	0.000980387	0.029412
STRAIGHT	16	10,200	0.498822606	0.00392465	0.001957703	0.031323
THREE OF A KIND	10	54,912	0.498822606	0.02112845	0.010539349	0.105393
TWO PAIR	6	123,552	0.498822606	0.04753902	0.023713536	0.142281
JACKS OR BETTER	4	337,920	0.498822606	0.13002124	0.064857533	0.25943
LOW PAIR	2	760,320	0.498822606	0.29254779	0.14592945	0.291859
BUST		1,302,540	0.498822606	0.50117739	0.249998614	0
		2,598,960		1		0.926107

Table 9

Table 10 shows a similar analysis for Hand #3 (52) (the third stage of this game). The second column now has the Hand #3 payable showing all values doubled from the Hand #2 payable with the Full House going from 50 to 150. The "Probability of Playing This Stage" is the probability of getting any "hit" (one pair or higher) on the first and second stages. This is the square of the .498822606 "hit rate" of the first stage since a "hit" is required on both the first and second stages in order to play the third stage. The fourth column value may also be computed by subtracting the probability of getting a "Bust" on the first stage (0.50117739) and the probability of getting a "Bust" on the second stage (0.249998614) from 1.0 (i.e., $1 - 0.50117739 - 0.249998614 = 0.248823992$). The sum of the EV components on the third stage is 0.941849, indicating

a 94.18% expected return. This higher expected return than the second stage likewise is a result of the 150 coin Full House value more than offsetting the second stage “hit rate” which is slightly under 50%. Once again, the expected return may be modified by making modifications to the “Pay” values.

	Pay	Occurrences	Probability of Playing This Stage	Probability of This Hand	Probability of This Hand on This Stage	EV
ROYAL FLUSH	8000	4	0.248823992	1.5391E-06	3.82959E-07	0.003064
STRAIGHT FLUSH	1000	36	0.248823992	1.3852E-05	3.44663E-06	0.003447
FOUR OF A KIND	400	624	0.248823992	0.0002401	5.97417E-05	0.023897
FULL HOUSE	150	3,744	0.248823992	0.00144058	0.00035845	0.053767
FLUSH	60	5,108	0.248823992	0.0019654	0.000489039	0.029342
STRAIGHT	32	10,200	0.248823992	0.00392465	0.000976546	0.031249
THREE OF A KIND	20	54,912	0.248823992	0.02112845	0.005257266	0.105145
TWO PAIR	12	123,552	0.248823992	0.04753902	0.011828848	0.141946
JACKS OR BETTER	8	337,920	0.248823992	0.13002124	0.032352404	0.258819
LOW PAIR	4	760,320	0.248823992	0.29254779	0.072792909	0.291172
BUST		1,302,540	0.248823992	0.50117739	0.12470496	0
		2,598,960		1		0.941849

5 **Table 10**

10 Table 11 shows the return of betting on one, two or three stages in this poker game of the second embodiment. For the “Stage” called out in the first column, the second column shows the EV for that stage taken from Tables 8, 9, and 10. The third column is the EV of an entire multi-stage game with a bet on the number of stages in the first column. This is the average of the selected second column level and all levels above (i.e., the average EV of all those stages in the multi-stage game). The expected return of the entire game when a player plays all three stages is 0.928081203 or 92.81%.

Stage	Total EV For Stage	EV of Game Playing this many stages
1	0.91628805	0.916288054
2	0.92610692	0.921197488
3	0.94184863	0.928081203

Table 11

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A Variation on Triple-Strike Stud Poker

This modification of the *Triple-Strike Stud* poker game introduces a "Free Ride" feature. This feature is used to increase the "hit rate" of the basic game without making any other modifications to the game (such as which hands pay). This feature provides a greater flexibility in setting the "hit rate" than is available by simply setting which rank is the lowest pay. Using normal poker game construction techniques, one would typically have to include more paying hands to increase the "hit rate." In the game of the above second embodiment, the highest nonpaying hand to add would be "Ace High," which would add almost 20% to the hit rate as shown in Table 12. Paying on all hands that have an Ace (referred to as "Ace High") would bring the hit rate up from 49.88% to 69.23%, which is far beyond the goal of just over 50%. Another variance could require "Ace-King" high as the minimum hand, which would bring the hit rate to 56.32%, which is still a very large increase.

		Occurrences	Sum of Occurrences	Hit Rate at this rank
ROYAL FLUSH		4	4	0.00%
STRAIGHT FLUSH		36	40	0.00%
FOUR OF A KIND		624	664	0.03%
FULL HOUSE		3744	4408	0.17%
FLUSH		5108	9516	0.37%
STRAIGHT		10200	19716	0.76%
THREE OF A KIND		54912	74628	2.87%
TWO PAIR		123552	198180	7.63%
JACKS OR BETTER		337920	536100	20.63%
LOW PAIR		760320	1296420	49.88%
ACE-KING		167280	1463700	56.32%
ACE HIGH		335580	1799280	69.23%
BUST		799680	2598960	100.00%
		2,598,960		

Table 12

In this modified embodiment, a "Free Ride" feature is added to the game wherein in some of the hands, on a random basis, a "Free Ride" indicia will be displayed, advantageously with an accompanying sound. When the "Free Ride" is indicated, the hand will be dealt as usual and paid according to the payable, but the game will

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automatically advance to the next hand that was wagered on, whether or not the player wins the current hand.

5 Using this feature, multiple stages of this game can be constructed with a natural hit rate under 50%, yet use the same paytable for all stages with multipliers for each stage.

10 Another advantage of the "Free Ride" feature is that it is not necessary to modify paytable values to increase the "hit rate." It is well known in the art that as additional "pays" are allowed to increase the "hit rate," other pay values or frequencies will need to be decreased to offset the amount paid out on the new values. The "Free Ride" introduces a method of raising the "hit rate" of a game without any other modification to the payout of the game through the use of "hits" that award no coins/credits. This is important for the purpose of adapting games with paytables that are already familiar to the players. It is also a valuable tool that gives the game designer more flexibility in the creation of a game.

15 Table 8 is still representative of the first stage of this "Free Ride" version. In this modified embodiment, the "Free Ride" is offered on sixteen of every one thousand hands (based on a random number for each hand), or 1.6% of the hands played. This will increase the "hit rate" of the stage. Using more than 1.6% "Free Rides" will provide a greater increase, while using less than 1.6% will provide a smaller increase in the "hit rate." Because the "Free Ride" offers no benefit when playing on the highest hand that has been wagered on (there being no "next hand" to advance to) it is not offered on the final hand.

25 Table 13 shows how the "hit rate" is determined for the first stage of Table 8 that includes a 1.6% "Free Ride." The first line shows the "hit rate" that is achieved for first stage hands, .4988. The second line shows the sixteen in one thousand probability of the "Free Ride" being offered. The third line shows the probability of losing on the first stage. This is the "Bust" probability taken from Table 8. The fourth line is the product of the second and third lines, showing the probability of getting a "Free Ride" on a "Busted" hand. This is the additional "hit rate" component, since winning hands that receive the

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Free Ride are already figured into the first line. The fifth line is the sum of the first and fourth lines and is the resulting "hit rate" for the first stage including the "Free Ride" feature which is .506841 or 50.68%.

Hit Rate for Hands of First Stage		0.498823
Free Ride Prob.	0.016	
First Stage Busts	0.501177	
Free Ride Hits		0.008019
First Stage Hit Rate w/ Free Ride		0.506841

Table 13

5 The second stage of the "Free Ride" variation is now represented by Table 14, which is similar to Table 9. The differences are in the "Pay" values, which are now exactly twice (2X multiplier) the "Pay" values from Table 8, and the fourth column "Probability of Playing This Stage", which is now the .506841 value, computed in Table 13.

	Pay	Occurrences	Probability of Playing This Stage	Probability of This Hand	Probability of This Hand on This Stage	EV
ROYAL FLUSH	4000	4	0.506841444	1.5391E-06	7.80068E-07	0.00312
STRAIGHT FLUSH	500	36	0.506841444	1.3852E-05	7.02061E-06	0.00351
FOUR OF A KIND	100	624	0.506841444	0.0002401	0.000121691	0.012169
FULL HOUSE	50	3,744	0.506841444	0.00144058	0.000730144	0.036507
FLUSH	30	5,108	0.506841444	0.0019654	0.000996147	0.029884
STRAIGHT	16	10,200	0.506841444	0.00392465	0.001989174	0.031827
THREE OF A KIND	10	54,912	0.506841444	0.02112845	0.010708775	0.107088
TWO PAIR	6	123,552	0.506841444	0.04753902	0.024094743	0.144568
JACKS OR BETTER	4	337,920	0.506841444	0.13002124	0.065900153	0.263601
LOW PAIR	2	760,320	0.506841444	0.29254779	0.148275344	0.296551
BUST		1,302,540	0.506841444	0.50117739	0.254017474	0
		2,598,960		1		0.928826

Table 14

10 The third stage for the "Free Ride" variation is represented by Table 15, which is similar to Table 10. Again, the differences are in the "Pay" values, which are now exactly twice (2X multiplier), the "Pay" values from Table 14, and the fourth column

“Probability of Playing This Stage”, which is now 0.25688825, which is the square of the .506841 “hit rate” of the first stage.

	Pay	Occurrences	Probability of Playing This Stage	Probability of This Hand	Probability of This Hand on This Stage	EV
ROYAL FLUSH	8000	4	0.25688825	1.5391E-06	3.95371E-07	0.003163
STRAIGHT FLUSH	1000	36	0.25688825	1.3852E-05	3.55834E-06	0.003558
FOUR OF A KIND	200	624	0.25688825	0.0002401	6.16779E-05	0.012336
FULL HOUSE	100	3,744	0.25688825	0.00144058	0.000370067	0.037007
FLUSH	60	5,108	0.25688825	0.0019654	0.000504889	0.030293
STRAIGHT	32	10,200	0.25688825	0.00392465	0.001008196	0.032262
THREE OF A KIND	20	54,912	0.25688825	0.02112845	0.005427651	0.108553
TWO PAIR	12	123,552	0.25688825	0.04753902	0.012212215	0.146547
JACKS OR BETTER	8	337,920	0.25688825	0.13002124	0.033400929	0.267207
LOW PAIR	4	760,320	0.25688825	0.29254779	0.075152089	0.300608
BUST		1,302,540	0.25688825	0.50117739	0.128746584	0
		2,598,960		1		0.941535

Table 15

5 Finally, Table 16 is a similar table to Table 11, showing the overall payout percentage of the one, two and three stage versions of this “Free Ride” game. The increase in overall payout is a little over 1.2% when going from one to three stages. This range may be increased using a higher “Free Ride” percentage, or decreased using a lower “Free Ride” percentage. One skilled in the art will appreciate that changing the payout range using this independent “Free Ride” percentage provides much better
10 precision and flexibility for setting this range than the payable modification method used in the unmodified second embodiment.

Stage	Total EV For Stage	EV of Game Playing this many stages
1	0.91628805	0.916288054
2	0.92882552	0.922556787
3	0.94153454	0.928882704

Table 16

Multi-Strike Five-Card Draw Poker

Five-Card Draw poker is a very popular casino game and is offered in many variations including *Jacks or Better*, *Joker Poker*, *Deuces Wild* and various “bonus” type *Jacks or Better* versions, among others. While it is within the scope of the invention to use any poker game with paytables and/or multipliers that provide the increased reward on the higher stages, or to use different variations of poker or even other games of chance on different levels, this third embodiment will use a well known game with its well known paytables. It will also use multipliers to increase the reward on the higher levels.

Many of the popular *Five-Card Draw* poker games have hit rates in the 40% to 50% range, including *Jacks or Better*, *Deuces Wild* and the many “bonus” poker variations that are popular today in the marketplace. Since most gaming jurisdictions require that video poker be played from a “fair” deck of cards, it has become widely known that a player can determine the payout percentage of a video poker machine by looking at its payable. This has resulted in a growing popularity of this type of game. In this embodiment of the invention, a multiple stage *Five-Card Draw* poker game is constructed, also using the “Free Ride” feature previously discussed to maintain the familiar payable. It will be shown that the frequency of the “Free Ride” feature can be used to achieve a similar payout percentage in the multi-stage game as the player may expect from the familiar payable.

Figure 17 shows the current (third) embodiment four-stage 9-6 *Jacks or Better* game. The game uses the familiar payable shown in Figure 18, which may be displayed by pressing the “Pay Table” button 65 shown in Figure 17. The player presses the “Select Number of Hands” button 66 to designate a bet on one to four hands (stages) of this game. This third embodiment of course may be constructed with a lesser or greater number of stages than four, without departing from the invention.

The player presses the “Coins per Hand” button 67 to select a bet ranging from one to five coins per hand. Those skilled in the art understand how to allow the range of coins bet to be broader or narrower or how to add bonuses for higher bets.

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The "Total Bet" is the product of the "Select Number of Hands" and "Coins per Hand" values, and is displayed in the "Total Bet" window 68. The player then presses the "Deal/Draw" button 70 to deal out a hand on the first stage 71. The buttons shown in Figure 17 are video buttons for use with a touchscreen display. A pointing device such as a mouse or trackball, physical pushbutton switches and the like may be used in addition to or instead of the video buttons shown. If the player wishes to bet the maximum twenty coins on a game, he or she may press the "Max Bet Deal" button 76 which has the same result as pressing the "Select Number of Hands" button 66 until "4" is shown, followed by pressing the "Coins per Hand" button 67 until "5" is shown, followed by pressing the "Deal/Draw" button 70.

After receiving the initial hand, the player may hold one or more cards by using the touchscreen to indicate which cards are to be discarded. Figure 19 shows the display after the player elects to hold only the Jack of Spades 80 from the hand dealt in Figure 17. Figure 19 shows the word "Held" above the Jack of Spades 80 that was selected to be held. The player then presses the "Deal/Draw" button 70 to replace the other four cards.

Figure 20 shows a possible result of the draw. The draw results in a Three of a Kind. The Three of a Kind awards three coins as shown in the Figure 18 payable. The three coin award multiplied by the Hand #1 (71) multiplier of 1X is shown to total three coins in the first stage payout information window 84 to the right of Hand #1 in Figure 20. This three coin sub-total is shown in the "Total Won" meter 85 of Figure 20. If Hand #1 was a loser instead of getting "Jacks or Better" (as was accomplished with a hand of Three of a Kind), the game would be over and the bets on Hand #2 (72), Hand #3 (73) and Hand #4 (74) would be lost without playing those hands.

However, as a result of obtaining a winning hand, the bet made on Hand #2 (72) will now be played. Five cards are dealt randomly from a separate (new) deck of fifty-two cards in the Hand #2 position. Figure 20 shows that the cards dealt to Hand #2 (72) include a pair of Queens 81, which already ranks above the "Jacks or Better" level

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required to win. A skilled player would hold the pair of Queens, and press the "Deal/Draw" button 70.

Figure 21 shows one possible result of this second draw. In Figure 21, a third Queen was drawn to Hand #2 resulting in Three of a Kind, which as seen on Hand #1, awards three coins. Figure 21 shows that this three coin award is multiplied by the 2X multiplier for Hand #2, which results in a six coin total win from Hand #2. The coins awarded are shown in the second stage payout information window 87 to the right of Hand #2 (72). The "Total Won" meter 85 is now updated to show nine coins won, which is the sum of the three coins won on Hand #1 and the six coins won on Hand #2. If Hand #2 was a loser instead of getting "Jacks or Better" (as was accomplished with a hand of Three of a Kind), the game would be over and the bets on higher level hands would be lost.

Since a winning hand was achieved on Hand #2, the bet made on Hand #3 (73) will now be played. Five cards are again dealt randomly from a new deck in the Hand #3 position (73). Figure 21 shows that the cards dealt to Hand #3 include two pair, which already is above the "Jacks or Better" level required to win. A skilled player would hold the two pair and press the "Deal/Draw" button 70.

Figure 22 shows one possible result of this third draw. In Figure 22, Hand #3 was not improved, resulting in two pair which awards two coins. Figure 22 shows that this two coin award is multiplied by the 4X multiplier for Hand #3, which results in an eight coin total win from Hand #3. These numbers are shown in the third stage payout information window 88 to the right of Hand #3 (73). The "Total Won" meter 85 is now updated to show seventeen coins won, which is the sum of the three coins won on Hand #1, the six coins won on Hand #2 and the eight coins won on Hand #3.

As a result of obtaining a winning hand on Hand #3, the bet made on Hand #4 (74) will now be played. Five cards are again dealt randomly from a new deck in the Hand #4 (74) position. Figure 22 shows that the cards dealt to Hand #4 include three Jacks, which already is above the "Jacks or Better" level required to win. The three Jacks are held by the player and the "Deal/Draw" button 70 is again pressed.

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Figure 23 shows one possible result of this fourth draw. In Figure 23, Hand #4 (74) becomes a Full House as a result of drawing a pair of fours. A Full House awards nine coins as seen in Figure 18. Figure 23 shows that this nine coin award is multiplied by the 8X multiplier for Hand #4, which results in a seventy-two coin total win from Hand #4. These numbers are shown to the right of Hand #4 (74) in the fourth stage payout information window 89. The "Total Won" meter is now updated to show eighty-nine coins won which is the sum of coins won on all levels. The game is over as a result of playing all hands on which bets were placed. The credits shown in the "Total Won" meter 85 are added to the "Total Credits" window 77 taking this value to "285."

10 Multi-Strike Five-Card Draw Poker with "Free Ride"

In another example of the foregoing embodiment of *Five-Card Draw* poker, the same "Free Ride" feature that was described for *Five-Card Stud* poker is used to increase the hit rate without having to modify the popularly known payable. Figure 24 shows that the "Free Ride" card 90 was dealt to the player in Hand #1 (71). The game makes an exciting sound when the card is dealt to alert the player that Hand #2 (72) will be available whether or not a win is achieved on Hand #1. After showing the Figure 24 display for a few seconds to allow the special sound to complete, the "Free Ride" card 90 is replaced by another randomly selected card and the remainder of the hand is dealt to the player in usual fashion.

20 Figure 25 shows this completed hand along with a "Free Ride" indicator 91 on the left edge of the screen. As in the previous example, the player will hold desired cards and draw replacements for those cards not held. A skilled player would hold the 7, 10 and Jack of Diamonds, and then press the "Deal/Draw" button 70.

25 Figure 26 shows that the cards drawn did not result in a win. The first stage payout information window 84 now shows a zero coin win with "Free Ride" being indicated as the reason for advance. As a result of the "Free Ride" on Hand #1 (71), five cards are now dealt for Hand #2 (72). Play would continue from level to level as long as there is a winning hand, or "Free Ride" on each level, as previously described.

Analysis of Certain Architecture of the *Multi-Strike Five-Card Draw* Poker Game

Part I – Review of “Standard Video Poker”

This analysis is of a “standard video *Draw* poker” game, which will then be related to *Multi-Strike Five-Card Draw* poker for a one coin wager per hand. It is well known by those skilled in the art how to expand this to more coins bet, and how to add bonuses for higher bets.

Those skilled in the art of video poker development know that a *Five Card Draw* poker game with the paytable shown in Table 17 has an expected return of 99.54398%. This payout percentage is what the game will return in the long run with “Optimal Play”. This game is usually referred to as *9-6 Jacks or Better*. This is because most *Jacks or Better* games (without Four-of-a-Kind bonuses) use the same paytable except for the Full House and Flush awards which are modified to change the payout percentage. It is well known that a *9-6 Jacks or Better* (awarding nine coins for Full House and six coins for Flush) provides a 99.54% return.

Hand Rank	Pay	Occurrences	Probability	EV
Royal Flush	800	64.3457483	2.47583E-05	0.019806614
Straight Flush	50	284.1410173	0.000109329	0.005466437
Four of a Kind	25	6140.161736	0.002362546	0.059063642
Full House	9	29919.76638	0.011512207	0.103609866
Flush	6	28626.22236	0.011014491	0.066086948
Straight	4	29184.62522	0.011229348	0.04491739
Three of a Kind	3	193489.1896	0.074448699	0.223346096
Two Pair	2	335990.6964	0.129278902	0.258557805
Jacks or Better	1	557697.9125	0.214585031	0.214585031
Bust	0	1417562.939	0.545434689	0
		2598960	1	0.99543983

Table 17

Unlike the previous embodiments, *Draw* poker has a skill element that requires decisions by the player on each hand. The game is designed such that the payout percentage will be reached over the long run when the game is played optimally. Each non-optimal play lowers the expected return (although it could result in a higher short term result). Each of the 2,598,960 possible hands may be played thirty-two ways by holding none, or any combination of the five initial cards dealt. Using expected value

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analysis of the thirty-two combinations can determine the best play for any given hand. One skilled in the art is readily able to construct the table in Table 17 by writing a computer program that performs this analysis on each of the 2,598,960 hands.

To further clarify this method, one of the possible 2,598,960 hands is examined, and in particular, the hand shown in Figure 19: Jack of Spades, 10 of Hearts, 9 of Diamonds, 8 of Clubs and 4 of Hearts. To find the best way to play a hand, one computes the expected value of each of the thirty-two ways to play the hand. Here, two of the thirty-two ways to hold the hand of Figure 19 are analyzed. In one case, the Jack-10-9-8 four card straight is held. The second case will be holding just the Jack of Spades.

Table 18 shows the expected return for holding the Jack-10-9-8 four card straight. The first two columns show all possible rankings and their pay value. The third column shows the number of occurrences of each of these possible ranks when drawing to this exact situation (i.e., given the initial five cards, the cards that were held and the suits and rank of the remaining forty-seven cards). The computation of this third column may be exhaustively determined by analyzing each possible resulting hand, but is usually done by an analysis of the combinations of the held and remaining cards, which may be computed more quickly. In this example of drawing one card, it is easy to see that any of the four outstanding Queens or 7's result in eight possible straights, and the three outstanding Jacks would result in a pair of Jacks. All other draw cards would result in a "Bust". The fourth column shows the "Probability" of drawing to the specified rank, which is computed by dividing the third column "Occurrences" count by the forty-seven total ways to draw this hold combination. The fifth column "EV" is the product of the "Pay" value of second column and the "Probability" value of fourth column. The sum of EV components results in a .744681 expected return for this play. That is, on average, this hold will yield 74.47% of the amount bet in the long run.

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Hand Rank	Pay	Occurrences	Probability	EV
Royal Flush	800	0	0	0
Straight Flush	50	0	0	0
Four of a Kind	25	0	0	0
Full House	9	0	0	0
Flush	6	0	0	0
Straight	4	8	0.17021277	0.680851
Three of a Kind	3	0	0	0
Two Pair	2	0	0	0
Jacks or Better	1	3	0.06382979	0.06383
Bust	0	36	0.76595745	0
		47	1	0.744681

Table 18 (Expected Value of Holding Jack-10-9-8 from the Figure 19 Hand)

Table 19 shows a similar analysis for the case where just the Jack is held from the same hand shown in Figure 19. The "Occurrences" column now, involves 178,365 different resulting hands when only 1 card is held. This number of combinations is "47 choose 4" which is stated by the formula:

$$\frac{47!}{4! * (47-4)!} = 178,365$$

This specifies the number of combinations of forty-seven cards taken four cards at a time. As stated above, these "Occurrences" are found by a well known/readily obtained computer program that either exhaustively analyzes each of the 178,365 draw combinations in conjunction with the Jack of Spades, or by an analysis of the combinations of the held and remaining cards. The expected return of holding the Jack of Spades is computed in Table 19 in a manner similar to that used in Table 18, resulting in a 47.93% expected return in the long run. Analyzing the other thirty ways to play this hand results in an even lower expected return than the "Jack Hold" of Table 19. Therefore, the best play for this particular hand is to hold the four card Straight analyzed in Table 18.

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Hand Rank	Pay	Occurrences	Probability	EV
Royal Flush	800	1	5.60648E-06	0.004485
Straight Flush	50	3	1.68194E-05	0.000841
Four of a Kind	25	52	0.000291537	0.007288
Full House	9	288	0.001614667	0.014532
Flush	6	491	0.002752782	0.016517
Straight	4	548	0.003072352	0.012289
Three of a Kind	3	4102	0.022997785	0.068993
Two Pair	2	8874	0.049751913	0.099504
Jacks or Better	1	45456	0.254848205	0.254848
Bust	0	118550	0.664648333	0
		178365	1	0.479298

Table 19 (Expected Value of Holding Only the Jack in Figure 19 Hand)

The analysis program that iterates over each of the 2,598,960 hands finds the best of the thirty-two possible holds, and keeps a running sum of the expected return for these optimal holds (for the sample hand of Figure 19, 0.744681 would be added to this sum). The sum of all optimal hold expected returns is then divided by 2,598,960 to determine the expected return for the game. The fifth column of Table 17 shows this result of 0.99543983 along with the contribution from each type of hand.

Part II – Modification of Analysis for *Multi-Strike* game

In playing a multi-stage *Draw Poker* game of the present invention, the optimal hold is no longer necessarily the hold that will provide the highest expected return for the current hand, but is rather the hold that will provide the highest expected return on the remainder of the multi-stage game (including the current hand). As with standard *Draw* poker, the expected return of thirty-two hold combinations must be examined. The expected return of any hold combination now has two components. The first component is the expected return of the current hand (which is the expected return as calculated in Table 18, times the current stage multiplier). The second component is the expected return of the remainder of the game given that hold combination. The second component is the product of the "Probability" of any win on the current stage (for the current hold combination) and the expected return of remaining stages. This sum may be represented as:

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EQUATION 1

$$EV_{ch} = (EV_{std} * MULT_{stage}) + (HR_{ch} * EV_{remain}); \text{ where}$$

$$EV_{ch} = \text{Expected Value of current hold;}$$

$$EV_{std} = \text{Expected Value using standard analysis such as done in Table 18;}$$

$$MULT_{stage} = \text{Stage Multiplier, which is a constant for each stage;}$$

$$HR_{ch} = \text{"Hit rate" (probability of any win) of current hold combination; and}$$

$$EV_{remain} = \text{Combined expected return of all stages above the current level that have received a bet, which is a constant for each stage.}$$

Simply stated, the second component is the value of "staying alive" by getting any win. For certain hands at certain stages, it will be advantageous to hold a combination with a lower EV_{std} due to its higher HR_{ch} .

The EV_{remain} component drives an analysis of the game from the "top down." That is, for games with four stages bet, the analysis is done for the fourth stage, then using the result from the fourth stage to set the EV_{remain} value, the analysis may be done for the third stage and so on. For each stage, EV_{remain} is a constant value determined from the analysis of the stage above it.

For the fourth stage, the second component of the Equation 1 sum drops out, because EV_{remain} is zero since there are no subsequent stages. This means that the EV_{ch} for any given hold is eight times EV_{std} , which means that standard 9-6 strategy is optimal, and will provide a return of $0.99543983 * 8 = 7.96351864$.

Before looking at the third stage analysis, it is important to understand the effect of the "Free Ride" feature. For the examples given here, a "Free Ride" rate of seventy-three per one thousand hands is used, or 7.3%. This value was carefully selected to arrive at a total "hit rate" (natural plus "Free Ride") of slightly over 50%, as will be shown later. Those skilled in the art will see that this rate may be increased or decreased as desired to affect the "hit rate" and expected return. The "Free Ride" is randomly selected for 7.3% of the hands when there is a bet on a higher hand. On hands that receive a "Free Ride"

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card, the second component of the Equation 1 sum becomes a constant, since HR_{ch} is 1.0 for all holds (i.e., one will "hit" or advance to the next level 100% of the time regardless of the hold combination). This means that the best hold combination for hands that have been given a "Free Ride" will match the standard strategy.

5 To analyze the first three stages, one looks at each of the 2,598,960 possible initial five card hands. For each hand, the thirty-two possible hold combinations will need to be analyzed to determine the best EV_{ch} hold using Equation 1 and the best standard play hold using the method of Table 18 (EV_{std}). For many hands, the same hold will yield the highest EV_{ch} and the highest EV_{std} . The expected return for a given initial
10 hand is now given by Equation 2:

EQUATION 2

$EV_{123} = (FR_{off} * EV_{chbest}) + (FR_{on} * ((EV_{stdbest} * MULT_{stage}) + (1.0 * EV_{remain})))$; where

EV_{123} = Expected return for a given initial hand on Levels 1, 2 or 3;

FR_{off} = Probability of not receiving "Free Ride" (.927 for this example);

EV_{chbest} = EV_{ch} from hold that yields highest value in Equation 1;

FR_{on} = Probability of receiving "Free Ride" (.073 for this example);

$EV_{stdbest}$ = EV of best hold combination using standard (Table 18) analysis;

$MULT_{stage}$ = Stage Multiplier, which is a constant for each stage; and

EV_{remain} = Combined expected return of all stages above the current level that have received a bet, which is a constant for each stage.

15 The first component of Equation 2 represents the hands that do not receive a "Free Ride." The "No Free Ride" probability of .927 is used to weight the expected return that is computed using the formula of Equation 1. The second component represents the hands that receive a "Free Ride." The "Free Ride" probability of .073 is used to weight the return that will result by using the standard 9-6 strategy when a "Free Ride" is awarded on this hand.

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For Levels one through three, the expected return is computed by adding the EV_{123} values for each of the 2,598,960 possible starting hands and dividing by 2,598,960. This expected return has the return of levels above it embedded within its value.

5 It is helpful to look at how EV_{chbest} is found for a particular hand. For the hand shown in Figure 19, we now use the data from Table 18 and Table 19 to compare the EV_{ch} for the hold of the four card Straight vs. holding the Jack on the third stage. To do this we use Equation 1:

$$EV_{ch} = (EV_{std} * MULT_{stage}) + (HR_{ch} * EV_{remain}) \text{ [EQUATION 1]}$$

10 Taking the Hit Rate (HR_{ch}) for holding Jack-10-9-8 = $1 - (36/47) = 0.234043$ (from Table 18):

$$\text{Hold Jack-10-9-8: } EV_{ch} = (0.744681 * 4) + (0.234043 * 7.96351864) = 4.84253.$$

The Hit Rate (HR_{ch}) for Holding Jack = $1 - (118550/178365) = 0.335352$ (from Table 19).

$$\text{Hold Jack: } EV_{ch} = (0.479298 * 4) + (0.335352 * 7.96351864) = 4.58777.$$

15 The EV_{ch} for the other thirty hold combinations is lower than for holding just the Jack, therefore, $EV_{chbest} = 4.84253$ resulting from holding the four card Straight. From Table 18 and Table 19 it can be seen that $EV_{stdbest} = 0.744681$ for this hand (also hold the straight). Therefore, the expected return on the third stage of this initial five-card hand is:

$$EV_{123} = (FR_{off} * EV_{chbest}) + (FR_{on} * ((EV_{stdbest} * MULT_{stage}) + (1.0 * EV_{remain})))$$

[using EQUATION 2]

$$EV_{123} = (.927 * 4.84253) + (.073 * ((0.744681 * 4) + (1.0 * 7.96351864))) = 5.287809$$

20 The sum of all of the EV_{123} values divided by 2,598,960 for the third stage results in an expected return of 7.95080267. This is the number of coins expected to be won in the remainder of any game that reaches the third stage (i.e. return of third and fourth stages combined).

25 The second stage is analyzed identically as the third stage, however EV_{remain} is now 7.95080267 and $MULT_{stage}$ is now 2. Looking at the hand of Figure 19, one now has the following calculations:

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$$\text{Hold Jack-10-9-8: } EV_{ch} = (0.744681 * 2) + (0.234043 * 7.95080267) = 3.3501917$$

$$\text{Hold Jack: } EV_{ch} = (0.479298 * 2) + (0.335352 * 7.95080267) = 3.6249136$$

When the hand of Figure 19 is analyzed on the second stage, it is now better to hold just the Jack rather than Jack-10-9-8, therefore EV_{chbest} is 3.6249136. The $EV_{stdbest}$ is still 0.744681 as Jack-10-9-8 is the best standard play on any stage of the game. The expected return of this hand on the second level (including the expected return of levels three and four) EV_{123} for this hand is computed as:

$$EV_{123} = (.927 * 3.624914) + (.073 * ((0.744681 * 2) + (1.0 * 7.95080267))) = 4.049427$$

A computer program known to those of skill in the art is used to find that the sum of all of the EV_{123} values divided by 2,598,960 for the second stage results in an expected return of 5.96916633. This is the number of coins a player is expected to win in the remainder of any game that reaches the second stage (i.e. return of second, third and fourth stages combined).

The first stage is analyzed identically as the second and third stages, however EV_{remain} is now 5.96916633 and $MULT_{stage}$ is now 1. Looking at the hand of Figure 19, we now have the following calculations:

$$\text{Hold Jack-10-9-8: } EV_{ch} = (0.744681 * 1) + (0.234043 * 5.96916633) = 2.141723$$

$$\text{Hold Jack: } EV_{ch} = (0.479298 * 1) + (0.335352 * 5.96916633) = 2.481070$$

When the hand of Figure 19 is analyzed on the first stage, it is again better to hold just the Jack rather than Jack-10-9-8, therefore EV_{chbest} is 2.481070. The $EV_{stdbest}$ is still 0.744681 as Jack-10-9-8 is the best standard play on any stage of the game. The expected return of this hand on the first level (including the expected return of levels two, three and four) EV_{123} for this hand is computed as:

$$EV_{123} = (.927 * 2.481070) + (.073 * ((0.744681 * 1) + (1.0 * 5.96916633))) = 2.790063$$

The sum of all of the EV_{123} values divided by 2,598,960 for the first stage results in an expected return of 3.995391. This is the number of coins a player is expected to win in a four stage game for which a four coin bet is made. Dividing this value by the four coin bet results in an expected return of 0.998848 or 99.88%. By setting the "Free

Ride" percentage at 7.3% for the four stage game, the expected return of 99.54% of this standard game was increased to 99.88% to give a player an incentive to learn the modified optimal play strategy dictated by the EV_{ch} analysis.

5 In order to determine the actual amount paid out on each level as well as the independent return of coins bet on that level, it is useful to maintain several running sums while working through each of the 2,598,960 possible hands. The following equation is calculated for each hand, and a sum of these values is maintained:

EQUATION 3

$$EV_{playedhand} = (FR_{off} * EVSTD_{chbest}) + (FR_{on} * EV_{stdbest})$$

$$EV_{stdbest} = \text{EV of best hold combination using standard (Table 18) analysis}$$

$$EVSTD_{chbest} = \text{Standard (Table 18) analysis EV of best hold for maximizing Equation 1.}$$

10 For each hand, if there is no "Free Ride", it will be held to maximize EV_{ch} using Equation 1. The FR_{off} value is used to weight the standard (Table 18 method) EV of this best hold (called $EVSTD_{chbest}$). If there is a "Free Ride", then the optimal play is to hold the combination that gives the highest standard EV. The FR_{on} is used to weight this value. For the example hand of Figure 19, on the first stage or second stage, this would give the following equation:

$$EV_{playedhand} = (FR_{off} * EVSTD_{chbest}) + (FR_{on} * EV_{stdbest}) \text{ [using EQUATION 3]}$$

$$EV_{playedhand} = (.927 * 0.479298) + (.073 * 0.744681) = 0.498671$$

15 The $EVSTD_{chbest}$ and $EV_{stdbest}$ values come from Table 19 and Table 18, respectively.

For each stage, for each of the 2,598,960 hands, these $EV_{playedhand}$ components are added together and the sum is divided by 2,598,960. This indicates the payout of hands played on that level. These values are shown in the second column of Table 20.

20 In a manner similar to Equation 3, the HR_{ch} hit rate components are weighted and added to result in the hit rate shown in the third column of Table 20. The fourth column

of Table 20 shows the probability of playing a hand on a given level, which is 1.0 on the first level, and for the other levels, is the product of the third and fourth columns of the level below. The fifth column shows the stage multiplier for the given level. The sixth column is the actual return for a particular level, which is the product of the second, fourth and fifth columns. The seventh column is expected return for the rest of a game that has reached the current stage. For the fourth stage, this is the product of the second column (return) and fifth column (multiplier). For the lower levels, it is the product of the second and fifth columns (which represents the Expected Pay for playing the current level) plus the third column (hit rate on current level) times the seventh column of the next higher level. This seventh column value is the same as the sum of the EV_{123} values previously discussed.

Level	Payout of Hands played on this Level	Hit Rate of Level	Probability of Playing Level	Multiplier	Return for Bets on this Level	EV_{remain}
4	0.99543983	0.45456531	0.128598042	8	1.024092903	7.96351864
3	0.99142626	0.5004192	0.256980631	4	1.019109383	7.950802667
2	0.97183568	0.50630045	0.50756548	2	0.986540487	5.969166328
1	0.96564822	0.50756548	1	1	0.96564822	3.995390993
					0.998847748	

Table 20

It is easily seen in Table 20 that on lower levels some of the column 2 return is sacrificed to increase the column 3 hit rate to allow more frequent play of the lucrative upper levels as seen in column 6.

Finally, when only two or three stages are bet, the analysis must be done again from the beginning, starting with the top stage and working down. The results for two or three stages are not inferable from the Table 20 data, but need to be developed independently.

It should be clear that a single stage game (i.e., a bet on only the first level) is no different than the standard *9-6 Jacks or Better* game.

This third embodiment of a multi-stage draw poker gaming machine is operationally summarized in the flow charts of Figures 27A-27F. Figure 27A generally

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describes the start-up of the *Multi-Strike Five-Card Draw* Poker game embodiment, which is initially quite similar to that of the first (slots) embodiment. First, an assessment of whether credit(s) are present is undertaken beginning at step 270. If none is present, then a check is made as to whether the player has inserted the relevant coin, credit card,
5 etc., for the necessary credit(s) at step 271. If so, then at step 272 the credit(s) are registered and displayed at the "Total Credits" meter 77 (e.g., Figure 17). All available player buttons are then activated for initiation of play at 275.

At this stage, the player enters a set-up loop where the player may choose to add more credits or proceed with play at step 276. If credits are added, these are registered on
10 the meter display 77 at step 277. The cards displayed from a previous hand, along with any stage total(s) and subtotal(s) reflected in the payout information window(s), and "Total Won" meter 85 are all cleared for the new game (step 278). The program loops back to step 276.

The "Coins per Hand" button 67 can alternatively be engaged from step 276, causing the coins-per-hand setting to be modified (as indicated at meter 64, Figure 17), as
15 well as updating the value of the "Total Bet" window 68, as indicated at step 279. Once again, the program loops back to step 276 through steps 278 and 275.

Back at step 276, the player then can choose the "Select Number of Hands" button 66 to input this aspect of his or her wager. This likewise causes the "Total Bet" to
20 be so modified, as well as displaying the number of hands bet at meter 63, all as indicated at step 280. Graphics are also updated at step 281 to highlight the hands which are now "active" (i.e., potentially playable). Steps 278 and 275 then follow in the loop back to step 276.

Once the player has input the parameters of the wager, then the "Deal Draw"
25 button 70 is engaged. It should be noted that the foregoing selection sequence as to coins and hands to bet need not follow the order indicated.

The player has the option of skipping all of the hands and coins per hand selections, through resort to the "Max Bet Deal" button 76. A subroutine will then execute at step 285 to assess the total credits the player has provided, and then determine

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the maximum number of coins per hand and the maximum number of hands (per an embedded look-up table) which can be played for that credit quantity, up to a fixed maximum for the game. The graphics are updated accordingly at steps 286 and 287 to show the hands being bet, coins-per-hand and total bet (as at steps 279 and 280). Steps 5 288 and 289 then follow, and are the same as steps 281 and 278, respectively.

From either the actuation of the "Deal Draw" button 70 or the "Max Bet Deal button 76, the selection buttons for player input are then deactivated and the amount bet is subtracted at step 291, with the remaining credits updated on the "Total Credits" meter 77. The main game play sequence is then begun (step 292).

10 The program randomly "shuffles" the deck to establish a playing order for the fifty-two regular playing cards (used in this version) at step 293 (Figure 27B). A determination is made as to whether the second stage/level/hand is "active" (bet upon) at step 295. If it is not, the program proceeds to step 300 described below. If it is, then a subroutine is engaged for a "Free Ride" card (this version including this added feature).
15 Beginning at step 296, a random selection process (discussed above) determines whether the "Free Ride" is available or not. If it is, then the "Free Ride" card is caused to be registered in one of the first five positions representing the order of the cards in the shuffled deck for the cards of the first hand (step 297), and the "Free Ride" feature will be available (as described hereafter). If it is not, then no "Free Ride" card is displayed,
20 and the "Free Ride" feature is not available.

From either step 296 or 297, the program then "deals" (step 300) the cards for the hand, displaying the cards graphically in the five spaces allotted in the first hand 71. A check is made in the course of the foregoing deal to determine if one of the dealt cards is a "Free Ride" card at step 301. If it is (i.e., the "Free Ride" feature is available), then the
25 "Free Ride" card is caused to be displayed in the space corresponding to its placement in the order, as indicated at step 302. Whereupon there is an audio cue also provided, and much rejoicing is heard throughout the land (step 303). After a suitable interval, the "Free Ride" card is caused to be replaced by the next regular playing card in the deck

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order (step 304), and a "Free Ride" icon is displayed next to the level (as seen at 91 in Figure 25).

5 From step 304, or step 301 if no "Free Ride" is detected, the program then performs an evaluation of the dealt hand (step 308) to determine if a winning hand is presented, using the payable hierarchy discussed with regard to Figure 18, or more simply, is a pair of "Jacks or Better" presented (step 309)? If a winning hand is presented, then from step 309 a message is graphically displayed indicating the hand "rank" along with an audio sound acknowledging to the player that a winner is already in hand (with or without rejoicing, as desired, rejoicing being player dependent), as set forth
10 in step 310. From either step 309 or 310, the program then advances to step 315.

Step 315 provides multiple options to the player at this juncture. The player may choose to add more credits, for example, which if elected results in an update to the "Total Credits" meter 77 at step 314, then looping back to step 315.

15 The player can also choose which cards to hold/discard at this point. A card that is to be held is selected (step 316) and then tagged as "held" (step 317) (e.g., see Figure 19 and related discussion). Cards previously selected for being held can likewise be de-selected (step 318). From either step 317 or 318, the process loops back to step 315.

When the player has exercised whatever of the foregoing options are desired, if any, from step 315, the "Deal/Draw" button 70 is again actuated. This results in the
20 removal from the graphic display of any card not designated as "held" (step 320). Each card removed is replaced with the next card in the deck order, as indicated at step 321. A re-evaluation of the hand now presented takes place at steps 322 and 325, similar to that of steps 308 and 309. If a winning hand is presented (again with reference to the payable of Figure 18), the type of winner is identified (e.g., "Three Of A Kind,") graphically for
25 the player in the payout information window 84, along with the number of coins/credits won as a sub-total, all as indicated in step 326. That sub-total is increased by the stage multiplier (which in the case of the first level, is 1X) and displayed as a "total" for the first hand, at step 327. From here, the first hand total is added to the "Total Won" meter amount at 85 (e.g., Figure 20) (step 328).

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If a winning hand is not presented at step 325, then a check is made as to whether the "Free Ride" icon is registered for the level at step 329. If it is, a message is displayed in payout information window 84 that the "Free Ride" feature is being employed to advance to the next stage/level/hand (step 330). If the "Free Ride" is not registered, then
5 the game is over, and progresses to a "Game Over" sequence 331.

Out of steps 328 or 330, the program determines if the second stage/level/hand is "active," i.e., bet upon (step 332). If it is not, the player is sent to the "Game Over" sequence (step 331). If it is active, however, then it is on to the next level.

Referring to Figure 27C, play and operation continue substantially similar to that
10 described with respect to that of the first level. A "new" deck is "shuffled," (step 333). As in the first level, a determination is then made as to whether the third stage/level/hand is "active" (bet upon) at step 335. Steps 335 through 337, 340 through 344 and 348 through 350 are the same as their respective counterpart steps (295 et seq.) discussed with regard to the play of the first hand, albeit now in view of second level play.

15 From step 349 or step 350, a "draw" sequence is again executed as described with respect to the first hand, beginning at step 355. This includes the option of adding more credits (update of credit meter at step 354), and the selection of cards to be "held" via steps 356 through 358 (corresponding to steps 316 through 318, respectively, described above). Once card selection is completed at step 355, previously described steps 320
20 through 322, and 325 through 332 are repeated, but for this second stage/level/hand, through respective steps 360 through 362, and 365 through 372. At this point, either the game is over, and the player is routed to the "Game Over" sequence (step 371), or the player advances to another hand that has been bet upon, and play advances to the third stage/level/hand out of step 372, shown in Figure 27D.

25 Referring now to Figure 27D (and, e.g., Figure 21), play continues for the third hand in the same manner as that described for the first and second hands, albeit now in view of third level play. Accordingly, and for ease of description, steps described as to the first level are related to their corresponding steps in the third level by grouping the respective steps as follows: 293/373, 295-297/375-377, 300-304/380-384, 308-310/388-

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390, 314-318/394-398, 320-322/400-402, 325-332/405-412. At this point, either the game is over, and the player is routed to the "Game Over" sequence (step 411), or the player advances to another hand that has been bet upon, and play advances to the fourth stage/level/hand out of step 412, shown in Figure 27E.

5 Play of the fourth hand is similar to that described above, except that no "Free Ride" is available (this being the last hand in this particular embodiment of the game). Accordingly (and using the same convention for grouping like steps of the first and fourth levels for ease of description), cards are "shuffled" at step 413/293, dealt at step 420/300, and the hand is evaluated at step 428/308. If a winning hand is present (step 429/309),
10 then a message is displayed at step 430/310.

 Beginning with step 435, a "draw" sequence is again executed as described with respect to the first hand. In this fourth level, steps described for the first level draw sequence correspond to their fourth level counterparts as follows: 314-318/434-438, 320-322/440-442, and 325-328/445-448. Since there is no fifth level, the game proceeds to
15 the "Game Over" sequence out of step 448 or step 445 at step 451.

 The "Game Over" sequence is set forth in Figure 27F. A "GAME OVER" message is displayed by the graphics (step 452). The "Total Won" amount (meter 85 in Figure 20) is checked, and if greater than zero (step 453), the credit(s) amassed as represented on the meter 85 are added to the "Total Credits" meter 87 at step 454. The
20 player, and the game, are both returned to the game start up sequence out of step 453 (if nothing won) or step 454.

BUNCO

Bunco, sometimes called *Bunko*, *Bonko* or *Bonco*, is a dice game that dates back to the mid 1800's in the United States. While there are many variations that are currently
25 played, what follows is what appear to be very popular rules of the game.

Bunco is typically played in groups of eight to twenty players, usually women and occasionally couples as a social event. A group typically meets once a month, and plays at multiple tables of four players. Players seated across from each other are partners

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although it is typical to change partners for each game played. Each table has three dice that are passed around from player to player.

5 The game is played in "rounds". The first round starts with all tables rolling for a "point" of one. The dice move clockwise to each person at the table who gets to roll the dice. A team scores one point for each die that matches the current point (one in this case). Each time one or more dice match the current point, the player's team scores and the player continues to roll. If the player gets all three dice to match on a number other than the current point then that team scores five points and the player continues to roll. If the player gets all three dice to match the current point they yell out "Bunco" and the
10 team is awarded twenty-one points.

Once a player rolls the dice showing no points, the turn ends. Each round continues with the dice going from player to player around the table. The game ends when a player at the first or head table reaches twenty-one points, which is usually indicated by ringing a hand-bell to signal all the tables that the round is over. At this
15 point the players change partners and rotate through the tables based on the winners and losers, and the next game would play with a "point" of two.

This fourth embodiment of the current invention consists of a dice game that is loosely based on an individual player's turn during a round of *Bunco*. While this game may be played in a casino with live dealers (as is done with the casino game of *Craps*) or
20 on a gaming machine that propels real physical dice, the preferred embodiment is on a video gaming machine.

Unlike the version of *Bunco* described above, in this fourth embodiment there may be up to three points which the player is trying to roll. Instead of being a single number, any number that has been rolled on every stage of the current game is an active
25 point. On the first roll, each number that appears on a die becomes a point, for a possible total of three points if all three dice are different (that is, all six possible numbers are points for the first roll). On the second roll, the player must roll one or more points matching the first roll to keep the game going. Any numbers that were rolled on both the first and second rolls remain points for the third roll. The player continues to roll until no

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dice match a number found in all previous rolls, or until the highest stage upon which a bet has been placed is rolled.

Figure 28 shows a display of this fourth embodiment. A maximum of seven stages or rolls of the dice per game is provided. The game may allow more or fewer stages without departing from the invention. Each stage (level) of the game represents a roll of the dice as described above. The player may place a bet on from one to seven stages or lines. The player may bet from one to five coins per stage in this version. Of course, it is anticipated that different numbers of coins per stage could be allowed. Also, the player could be allowed to place bets on different stages at random, rather than from the bottom up. For that matter, the player could be allowed to make different size wagers on different stages at will, without departing from the invention.

Referring to Figure 28, the "Select Lines" button 100 is pressed to select from one to seven stages to bet on. The "Coins per Line" button 101 is pressed to indicate the number of coins to bet on each line. The player then presses the "Roll Dice" button 102 to roll the dice for the first stage.

Figure 29 shows a game in progress after the first roll. This roll of 3-4-6 is placed in the first stage area 105 next to the applicable line of the paytable 106 for that stage (0,0,0,32). For each stage there are four payable values. These values are for rolling one, two or three points or for rolling "Bunco," which is achieved when all three dice match one number which is an active point. Only the highest value is paid at each stage, so a "Bunco" does not also pay for three points matched. For the first roll (with all six numbers active) any combination of three matching dice is a "Bunco." Scoring a "Bunco" is the only way to win the first level bet, although in this game the player automatically advances to the second stage. It is envisioned that other embodiments could set the active points in advance of the first roll which would then require a match on the first roll to continue. A first stage "Bunco" awards thirty-two coins. The machine highlights the appropriate payable value in the "3 points matched" column for this roll and shows the remaining points under the first stage line (107).

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The player presses the "Roll Dice" button 102 for the second stage, and a possible result is shown in Figure 30. The roll of 1-4-6 matches two of the three points that were established in the first roll. Thus, the points "4" and "6" remain "alive," i.e., in play (107). The point of "3" from the first roll is no longer alive because it does not appear in the second roll. The three dice are placed on the second stage line 108 next to the applicable payable 106 values for that stage. The game highlights the "2 points matched" value in the payable indicating that one coin is awarded for matching two points on the second stage. The "Total So Far" meter 110 is updated to show the total of one coin won at this point (zero coins on the first stage and one coin on the second stage). The window 107 under the first stage now shows that only the "4" and the "6" remain as active points.

The player presses the "Roll Dice" button 102 for the third stage and a possible result is shown in Figure 31. The roll of 1-1-6 matches one of the two points that were alive after the second roll. Thus, only the point "6" remains alive (107). The point of "4" from the first two rolls is no longer alive because it does not appear in the third roll. The three dice are placed on the third stage line 112 next to the payable values for that stage. The game highlights the "1 point matched" value in the payable indicating that two coins are awarded for matching one point on the third stage. The "Total So Far" meter 110 is updated to show the total of three coins won at this point (zero coins on the first stage, one coin on the second stage and two coins on the third stage). The window 107 under the first stage now shows that only the "6" remains as an active point.

The player presses the "Roll Dice" button 102 for the fourth stage and a possible result is shown in Figure 32. The roll of 1-4-5 does not match the point of "6," which was the only point left alive. While "4" was an active point after the first two rolls, the absence of a "4" on the third roll took it out of play as a point, and thus was of no value in the fourth roll. As a result of matching no points the game is over. The "Total So Far" meter 110 value of three coins is copied to the "Paid" window 114, and this is added to the credits counter 115 taking it from an arbitrary "865" to "868" credits.

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It should be noted that in the example shown, the bets for levels above the fourth level were lost without those levels being played. As is intuitive and will be shown in the following analysis, the higher the level, the less often it will be played. This is offset by offering the player very large awards for very modest events on these higher levels when they are played.

It should also be noted that while the slot machine and poker embodiments previously discussed have stages that are independent games that allow advancing to the next stage upon winning, this fourth *Bunco* embodiment is an ongoing game with stages that, as a result of the nature of the game, also involve multi-stage betting working with an evolving game. This game is not limited to advancing to the next stage only with a win, since the game will always play the second stage if two or more stages have been bet upon, even though, except for a first stage "Bunco", the player will not win on the first stage.

Figure 33 shows another *Bunco* game at its conclusion. The first roll of 1-5-5 established only two points as a result of the duplicate 5's. The second roll of 1-3-3 kept only the point of "1" alive. The third roll of 1-1-1 is "Bunco" scoring fourteen coins. The fourth roll of 3-4-6 does not match the point of "1", and thus ends the game. A total of fifteen coins were won on this game (one for matching one point on the second stage and fourteen for "Bunco" on the third stage).

Looking at Figure 33, the "Max Bet/Roll Dice" button 116 is also seen. This button 116 establishes the maximum bet, which in this embodiment is thirty-five coins, (seven stages times five coins per stage) and then rolls the dice for the first stage. Pressing this button 116 is the same as pressing the "Select Lines" button 100 until seven lines are selected, and then pressing the "Coins per Line" button 101 until five coins per line are selected, and then finally pressing the "Roll Dice" button 102 to roll the dice for the first stage.

Shown in the upper right section of Figure 33 are the bonuses for games that achieve two "Buncos" and three "Buncos": "75" coins and "2500" coins respectively.

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These bonuses add excitement to the game, as well as the opportunity to win a more sizable award than is available from the seven stages of the game.

5 The foregoing *Bunco* gaming machine is operationally summarized in the flow charts of Figures 34A through 34D. Figure 34A generally describes the start-up of the *Multi-Strike BUNCO* game embodiment, which is initially quite similar to that of the first (slots) embodiment. First, an assessment of whether credit(s) are present is undertaken beginning at step 460. If none is present, then a check is made as to whether the player has inserted the relevant coin, credit card, etc., for the necessary credit(s) at step 461. If so, then at step 462 the credit(s) are registered and displayed at the "Credits" meter 115 (e.g., Figure 28). All available player buttons are then activated for initiation of play at 10 465.

At this stage, the player enters a set-up loop where the player may choose to add more credits or proceed with play at step 466. If credits are added, these are registered on the meter display (115) at step 468. The program loops back to step 466.

15 The "Coins per Line" button 101 can alternatively be engaged from step 466, causing the coins-per-line setting to be modified (as indicated at meter 103, Figure 28), as well as updating the value of the "Total Bet" window 104, and the payable information window 106, all as indicated at step 469. Once again, the program loops back to step 466.

20 Back at step 466, the player can choose the "Select Lines" button 100 to input this aspect of his or her wager. Graphics are updated at step 470 to highlight the lines which are now "active" (i.e., potentially playable). This likewise causes the lines bet meter 111 and "Total Bet" 104 to be so modified, all as indicated at step 472. The program once again loops back to step 466.

25 Once the player has input the parameters of the wager, then the "Roll Dice" button 102 is engaged. It should be noted that the foregoing selection sequence as to coins and lines to bet need not follow the order indicated.

The player has the option of skipping all of the lines and coins-per-line selections, through resort to the "Max Bet Roll Dice" button 116 (Figure 33). A subroutine will then

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execute at step 475 to assess the total credits the player has provided, and determine the maximum number of coins per line and the maximum number of lines (per an embedded look-up table) which can be played for that credit quantity, up to a fixed maximum for the game. The graphics are updated accordingly at steps 476 and 477 to show the lines being bet, coins-per-lines and total bet (as at steps 469, 470 and 472). Either out of step 477 or after actuation of the "Roll Dice" button 102, the player selection buttons are deactivated (step 478), the sum of the wager is subtracted from the "Credits" meter 115 and the new amount is displayed. The game then progresses to a main play sequence (step 479).

The dice are rolled at step 480, as shown in Figure 34B. The program assesses whether this is the first roll of the game (step 482). If it is the first roll, then "Match these POINTS" window 107 (e.g., see Figure 29) is activated at step 483, and a determination is made as to how many different numbers are presented by the rolled dice (step 484). The different "Points" are then displayed in the window 107, depending on whether there are one, two or three different numbers (steps 485a through 485c). The graphics of the program generates copies of the dice rolled, with a color hue to indicate a "Point Made" at step 488, and the dice are displayed in the current stage/level/roll (step 489), which here is the first level 105.

If this is not the first roll of the game (step 482), then copies of the dice just rolled are generated at step 490. The program executes a comparison of the numbers (dice) in the window 107 (which are the Points to match), with the dice just rolled at step 491. If there is a match, the graphics of the program colors a copy (or copies) of the matching die rolled with a hue to indicate a "Point Made" at step 492. For each match not made, the die (dice) is colored with a hue to indicate that no match/Point was made (step 493), and the dice are displayed as so hued in the current stage/level/roll (step 489).

From step 489, another comparison is then made at step 495 between the current roll and the Point(s) to be matched/made. Each Point in the window 107 is assessed as to a match on a die (number) of the current roll at step 496. If at step 496 there is no match for a Point, it is removed from the game and the graphics of window 107 are updated

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accordingly, at step 498. The program then assesses whether there is any Point remaining (step 497), and the game proceeds to a "Bunco" determination if the answer to the foregoing is positive. If there are no Points remaining (window 107), the player is passed to a "Game Over" sequence at step 500.

5 The "Bunco" assessment is set forth in Figure 34C. The program first assesses whether a "Bunco" has been rolled at step 501. If the evaluation is positive, then the graphics highlight the "BUNCO" pay (see, e.g., 113 in Figure 33) for the current level (step 502). That "BUNCO" pay amount is added to the "Total So Far" meter 110 at step 503.

10 The program then determines whether two "Bunco's" had previously been rolled in the same game at step 506. If "yes," then the "Triple BUNCO BONUS" is highlighted on the screen (step 507), and the predetermined amount for that bonus is added to the "Total So Far" meter 110 at step 508.

15 If two "Bunco's" have not been registered at step 506, the program makes a determination as to whether one "Bunco" had previously been scored at step 510. If "yes," then the "Double BUNCO BONUS" is highlighted on the screen (step 512), and the predetermined amount for that bonus is added to the "Total So Far" meter 110 at step 513.

20 Back at step 501, if a "Bunco" has not been rolled, then a count is made of the number of rolled dice that match any of the remaining Points in the window 107 (step 515). That count is used to highlight the appropriate pay for that level for that number of points in the payable information window as indicated at step 516. That amount is added to the meter 110 at step 517.

25 Out of either step 508, 513 or 517, the player then advances to step 520, which is a program assessment as to whether all lines that have been bet on have been played. If all have been played, then the game is over and the "Game Over" sequence is engaged out of step 521.

 If all possible lines have not been played, then the player is given the option of adding more credits and/or continuing through actuation of the "Roll Dice" button 102 at

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step 525. If the choice is to add credits, then the "Credits" meter is so updated at step 526, and the player is looped back to step 525. If the choice is to roll, then another round is started (step 527) upon actuation of the button 102, whereupon the sequence of events beginning at step 480 recommences.

5 Once all lines have been played or there are no Points left in the window 107 (i.e., no match at a level), then the "Game Over" sequence of Figure 34D is engaged. A "GAME OVER" message is displayed at step 530, and a determination is made as to whether the "Total So Far" meter 110 shows any credits (i.e., any winnings for the game) at step 531. Any winnings as shown in meter 110 are then added to the total "Credits" meter 115 (step 532), and the player and the program are returned to the game start sequence at step 460.

Analysis of Certain Architecture of the *Bunco* Embodiment

15 The mathematical payout percentage of this fourth embodiment is determined by breaking down the different possible combinations for each of the seven stages. This will be done for one coin per line only, as it is well known by those skilled in the art how to expand this result for multiple coins per line, as well as the inclusion of bonus values, if desired. The first stage is fairly easy to analyze. There are three possible types of outcome of the first roll: "Bunco" (equivalent to one point established), two points established or three points established. There are two hundred and sixteen possible combinations of three dice computed by multiplying the possible combinations of each die: $6 \times 6 \times 6 = 216$. The number of occurrences of "Bunco" or three dice that match are six. This is computed as $6 \times 1 \times 1$ because the first die can take any of the six numbers, then the second die must match that number and the third die must also match that number. Three points are established when all three of the dice have a different number showing, and is computed by $6 \times 5 \times 4 = 120$ because the first die can take on any value while the second die can take on any of the five remaining values that don't match the first die, and the third die can then take on any of the remaining values that don't match the first two dice.

This leaves ninety occurrences of a combination that results in two points (216-6-120=90). The ninety occurrences of two points can also be computed directly as follows: There are three forms that a roll resulting in two points may take: XYX, XXY or YXX. The combinations for these are as follows:

- XYX = 6 x 5 x 1 = 30 First can be any, second must not match first, third must match first.
- XXY = 6 x 1 x 5 = 30 First can be any, second must match first, third must not match first.
- YXX = 5 x 6 x 1 = 30 First can be any but X, second can be any, third must match second.

5 Table 21 organizes the data described above. The first column indicates the number of points established by the first roll. The second column shows the value paid for that result. The third column shows the "Occurrences" of that result which was determined above. The fourth column is the probability of that result, which is the occurrence count divided by 216, the number of possible outcomes. The fifth column is the Expected Value component from each pay, which is the product of the payable value times the probability of receiving that value. The sum of all EV components is the expected return of the stage, which is 88.89%. If only stage one was played, then the expected return to the player would be 88.89%. The payout percentage may be modified by making a change to the second column "Pay" value, which would also change in the payable. For example, changing the pay for "Bunco" (one point established) from "32" to "33" would result in a 91.67% expected return. Unlike the slot machine example, the "Occurrence" data is locked into the rules of the game, and any change to the payout will be apparent to the player. It must be done by modifying the payable as described above, or by changing the rules of the game.

Number of Points	Pay	Occurrences	Probability	EV
1	32	6	0.027777778	0.888889
2	0	90	0.416666667	0
3	0	120	0.555555556	0
		216	1	0.888889

20 Table 21

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The second stage of the game has three separate analyses based on the number of points established in the first stage of the game. The "Occurrences" for each row in Table 22 (the fourth column) are calculated in the same manner as shown for the first stage and will not be elaborated on further. The first column of Table 22 states the number of points alive at the start of the second stage. This table has three separate analyses based on whether one, two or three points were alive at the start of the second stage.

The second column shows the combination being enumerated. The three possible points are called "A", "B" and "C". "x" indicates a die that matches no point. The "Comb. Column" shows the makeup of the dice for that line of the table. For example, AAA is three dice matching point "A". The BBA is two dice matching point "B" and one die matching point "A", and this can occur in any order. The third column indicates the amount paid for the specified combination. This is based on the second stage payable line of 1,1,2,6 (e.g., Figure 30) awarding one coin for matching one or two points, two coins for matching three points in a non-"Bunco" combination and six coins for all three dice matching the same point ("Bunco"). The fourth column indicates the number of occurrences of the specified combination out of the possible two hundred and sixteen combinations. The fifth column is the probability of that occurrence and is the quotient of the occurrences and the two hundred and sixteen possible combinations. The sixth column is called "Probability of Start Condition". This is the probability of starting the second stage with the number of points shown in the first column. This number is taken directly from Table 21.

The seventh column is the probability of the specified "Result" occurring, which is the product of the fifth and sixth columns. This result is due to the need for the probability of the sixth column to start the stage with the number of points specified in the first column, as well as the need for the probability of the combination, which is given in the fifth column.

The eighth column is the expected value contribution from this combination which is computed as the product of the "Pay" value times the seventh column

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“Probability of this Result”. The sum of all values in the eighth column provides the expected return which is 92.28%.

The ninth column is the number of points still alive after the roll. This is represented by the number of unique capitalized letters in the second column combination.

The last four columns are used to determine the probability of the number of points alive at the end of the stage. The seventh column “Probability of This Result” value is copied to the column that corresponds to the ninth column “Points Alive” number. For example, for AAA there is one point alive which results in the 0.00013 value to be copied from the seventh column to the eleventh column, which is the column that calculates the “Probability that Points Left = 1”.

The bolded numbers at the bottom of the last four columns of Table 22 tally the probability of ending the second round with the number of Points specified at the head of the column. For example, of the games that play a second stage (which is all games in this embodiment), 24.31% will finish the second stage with two points active.

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Points Alive at Round Start	Comb.	Pay	Occur.	Probability of Occurrence	Probability of Start Condition	Prob. Of This Result	EV	Points Alive After Roll	Prob. That Points Left = 0	Prob. That Points Left = 1	Prob. That Points Left = 2	Prob. That Points Left = 3
1	AAA	6	1	0.00462963	0.02777778	0.000129	0.000772	1		0.00013		
1	AAx	1	15	0.06944444	0.02777778	0.001929	0.001929	1		0.00193		
1	Axx	1	75	0.34722222	0.02777778	0.009645	0.009645	1		0.00965		
1	xxx	0	125	0.5787037	0.02777778	0.016075	0	0	0.01608			
			216	1								
2	AAA	6	1	0.00462963	0.41666667	0.001929	0.011574	1		0.00193		
2	BBB	6	1	0.00462963	0.41666667	0.001929	0.011574	1		0.00193		
2	AAB	2	3	0.01388889	0.41666667	0.005787	0.011574	2			0.00579	
2	BBA	2	3	0.01388889	0.41666667	0.005787	0.011574	2			0.00579	
2	AAx	1	12	0.05555556	0.41666667	0.023148	0.023148	1		0.02315		
2	BBx	1	12	0.05555556	0.41666667	0.023148	0.023148	1		0.02315		
2	ABx	1	24	0.11111111	0.41666667	0.046296	0.046296	2			0.0463	
2	Axx	1	48	0.22222222	0.41666667	0.092593	0.092593	1		0.09259		
2	Bxx	1	48	0.22222222	0.41666667	0.092593	0.092593	1		0.09259		
2	xxx	0	64	0.2962963	0.41666667	0.123457	0	0	0.12346			
			216	1								
3	AAA	6	1	0.00462963	0.55555556	0.002572	0.015432	1		0.00257		
3	BBB	6	1	0.00462963	0.55555556	0.002572	0.015432	1		0.00257		
3	CCC	6	1	0.00462963	0.55555556	0.002572	0.015432	1		0.00257		
3	AAB	2	3	0.01388889	0.55555556	0.007716	0.015432	2			0.00772	
3	AAC	2	3	0.01388889	0.55555556	0.007716	0.015432	2			0.00772	
3	BBA	2	3	0.01388889	0.55555556	0.007716	0.015432	2			0.00772	
3	BBC	2	3	0.01388889	0.55555556	0.007716	0.015432	2			0.00772	
3	CCA	2	3	0.01388889	0.55555556	0.007716	0.015432	2			0.00772	
3	CCB	2	3	0.01388889	0.55555556	0.007716	0.015432	2			0.00772	
3	ABC	2	6	0.02777778	0.55555556	0.015432	0.030864	3				0.01543
3	ABx	1	18	0.08333333	0.55555556	0.046296	0.046296	2			0.0463	
3	ACx	1	18	0.08333333	0.55555556	0.046296	0.046296	2			0.0463	
3	BCx	1	18	0.08333333	0.55555556	0.046296	0.046296	2			0.0463	
3	AAx	1	9	0.04166667	0.55555556	0.023148	0.023148	1		0.02315		
3	BBx	1	9	0.04166667	0.55555556	0.023148	0.023148	1		0.02315		
3	CCx	1	9	0.04166667	0.55555556	0.023148	0.023148	1		0.02315		
3	Axx	1	27	0.125	0.55555556	0.069444	0.069444	1		0.06944		
3	Bxx	1	27	0.125	0.55555556	0.069444	0.069444	1		0.06944		
3	Cxx	1	27	0.125	0.55555556	0.069444	0.069444	1		0.06944		
3	xxx	0	27	0.125	0.55555556	0.069444	0	0	0.06944			
			216	1								
					EV of second Stage:		0.92284					
					Prob. Of Start Cond. For Next Stage				0.20898	0.53254	0.24306	0.01543
					Total of 4 probability values above							1

Table 22

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Table 23 provides a similar analysis for the third stage of the game. The first two columns are the same. The third column has been modified to reflect the 2-2-5-14 (e.g., Figure 31) payable values for the third stage. The fourth column is the same as Table 22.

5 The fifth column uses the "Probability of Start Condition" for the specified number of points taken from the bottom of Table 22. Those numbers at the bottom of Table 22 show the probability of ending the second stage with zero, one, two or three points. The values in the rest of the columns are calculated in the same manner as was described for Table 22.

10 Looking at the sum of the "EV" column, it is clear that the expected return for the third stage of the game is 90.24%. The right four columns are used to compute the probability of zero, one, two or three points remain alive after the third stage. Note that the sum of these probability values does not total 1.0, but rather 0.79102. The additional component is the 0.20898 found at the bottom of Table 22 under "Probability that Points
15 Left = 0". This represents games that ended after two stages and thus are not reflected in the stage three ending breakdown. In the same manner, the 0.3821 probability of ending the game in the third stage will not be included in the stage four ending breakdown.

The analysis for stages four through seven is done in a manner identical to stage three. The comparable tables for these stages are therefore not shown.

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Points Alive at Round Start	Comb.	Pay	Occur.	Probability of Occurrence	Probability of Start Condition	Prob. Of This Result	EV	Points Alive After Roll	Prob. That Points Left = 0	Prob. That Points Left = 1	Prob. That Points Left = 2	Prob. That Points Left = 3
1	AAA	14	1	0.00462963	0.532536	0.0024654	0.0345162	1		0.0025		
1	AAx	2	15	0.06944444	0.532536	0.0369817	0.0739633	1		0.037		
1	Axx	2	75	0.34722222	0.532536	0.1849083	0.3698167	1		0.1849		
1	xxx	0	125	0.5787037	0.532536	0.3081806	0	0	0.3082			
			216	1								
2	AAA	14	1	0.00462963	0.2430556	0.0011253	0.0157536	1		0.0011		
2	BBB	14	1	0.00462963	0.2430556	0.0011253	0.0157536	1		0.0011		
2	AAB	5	3	0.01388889	0.2430556	0.0033758	0.0168789	2			0.0034	
2	BBA	5	3	0.01388889	0.2430556	0.0033758	0.0168789	2			0.0034	
2	AAx	2	12	0.05555556	0.2430556	0.0135031	0.0270062	1		0.0135		
2	BBx	2	12	0.05555556	0.2430556	0.0135031	0.0270062	1		0.0135		
2	ABx	2	24	0.11111111	0.2430556	0.0270062	0.0540123	2			0.027	
2	Axx	2	48	0.22222222	0.2430556	0.0540123	0.1080247	1		0.054		
2	Bxx	2	48	0.22222222	0.2430556	0.0540123	0.1080247	1		0.054		
2	xxx	0	64	0.2962963	0.2430556	0.0720165	0	0	0.072			
			216	1								
3	AAA	14	1	0.00462963	0.0154321	7.144E-05	0.0010002	1		7E-05		
3	BBB	14	1	0.00462963	0.0154321	7.144E-05	0.0010002	1		7E-05		
3	CCC	14	1	0.00462963	0.0154321	7.144E-05	0.0010002	1		7E-05		
3	AAB	5	3	0.01388889	0.0154321	0.0002143	0.0010717	2			0.0002	
3	AAC	5	3	0.01388889	0.0154321	0.0002143	0.0010717	2			0.0002	
3	BBA	5	3	0.01388889	0.0154321	0.0002143	0.0010717	2			0.0002	
3	BBC	5	3	0.01388889	0.0154321	0.0002143	0.0010717	2			0.0002	
3	CCA	5	3	0.01388889	0.0154321	0.0002143	0.0010717	2			0.0002	
3	CCB	5	3	0.01388889	0.0154321	0.0002143	0.0010717	2			0.0002	
3	ABC	5	6	0.02777778	0.0154321	0.0004287	0.0021433	3				0.00043
3	ABx	2	18	0.08333333	0.0154321	0.001286	0.002572	2			0.0013	
3	ACx	2	18	0.08333333	0.0154321	0.001286	0.002572	2			0.0013	
3	BCx	2	18	0.08333333	0.0154321	0.001286	0.002572	2			0.0013	
3	AAx	2	9	0.04166667	0.0154321	0.000643	0.001286	1		0.0006		
3	BBx	2	9	0.04166667	0.0154321	0.000643	0.001286	1		0.0006		
3	CCx	2	9	0.04166667	0.0154321	0.000643	0.001286	1		0.0006		
3	Axx	2	27	0.125	0.0154321	0.001929	0.003858	1		0.0019		
3	Bxx	2	27	0.125	0.0154321	0.001929	0.003858	1		0.0019		
3	Cxx	2	27	0.125	0.0154321	0.001929	0.003858	1		0.0019		
3	xxx	0	27	0.125	0.0154321	0.001929	0	0	0.0019			
			216	1								
					EV of third Stage:		0.9023574					
					Prob. Of Start Cond. For Next Stage				0.3821	0.3696	0.0389	0.00043
					Total of 4 probability values above							0.79102

Table 23

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The analysis provided thus far does not include the bonuses for two "Buncos" and three "Buncos" occurring in the same game. The probability of getting a second or third "Bunco" in a game must be analyzed on a stage by stage basis, with the expected value of such awards added to the EV of the stage in which the bonus occurs.

5 A double "Bunco" award is given on a particular stage when the second "Bunco" in a game is achieved in that stage. It is not possible to get a double "Bunco" in the first stage. In the second stage, the only way to achieve a double "Bunco" bonus is to roll a "Bunco" on each of the first two stages. On the third stage, one could get "Bunco" on the first and third stage, or the second and third stage (the first and second stage is the case
10 noted above of getting a double "Bunco" on the second stage). The shorthand xBB is used to indicate no "Bunco" on the first stage followed by "Bunco" on the second and third stages, while similarly BxB indicates "Bunco" on the first and third stages with no "Bunco" on the second stage.

15 Table 24 shows the combinations that will result in a double "Bunco" on the seventh stage. Note that all combinations must have the second "Bunco" occur as the seventh stage because if the second "Bunco" occurred earlier then it would be attributed to the earlier stage.

20 BxxxxxB
 xBxxxxB
 xxBxxxB
 xxxBxxB
 xxxxBxB
 xxxxxBB

Table 24

25 Working through the cases in Table 24, it is found that as a result of symmetry, the probability of each of these components to a seventh level double "Bunco" is identical. Likewise, there are five ways of identical probability to achieve a sixth level double "Bunco" bonus and the two ways mentioned above to achieve a third level double "Bunco" bonus have identical probability.

30 In order to compute the probability of the required components, there is a need to use three values that were computed earlier. In Table 21, the probability of a "Bunco" on

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the first roll is shown to be 0.027777778. The "x" components in the first line of Table 24 is the probability of staying alive in a game that has established one point, by rolling anything but a "Bunco". This is found by taking the second and third lines of Table 22 (AAx and Axx) and adding the probability of those rolls (fourth column), which results in a total of 0.416666667. Finally, there is the probability of rolling a "Bunco" while one point is alive. This is shown in the first line of Table 22 (AAA) as 0.00462963. Using these values, one may construct the double "Bunco" probability table of Table 25.

The first column of Table 25 shows the game "Stage" for which the probability of double "Bunco" is being computed. The second column is the "Number of Forms" a double "Bunco" may take on that stage (such as the six forms shown for the seventh stage in Table 24). The third column shows the "Sample Form" being computed for the stage. The fourth through tenth columns are the probability components matching the respective letters in the third column forms. The eleventh column is the "Probability" of getting a double "Bunco" on that level which is the product of the second column form count and all probability components ("Comp." 1 through 7).

Stage	Number of Forms	Sample Form	Comp. 1	Comp. 2	Comp. 3	Comp. 4	Comp. 5	Comp. 6	Comp. 7	Double Bunco Probability
1	0									0
2	1	BB	0.027778	0.00463						0.000128601
3	2	BxB	0.027778	0.416667	0.00463					0.000107167
4	3	BxxB	0.027778	0.416667	0.416667	0.00463				6.69796E-05
5	4	BxxxB	0.027778	0.416667	0.416667	0.416667	0.00463			3.72109E-05
6	5	BxxxxB	0.027778	0.416667	0.416667	0.416667	0.416667	0.00463		1.93807E-05
7	6	BxxxxxB	0.027778	0.416667	0.416667	0.416667	0.416667	0.416667	0.00463	9.69033E-06

Table 25

The analysis for the "Triple Bunco Bonus" is similar to the "Double Bunco Bonus." Table 26 shows all of the possible forms of a seventh level "Triple Bunco Bonus."

BBxxxxB
BxBxxxB
BxxBxxB
BxxxBxB
5 BxxxxBB
xBBxxxB
xBxBxxB
xBxxBxB
xBxxxBB
10 xxBBxxB
xxBxBxB
xxBxxBB
xxxBBxB
xxxBxBB
15 xxxxBBB

Table 26

Using the same symmetry that was used for the double “Bunco” calculation, one arrives at Table 27.

Stage	Number of Forms	Sample Form	Comp. 1	Comp. 2	Comp. 3	Comp. 4	Comp. 5	Comp. 6	Comp. 7	Triple Bunco Probability
1	0									0
2	0									0
3	1	BBB	0.027778	0.00463	0.00463					5.95374E-07
4	3	BBxB	0.027778	0.00463	0.416667	0.00463				7.44218E-07
5	6	BBxxB	0.027778	0.00463	0.416667	0.416667	0.00463			6.20181E-07
6	10	BBxxxB	0.027778	0.00463	0.416667	0.416667	0.416667	0.00463		4.30682E-07
7	15	BBxxxxB	0.027778	0.00463	0.416667	0.416667	0.416667	0.416667	0.00463	2.69176E-07

Table 27

20 Table 28 shows the expected return from the double “Bunco” and triple “Bunco” awards. The first column shows the game “Stage”. The second column shows the “75” coin pay for the “Double Bunco Bonus”. The third column shows the “Double Bunco Probability” computed in Table 25 for each stage. The fourth column computes the expected return” (EV) for double “Buncos” on the given stage by multiplying the “Pay”
25 (second column) times the “Probability” (third column). The fifth through seventh

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columns compute the triple "Bunco" expected return in the same manner as was used for "Double Bunco" in the second through fourth columns.

Stage	Double Bunco Pay	Double Bunco Prob.	Double Bunco EV	Triple Bunco Pay	Triple Bunco Prob.	Triple Bunco EV
1	75	0	0	2500	0	0
2	75	0.000129	0.009645	2500	0	0
3	75	0.000107	0.008038	2500	5.95E-07	0.001488
4	75	6.7E-05	0.005023	2500	7.44E-07	0.001861
5	75	3.72E-05	0.002791	2500	6.2E-07	0.00155
6	75	1.94E-05	0.001454	2500	4.31E-07	0.001077
7	75	9.69E-06	0.000727	2500	2.69E-07	0.000673

Table 28

Finally, the overall EV of each stage and the overall EV of multi-stage games is shown in Table 29. The first column indicates the "Stage" number. The second column shows the expected return for the base game stage which was generated for the first three stages in Table 21, Table 22, and Table 23. The third and fourth column show the "Double" and "Triple Bunco" bonus EV components generated in Table 28. The fifth column is the total EV for the stage, which is created by adding the EV components in the second, third and fourth columns. The sixth column is the EV of an entire multi-stage game that bet on the number of stages in the first column. This is the average of the fifth column in the current row and all rows above (i.e., the average EV of all stages in the multi-stage game). The expected return of the entire game when a player plays all seven stages is 0.927423292 or 92.74%.

Stage	Base Game EV	Double Bunco EV	Triple Bunco EV	Total EV For Stage	EV of Game Playing this many stages
1	0.888889	0	0	0.888889	0.888888889
2	0.92284	0.009645	0	0.932485	0.910686728
3	0.902357	0.008038	0.001488	0.911883	0.911085629
4	0.921469	0.005023	0.001861	0.928353	0.915402545
5	0.953178	0.002791	0.00155	0.957519	0.923825811
6	0.937292	0.001454	0.001077	0.939822	0.92649184
7	0.931612	0.000727	0.000673	0.933012	0.927423292

Table 29

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It will additionally be noted that the invention further contemplates a training program for players of these games, particularly in the video game versions. Such training programs are designed to teach players not only the fundamentals of game play, but to optimize game playing strategy, as with visual and aural cues for the player, replay options, and the like. Representative training programs are disclosed in applicants' co-
5 pending patent application Serial No. 09/539,286, filed March 30, 2000, and that disclosure is hereby incorporated by reference.

Thus, while the invention has been disclosed and described with respect to certain embodiments, those of skill in the art will recognize modifications, changes, other
10 applications and the like which will nonetheless fall within the spirit and ambit of the invention, and the following claims are intended to capture such variations.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method of playing a wagering game having a number of stages to be wagered on, comprising:

5 a player making a wager according to a number of sequential stages desired to be played;

initiating play of a first stage of the game, wherein if a win is experienced on the first stage and if the second stage was wagered, play of the game advances to the second stage and a payout is earned, and wherein if a win is not experienced, the game is over and all wagers are lost;

10 initiating play of a second stage of the game, wherein if a win is experienced on the second stage and if the third stage was wagered, play of the game advances to a third stage and a payout is earned, wherein if a win on the second stage is not experienced, the game is over and all wagers, except the payout on the first stage win, are lost;

15 sequentially initiating play of any number of respective stages of the game after the second stage, the any number of stages comprising one of a final stage which is a pre-set maximum stage for the game, and a desired stage, the desired stage being a stage between the final and the second stage optionally selected by the player to be the utmost wagered stage, wherein if a win is sequentially experienced on each sequentially succeeding stage up to and including one of the final and desired stage, and if each succeeding stage up to and including the one of the final and desired stage was wagered, then a payout is earned on each sequential stage and play of the game advances sequentially up to and including one of the final and desired stage, wherein after the play of
20 one of the final and desired stage, the game is then over, and wherein if
25 a win is not experienced on any played stage after the first stage, the

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game is over and all wagers, except the payouts from any of the preceding stages, are lost.

2. The method of Claim 1, wherein the game is a slots game, and each stage is a slot machine device having one or more betting lines.

5 3. The method of Claim 2, wherein the game has at least three stages.

4. The method of Claim 3, wherein each stage uses the same payable, and each stage has a respective payout multiplier, each stage multiplier being different from another stage multiplier and increasing with successive stages.

10 5. The method of Claim 4, wherein a final stage multiplier is based upon a random number generator.

6. The method of Claim 1 wherein a win comprises a net positive result of a payout for a given stage relative to a respective wager for that stage.

15 7. The method of Claim 1, wherein the game is comprised of a multi-stage "Five-Card Stud" poker game, the game having at least three stages, each stage having a respective poker betting hand.

8. The method of Claim 7, wherein a win includes a "Free Ride" feature, wherein the game will automatically advance a player from a current stage to a succeeding stage, independently of whether the current stage includes a winning hand, if the "Free Ride" feature is dealt in the current stage.

20 9. The method of Claim 8, wherein one payable is used for the game, and each stage has a respective payout multiplier, each stage multiplier being different from another stage multiplier and increasing with successive stages.

10. The method of Claim 1, wherein the game is comprised of a "Five-Card Draw" poker game.

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11. The method of Claim 10, further comprising dealing at each stage a hand of at least five cards, all face up, in a first deal;

selecting none, one, or more than one of the face up cards as cards to be held;

discarding from the first deal the non-held cards and replacing those cards with

5

a face-up card to arrive at a resultant five cards;

determining a poker hand ranking of the resultant cards of the hand.

12. The method of Claim 11, wherein each stage uses the same payable, and each stage has a respective payout multiplier, each stage multiplier being different from another stage multiplier and increasing with successive stages.

10

13. A method of playing a wagering dice game having a plurality of stages to be wagered against, each stage representing a roll of the dice, comprising:

a player making a wager according to a number of stages desired to be played,

wherein the wager made on a stage creates an eligibility for playing that stage;

15

initiating play of a first stage of the game by rolling plural dice, wherein each different number appearing on each of the die becomes a respective point-to-match that is stored and displayed, wherein if all die numbers match, a win is experienced and a payout is earned, and wherein play advances to a second stage if the second stage was wagered, independent of whether a win was experienced;

20

initiating play of a second stage by rolling the dice;

determining whether any of the numbers appearing on a die from the second

roll match the point(s)-to-match, wherein at least one match is considered a win and play advances to a third stage if the third stage

25

was wagered, but the game is over and any remaining wagers are lost if there is no match, and further wherein for a point matched, a payout is earned, each point-to-match that matches at least one of the dice for the

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- second stage remaining for a third stage, if a third stage was wagered upon;
- initiating play of a third stage by rolling the dice;
- determining whether any numbers appearing on a die from the third roll match
- 5 the point(s)-to-match left from the second stage, wherein at least one match is considered a win and play advances to a fourth stage if the fourth stage was wagered, but the game is over and any remaining wagers are lost if there is no match, and further wherein for a point
- 10 matched, another payout is earned, each point-to-match that matches at least one of the dice for the third stage remaining for a fourth stage if a fourth stage was wagered upon;
- initiating play of a fourth through n^{th} stage by rolling the dice in each respective stage; and
- making an identical determination for each respective fourth through n^{th} stage
- 15 as performed for the second and third stages in order to continue play up to the n^{th} stage, or to end the game when no point(s)-to-match remaining from a preceding stage can be matched to the numbers appearing on the dice of a current stage.
14. The method of Claim 13, wherein a "Bunco" bonus is awarded when a roll
- 20 of the dice results with all numbers of the dice matching and further matching a point-to-match.
15. A video machine configured as a wagering game, comprising:
- a first, a second, and up to predetermined n^{th} stage to be wagered upon;
- an input for wagering an amount;
- 25 a microprocessor receiving signals from the input for determining the number of stages to be wagered, and including a program for controlling the play of the game as a function of the stages wagered wherein,

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a player makes a wager according to a number of stages desired to be played;

5 play of a first stage of the game is initiated, and if a win is experienced on the first stage and if the second stage was wagered, play of the game advances to the second stage, a payout is earned, but if a win is not experienced, the game is over and all wagers are lost;

10 play of a second stage of the game is initiated if wagered and the first stage resulted in a win, and if a win is experienced on the second stage and the next successive stage was wagered, play of the game advances to the succeeding stage, a payout is earned, but if a win on the second stage is not experienced, the game is over and all wagers, except the payout on the first stage win, are lost;

15 play of each successive stage up to the n^{th} stage of the game is initiated, and if a win is experienced on each successive stage, a payout is earned and the game continues to a subsequent stage, but if a win is not experienced, the game is over and only payouts from the preceding stages are retained.

16. The machine of Claim 15, wherein the game is a multi-stage slot machine.

17. The machine of Claim 15, wherein the game is "Five Card Stud" poker.

20 18. The machine of Claim 15, wherein the game is "Draw" poker.

19. The machine of Claim 15, wherein the game is a dice game.

20. A method of playing a game, comprising the steps of:

(a) providing a player with a first stage game of chance upon which a first wager is placed by the player;

25 (b) providing the player with a second stage game of chance upon which a second wager is placeable;

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each said stage having an advancement condition and a terminating condition;

- (c) playing said first stage game;
- (d) determining which of said advancement and terminating conditions is presented by said first stage game as played;
- (e) if an advancement condition is presented by said first stage game as played, then advancing to said second stage game, but if a terminating condition is presented by said first stage game as played, the game is over and at least part of said second wager is lost;
- (f) playing said second stage game if an advancement condition is presented at step (e) and a second wager has been placed; and
- (g) determining which of said advancement and terminating conditions is presented by said second stage game as played.

21. The method of playing a game of claim 20 further including the step of providing a payout for an advancement condition at the second stage.

22. The method of playing a game of claim 21 further including the step of providing a payout for an advancement condition at each stage.

23. The method of playing a game of claim 22 wherein said payout is based upon the amount of a respective wager at a respective stage.

24. The method of playing a game of claim 23 wherein said payout is increased by a multiplier for a respective stage.

25. The method of playing a game of claim 24 wherein said multiplier increases for each successive stage.

26. The method of playing a game of claim 20 wherein said first and second games of chance are the same type of game.

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27. The method of playing a game of claim 26 wherein said type of game is a slot machine device.

28. The method of playing a game of claim 27 wherein said slot machine device is a video slot machine having visual representations of plural slot reels.

5 29. The method of playing a game of claim 26 wherein said type of game is a card game.

30. The method of playing a game of claim 29 wherein said card game is selected from one of "Draw" and "Stud" poker.

10 31. The method of playing a game of claim 26 wherein said type of game is a dice game.

32. The method of playing a game of claim 20 wherein said first and second games of chance are different types of games.

33. A method of playing a game, comprising the steps of:

- 15 (a) providing a player with a first stage game of chance upon which a first wager is placed by the player;
- (b) providing the player with a successive stage game of chance (n_1) up to a predetermined n th stage (n_x) game of chance upon which respective n_1 to n_x wagers are placeable;
- each said stage having a winning condition and a losing condition;
- 20 (d) playing said first stage game;
- (e) determining which of said winning and losing conditions is presented by said first stage game as played;
- (f) if a winning condition is presented by said first stage game as played, then advancing to said successive stage game, but if a losing condition
- 25 is presented by said first stage game as played, the game is over and any wager at a stage higher than the first game stage is lost;

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- 5 (g) playing said successive stage game if a winning condition is presented by said first stage game as played, and a wager has been placed on said successive stage game;
- (h) determining which of said winning and losing conditions is presented by said successive stage game as played, and if a winning condition is presented, then advancing through additional stage games up through said n^{th} stage game if at each respective additional stage game a wager has been placed on that stage game and its preceding stage game presents a winning condition, but if a losing condition is presented at an additional stage game, the game is over and any wager at a stage higher is lost.
- 10

34. The method of playing a game of claim 33 further including the step of providing a payout for a winning condition at each stage.

15 35. The method of playing a game of claim 34 wherein said payout is based upon the amount of a respective wager at a respective stage, said payout is increased by a multiplier for a respective stage, and said multiplier increases at each stage reached.

36. A method for operating a processor-controlled gaming machine comprising the steps of:

- 20 (a) providing gameplay elements in a manner that can be visualized by a player;
- (b) providing a mechanism for a wager input from the player;
- (c) providing a mechanism for game operational input from the player;
- (d) providing a first stage game of chance upon which a first wager is placed by the player;
- 25 (e) providing the player with a second stage game of chance upon which a second wager is placeable;

each said stage having an advancement condition and a terminating condition;

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- 5 (f) displaying at least said first stage game using at least some of said gameplay elements;
- (g) playing said first stage game;
- (h) determining which of said advancement and terminating conditions is presented by said first stage game as played;
- (i) if an advancement condition is presented by said first stage game as played, then advancing to said second stage game, but if a terminating condition is presented by said first stage game as played, the game is over and at least part of said second wager is lost;
- 10 (j) displaying said second stage game of chance using at least some of said gameplay elements if said second stage game is not already displayed and playing said second stage game if an advancement condition is presented at step (i) and a second wager has been placed;
- (k) determining which of said advancement and terminating conditions is presented by said second stage game as played; and
- 15 (l) providing a payout for an advancement condition.

37. The method of claim 36 further including the step of providing a payout for an advancement condition at each stage.

- 20 38. The method of claim 36 further including the steps of:
- (m) providing the player with a third stage game of chance and up to an n^{th} stage game of chance upon which a third wager and up to an n^{th} wager are respectively placeable;
- (n) displaying said third stage game of chance using at least some of said gameplay elements if said third stage game is not already displayed and playing said third stage game if an advancement condition is presented
- 25 at step (k) and a third wager has been placed;
- (o) determining which of said advancement and terminating conditions is presented by said third stage game as played; and

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(p) displaying if not already displayed, using at least some of said gameplay elements, and playing seriatim each successive stage after said third stage game up to said n^{th} stage game, if said third stage game and successive stages thereafter respectively present an advancement condition and a successive respective wager has been placed.

5

39. The method of claim 38 wherein said payout is based upon the amount of wager at a respective stage, and said payout is increased by a multiplier for a respective stage, with said multiplier increasing as at least some stages are reached.

10

40. The method of claim 38 wherein said gameplay elements comprise a slot machine device having visual representations of plural slot reels.

41. The method of claim 40 wherein a separate slot machine device is visually displayed for each stage, with a plurality of stages being displayed together on a visual display.

15

42. The method of claim 38 wherein said gameplay elements are cards for a card game of chance.

43. The method of claim 42 wherein a hand of cards is visually displayed for each stage, with a plurality of stages being displayed together on a visual display.

44. The method of claim 38 wherein said gameplay elements are dice.

20

45. The method of claim 44 further including the steps of:
providing a set of differing gameplay element indicia, and establishing from said set of gameplay element indicia a subset of at least one match indicia against which said dice are to be matched in the course of play, said dice having a plurality of said gameplay element indicia represented thereon as facets of each die;

displaying said first, second, third and successive stages up to said nth stage together as discrete arrays on a visual display;
tossing said dice and beginning with at least said second stage game, determining any match between said match indicia and said die indicia, with at least one match comprising an advancement condition for a stage being played; and
removing from further play any match indicium which is not matched at a stage.

46. The method of claim 45 further including the steps of:
providing a visual representation of said die indicia resulting from a respective toss on a respective array of said visual display; and
providing a visual representation of each said match indicia remaining in play.

47. The method of claim 38 wherein said payout is based upon a table which increases the amount of payout for a given wager as at least some stages are reached.

48. The method of claim 38 further including the step of:
providing a feature which is subject to random allocation to a stage in the course of play, said feature if allocated constituting an advancement condition enabling a next stage to be played, provided a wager has been placed on said next stage which is subject to being so enabled for play.

49. A video card game comprising:
a video display device;
a cpu having a program;
a wager input mechanism which registers a wager placed by a player, said wager including an ability to register bets upon successive stages of the game;
a first deck of playing cards comprised of cards of suit and rank generated by said program, said program establishing a first array for display of a

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subset of said deck, said subset comprising a hand of cards randomly selected from said deck;

said program dealing a first stage hand of cards, and determining whether said hand of cards presents a winning condition based upon a preset hierarchical ranking of card arrangements relating to suit and rank;

said program dealing a second stage hand of cards provided a bet has been registered for said second stage and a winning condition is presented by said first stage hand as played, but if a losing condition is presented by said first stage hand as played, the game is over and at least a portion of bets on said first and second stage hands are lost;

said program including a payout output based upon said wager and predetermined values for said first and second stage hands according to a preset hierarchical ranking of card arrangements relating to suit and rank.

50. The video game of claim 49 further comprising a second deck of playing cards from which said second stage hand of cards is dealt and successive decks of playing cards for a respective successive stage hand of cards, and wherein said program deals a successive stage hand of cards provided a bet has been registered for a respective successive stage hand of cards and a winning condition is presented by a next preceding stage hand as played, up to a predetermined n^{th} stage.

51. The video game of claim 50 wherein said payout output includes a payout for a bet on any stage hand of cards presenting a winning condition as played.

52. The video game of claim 51 wherein said payout output includes payout tables which are different for at least some of said stages.

53. The video game of claim 51 wherein said payout output includes a payout table which is the same for each stage, but includes a multiplier for at least some of said stages, said multiplier increasing for successively higher stages.

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54. The video game of claim 51 further including a feature generated by said program which is subject to random allocation to a stage in the course of play, said feature if allocated constituting a winning condition enabling said second and any successive stage to be played regardless of a winning condition otherwise being presented at said first, second and a next preceding stage, respectively, provided a bet has been placed on said respective second, successive and next successive stage, respectively, which is subject to being so enabled for play.

55. The video game of claim 50 wherein said first stage hand of cards is visually displayed in said first array, a second array is provided for display of said second stage hand of cards, and successive arrays are provided for display of respective successive stage hands of cards, with a plurality of arrays being displayed together on said visual display.

56. The video game of claim 55 wherein the card game is "Draw" poker, and said game further includes a mechanism for inputting player command selections for indicating one or more cards to be held in a hand being played, said program dealing cards from those remaining in a respective deck to replace any card not held to complete play of a stage hand of cards.

57. A video slot machine comprising:
a video display device;
a cpu having a program operating a slots game;
a wager input mechanism which registers a wager placed by a player, said wager including an ability to register bets upon successive stages of play of the machine;
a plurality of rotatable reels generated by said program, each of said reels being comprised of a plurality of different indicia, wherein each of said reels is caused by said program to appear to rotate and then randomly stop to thereby yield a display of certain indicia as a spin of said reels;

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said program establishing a first stage spin, and determining whether said first stage spin presents a winning condition based upon a preset ranking of various indicia arrangements;

5 said program establishing a second stage spin if a bet has been registered for said second stage spin and a winning condition is presented by said first stage spin, but if a losing condition is presented by said first stage spin, the game is over and at least a portion of bets on said first and second stage spins are lost;

10 said program including a payout output based upon said wager and predetermined values for said first and second stage spins according to said preset ranking.

15 58. The slot machine of claim 57 wherein said program establishes a successive stage spin provided a bet has been registered for a respective successive stage spin and a winning condition is presented by a next preceding stage spin, up to a predetermined n^{th} stage spin.

 59. The slot machine of claim 58 wherein said payout output includes a payout for a bet on any stage spin presenting a winning condition, and said payout output includes a payout table which is the same for each stage spin, but includes a multiplier for at least some of said stages, said multiplier increasing for successively higher stages.

20 60. The slot machine of claim 58 further including a feature generated by said program which is subject to random allocation to a stage in the course of play, said feature if allocated constituting a winning condition enabling said second and any successive stage to be played regardless of a winning condition being presented at a next preceding stage, provided a bet has been placed on said next successive stage which is
25 subject to being so enabled for play.

 61. The slot machine of claim 58 wherein said first stage spin is visually displayed as a first set of reels in a first array, said second stage spin is visually displayed

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as a second set of reels in a second array, and successive stage spins are each displayed as further sets of reels in successive respective arrays, with a plurality of arrays being displayed together on said visual display.

5 62. The slot machine of claim 59 wherein said multiplier for said n^{th} stage spin is randomly selected by said program from a predetermined table of multipliers, at least most of said multipliers being greater than a multiplier for a successive stage spin next preceding said n^{th} stage spin.

10 63. The slot machine of claim 62 wherein selection of said multiplier for said n^{th} stage is displayed by said program as a wheel having segments with said predetermined multipliers displayed in respective segments of said wheel, and said wheel is caused to appear to rotate and come to a stop with said random multiplier at a designated stop point.

15 64. The video game of claim 53 wherein said multiplier for said n^{th} stage is randomly selected by said program from a predetermined table of multipliers, at least most of said multipliers being greater than a multiplier for a successive stage next preceding said n^{th} stage.

20 65. The video game of claim 64 wherein selection of said multiplier for said n^{th} stage is displayed by said program as a wheel having segments with said predetermined multipliers displayed in respective segments, and said wheel is caused to appear to rotate and come to a stop with said random multiplier at a designated stop point.

25 66. A slot machine comprising:
 a wager input mechanism which registers a wager placed by a player, said
 wager input mechanism including a register of bets upon successive
 stages of play of the machine;
 a plurality of rotatable reels, each of said reels having a plurality of different
 indicia thereon, wherein each of said reels is caused by a spin device to

- rotate and then randomly stop to thereby yield a display of certain indicia as a spin of said reels;
- a spin mechanism actuated by a player to cause said spin device to operate;
- a control apparatus which senses rest positions of said indicia on a spin and determines whether a spin presents an advancement condition based upon a preset ranking of various indicia arrangements used by said control apparatus;
- said control apparatus permitting at least a first stage spin upon registration of a wager and actuation of said spin mechanism, and permitting a second stage spin if a bet has been registered for said second stage spin and an advancement condition is determined for said first stage spin, but if an advancement condition is not determined for said first stage spin, the game is terminated and at least a portion of bets on said first and second stage spins are lost;
- a payout device yielding a payout according to said preset ranking.

67. The slot machine of claim 66 wherein said control apparatus establishes a successive stage spin provided a bet has been registered for a respective successive stage spin and a winning condition is determined for a next preceding stage spin, up to a predetermined n^{th} stage spin.

68. The slot machine of claim 67 wherein said payout device includes a payout table which is the same for each stage spin with a multiplier for at least some of said stages, said multiplier increasing for successively higher stages.

69. The slot machine of claim 67 wherein a first plurality of reels is used for said first stage spin, a second plurality of reels is used for said second stage spin, and successive pluralities of reels are used for each successive stage spin.

70. The slot machine of claim 68 wherein said multiplier for said n^{th} stage spin is randomly selected by said control apparatus from a predetermined table of multipliers,

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at least most of said multipliers being greater than a multiplier for a successive stage spin next preceding said n^{th} stage spin.

5 71. The slot machine of claim 70 wherein selection of said multiplier for said n^{th} stage is effected by spinning a wheel having said predetermined multipliers displayed in respective segments, said wheel coming to a stop with said random multiplier at a designated stop point sensed by said control apparatus.

 72. A video dice game comprising:
 a video display device;
 a cpu having a program operating a dice game;
10 a wager input mechanism which registers a wager placed by a player, said
 wager including an ability to register bets upon successive stages of
 play of the game;
 a set of differing gameplay element indicia, and a subset established from said
 set of gameplay element indicia of at least one match indicia against
15 which representations of dice are to be matched in the course of play,
 said dice having a plurality of said gameplay element indicia thereon as
 facets of each die;
 said program establishing a first stage dice toss, and determining whether said
 first stage toss presents an advancement condition based upon a match
20 of at least one die indicium with a match indicium;
 said program establishing a second stage toss if a bet has been registered for
 said second stage toss and a predetermined stage advancement
 condition is presented by said first stage toss, but if a stage
 advancement condition is not presented by said first stage toss, the
25 game is over and at least a portion of bets on said first and second stage
 tosses are lost;

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said program including a payout output based upon said wager and predetermined values for said first and second stage tosses according to a preset table.

5 73. The video game of claim 72 wherein beginning with at least said second stage game, said advancement condition is any match between said match indicia and said die indicia, with at least one match comprising a winning condition for a stage being played, and said program establishes a successive stage toss provided a bet has been registered for a respective successive stage toss and a winning condition is presented by a next preceding stage toss, up to a predetermined n^{th} stage toss.

10 74. The video game of claim 73 wherein said program displays said first, second and successive stages up to said n^{th} stage together as discrete arrays on the visual display, and generates a visual representation of die indicia resulting from a respective toss on a respective array of said visual display.

15 75. The video game of claim 74 wherein said program removes from further play any match indicium which is not matched at a stage, and provides a visual representation of any said match indicia remaining in play.

20 76. A video dice game comprising:
 a video display device;
 a cpu having a program operating a dice game;
 a wager input mechanism which registers a wager placed by a player, said
 wager including an ability to register bets upon successive stages of
 play of the game;
 a set of differing gameplay element indicia;
 representations of dice having a plurality of said gameplay element indicia
25 thereon as facets of each die;

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said program establishing a first stage dice toss, and determining whether said first stage toss presents an advancement condition based upon a predetermined game format;

5 said program establishing a second stage toss if a bet has been registered for said second stage toss and an advancement condition is presented by said first stage toss, but if an advancement condition is not presented by said first stage toss, the game is over and at least a portion of bets on said first and second stage tosses are lost;

10 said program including a payout output based upon said wager and predetermined values for said first and second stage tosses according to a preset table.

15 77. The video game of claim 76 wherein said program establishes a successive stage toss provided a bet has been registered for a respective successive stage toss and an advancement condition is presented by a next preceding stage toss, up to a predetermined n^{th} stage toss.

20 78. A method for playing a dice game comprising:
 providing a set of dice having a plurality of differing indicia thereon as facets of each die;
 establishing a subset from said indicia of at least one match indicia against which said dice are to be matched in the course of play;
 placing a bet upon at least one of a plurality of stages of the game, with each stage comprising a toss of the dice;
 making a first stage dice toss, and determining whether said first stage toss presents an advancement condition based upon a predetermined game
25 format;
 making a second stage toss if a bet has been registered for said second stage toss and said predetermined advancement condition is presented by said first stage toss, but if an advancement condition is not presented by said

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first stage toss, the game is over and at least a portion of bets on said first and second stage tosses are lost;
providing a payout output based upon said bet(s) and predetermined values for said first and second stage tosses according to a preset schedule.

5 79. The dice game method of claim 78 wherein beginning with at least said second stage game, said advancement condition comprises determining any match between said match indicia and said die indicia, with at least one match comprising an advancement condition for a stage being played, and a successive stage toss is made provided a bet has been registered for a respective successive stage toss and an
10 advancement condition is presented by a next preceding stage toss, up to a predetermined n^{th} stage toss.

80. A gaming machine comprising:
a gaming unit having at least first and second stages of play, each said stage having an advancement condition and a non-advancement condition;
15 an interface mechanism with said gaming unit allowing gameplay input for a player, said gameplay input including wagering input allowing the player to register a bet upon one or more stages of play;
an operational device operating said gaming unit upon player input including an operational command, said operational device determining which of
20 said conditions is presented by a first stage as played, and if an advancement condition is presented by said first stage as played, then advancing said gaming unit to said second stage, but if a non-advancement condition is presented by said first stage as played, the game is over and at least a portion of any second stage bet registered is
25 lost;
said operational device operating said gaming unit for said second stage if an advancement condition is determined for said first stage and a bet has

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been registered for said second stage, and determining which of said conditions is presented by said second stage as played.

5 81. The gaming machine of claim 80 wherein said operational device operates said gaming unit for a successive stage up to a predetermined n^{th} stage if an advancement condition is determined for said second stage and thereafter for a next preceding stage to said successive stage, and a bet has been registered for said successive stage, and determining which of said conditions is presented by said successive stage as played.

 82. The gaming machine of claim 81 further including a payout device which calculates a payout according to a preset schedule.

10 83. The gaming machine of claim 82 wherein said payout device provides a payout for each stage for which an advancement condition has been determined.

 84. The gaming machine of claim 83 wherein said payout device provides a payout multiplier which increases for at least some of said second and successive stages.

15 85. The gaming machine of claim 80 wherein said first and second stages of play are games which are of the same type of game.

 86. The gaming machine of claim 85 wherein said type of game is a slot machine device.

 87. The gaming machine of claim 86 wherein said slot machine device is a video slot machine having visual representations of plural slot reels.

20 88. The gaming machine of claim 85 wherein said type of game is a card game.

 89. The gaming machine of claim 88 wherein said card game is selected from one of "Draw" and "Stud" poker.

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90. The gaming machine of claim 85 wherein said type of game is a dice game.

91. The gaming machine of claim 80 wherein said first and second stages of play are different types of games.

5 92. A gaming machine comprising:
a gaming unit having first and successive stages of play up to a predetermined
nth stage, each said stage having a winning condition and a losing
condition;
an interface mechanism with said gaming unit allowing gameplay input for a
10 player, said gameplay input including wagering input allowing the
player to register a bet upon one or more stages of play;
an operational device operating said gaming unit upon player input including
an operational command, said operational device determining which of
said winning and losing conditions is presented by a first stage as
15 played, and if a winning condition is presented by said first stage as
played, then advancing said gaming unit to a successive stage, but if a
losing condition is presented by said first stage as played, the game is
over and at least any successive stage bet registered is lost;
said operational device operating said gaming unit for said successive stage if a
20 winning condition is determined for a preceding stage and a bet has
been registered for said successive stage, and determining which of said
winning and losing conditions is presented by said successive stage as
played, up to said nth stage.

25 93. The gaming machine of claim 92 wherein said gaming unit comprises a
slot machine device having visual representations of plural slot reels.

94. The gaming machine of claim 93 wherein a separate slot machine device
is visually displayed for each stage, with a plurality of stages being displayed together.

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95. The gaming machine of claim 92 wherein said gaming unit comprises a hand of cards which is visually displayed for each stage, with a plurality of stages being displayed together.

5 96. The gaming machine of claim 92 wherein said gaming unit comprises a toss of dice.

10 97. The gaming machine of claim 96 further including a set of differing gameplay element indicia, and a subset of said set comprising at least one match indicia against which said dice are to be matched in the course of play, said dice having a plurality of said gameplay element indicia represented thereon as facets of each die, and said first and successive stages up to said n^{th} stage are displayed together as discrete arrays.

15 98. The gaming machine of claim 97 wherein said operational device tosses said dice and beginning with at least said second stage, determines any match between said match indicia and said die indicia, with at least one match comprising a winning condition for a stage being played, and said operational device removes from further play any match indicium which is not matched at a stage.

20 99. The gaming machine of claim 98 further including a video display device, said gaming unit generating a visual representation of said die indicia resulting from a respective toss on a respective array of said visual display, and generating a visual representation of said match indicia remaining in play.

100. The gaming machine of claim 92 further including a payout device which provides a payout based upon a table which increases the amount of payout for a given bet as at least some stages are reached.

25 101. The gaming machine of claim 92 further including a feature which is subject to random allocation to a stage in the course of play by said operational device, said feature constituting a winning condition enabling a successive stage to be played

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regardless of any other winning condition being presented by a next preceding stage, provided a bet has been placed on said successive stage which is subject to being so enabled for play.

5 102. The gaming machine of claim 96 wherein said operational device tosses said dice and determines whether said toss presents a winning condition based upon a predetermined game format.

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FIG. 1

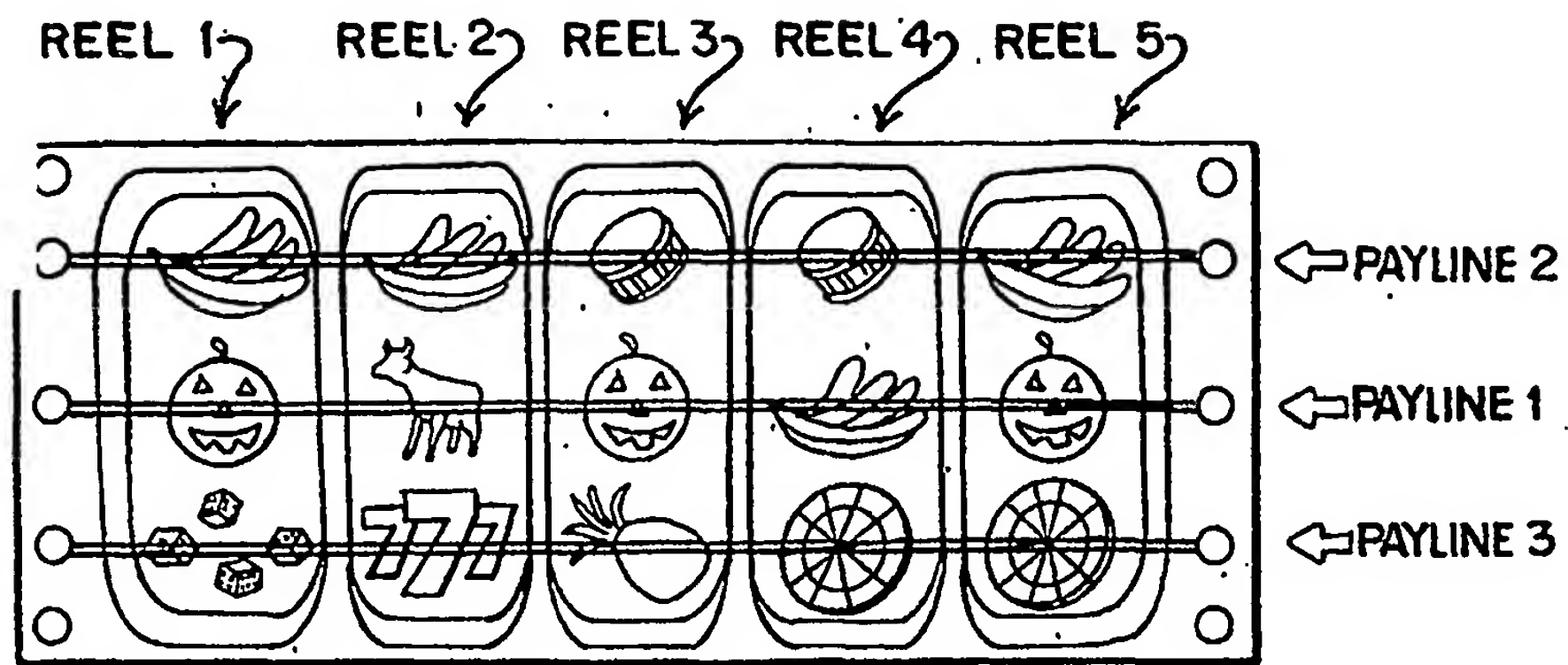


FIG. 2

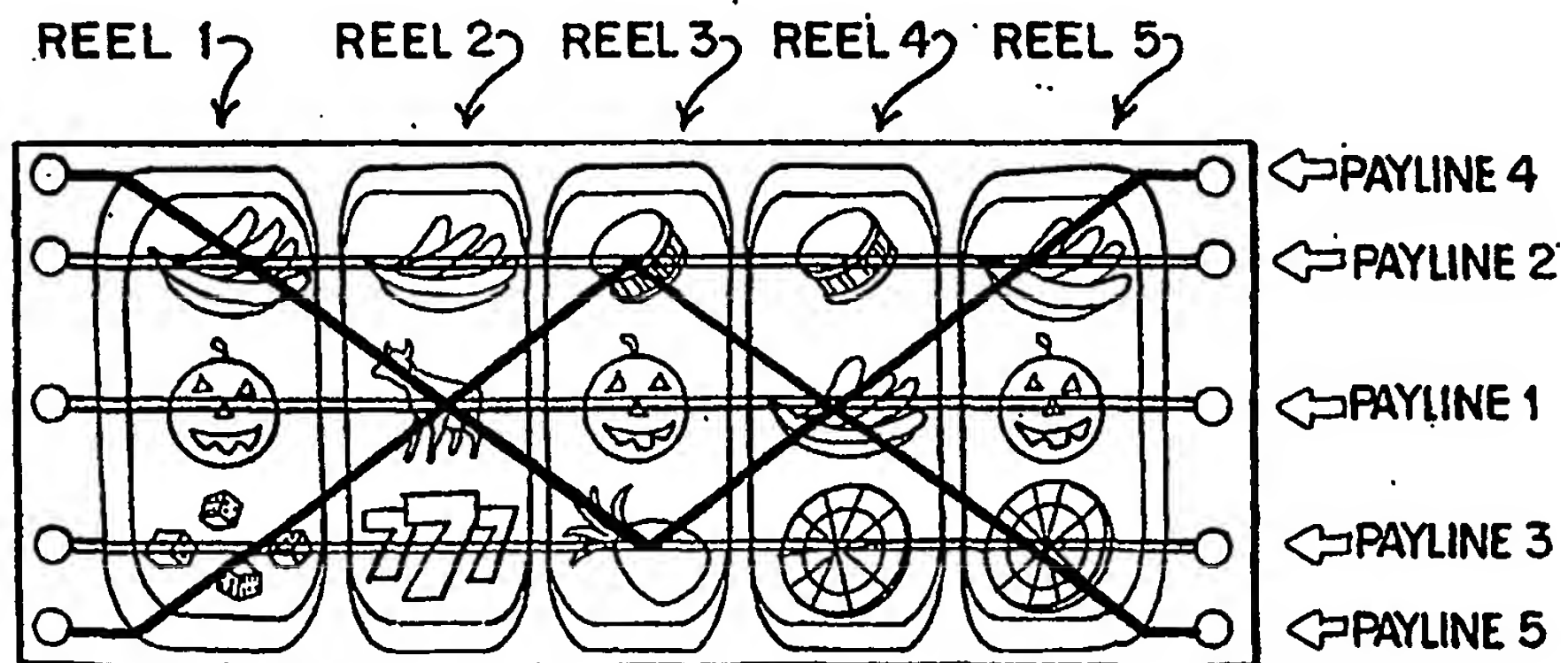


FIG.3

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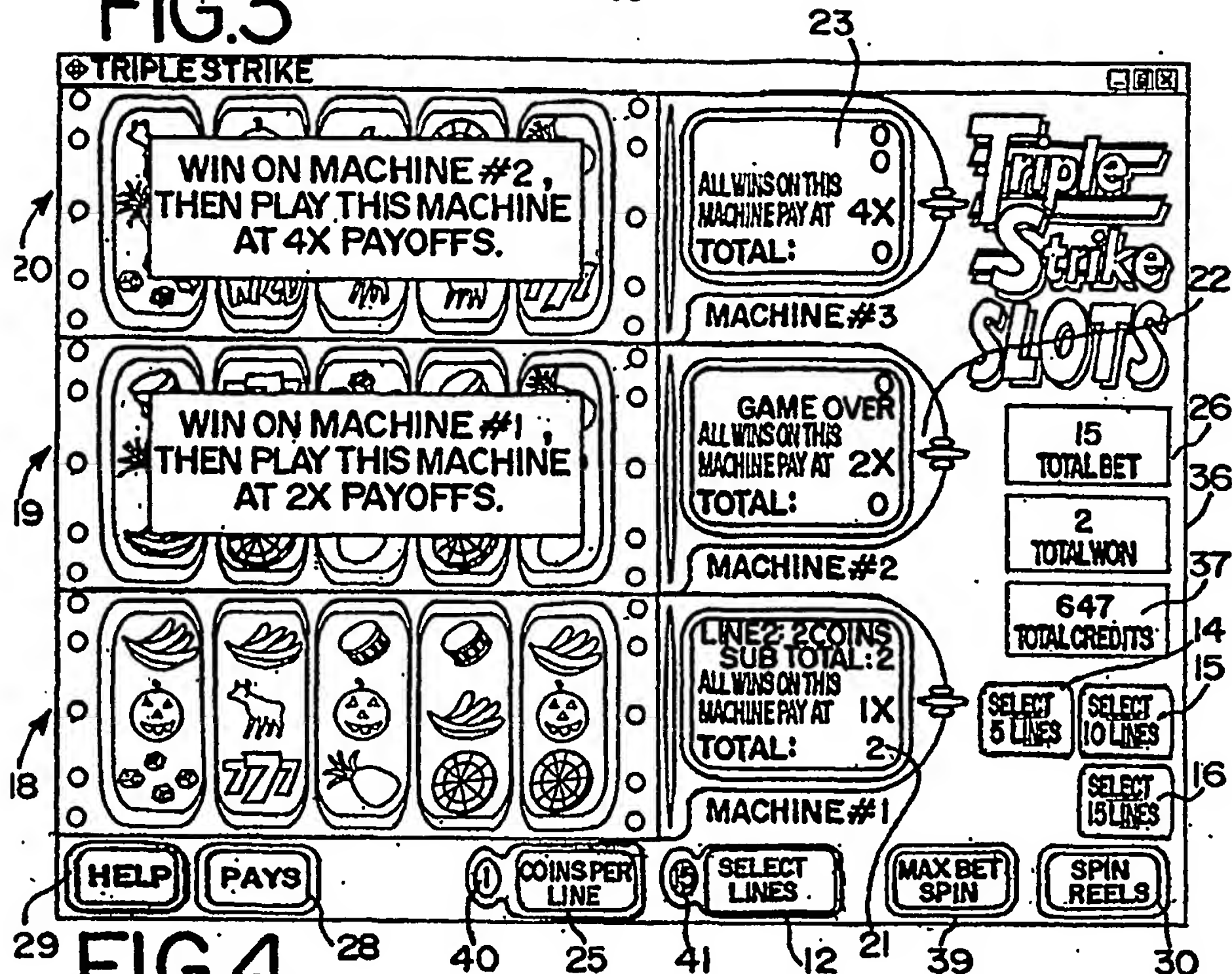


FIG.4

◆TRIPLE STRIKE

□□□

W40 W40 W40 W40 W40	7500
W40 W40 W40 W40	200
W40 W40 W40	50
W40 W40	5
W40	2
קקק קקק קקק קקק קקק	1000
קקק קקק קקק קקק	100
קקק קקק קקק	25
קקק קקק	2
קקק	1

○ ○ ○ ○ ○	500
○ ○ ○ ○	75
○ ○ ○	15
○ ○	2
🍌 🍌 🍌 🍌 🍌	300
🍌 🍌 🍌 🍌	50
🍌 🍌 🍌	10
🍌 🍌	2

MORE PAYS...

- ALL PAYS EXCEPT FOR THE SCATTER PAY ARE MULTIPLIED BY THE NUMBER OF COINS PER LINE BET.
- WILD MATCHES ALL SYMBOLS ON A LINE EXCEPT FOR BONUS GAME AND SCATTER PAY SYMBOLS.
- ALL PAYS ARE LEFT TO RIGHT ONLY EXCEPT FOR SCATTER PAYS.

EXIT

FIG. 5

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TRIPLE STRIKE			
	250		200
	50		50
	10		10
	2		
	200		200
	50		50
	10		5

THREE OR MORE ON ONE LINE WILL START A BONUS GAME ON THAT MACHINE.

THREE SCATTERED ON ONE MACHINE WILL AWARD 8X THE TOTAL BET FOR THAT MACHINE.

MORE PAYS...

—ALL PAYS EXCEPT FOR THE SCATTER PAY ARE MULTIPLIED BY THE NUMBER OF COINS PER LINE BET.

—WILD MATCHES ALL SYMBOLS ON A LINE EXCEPT FOR BONUS GAME AND SCATTER PAY SYMBOLS.

EXIT

—ALL PAYS ARE LEFT TO RIGHT ONLY EXCEPT FOR SCATTER PAYS.

FIG. 6

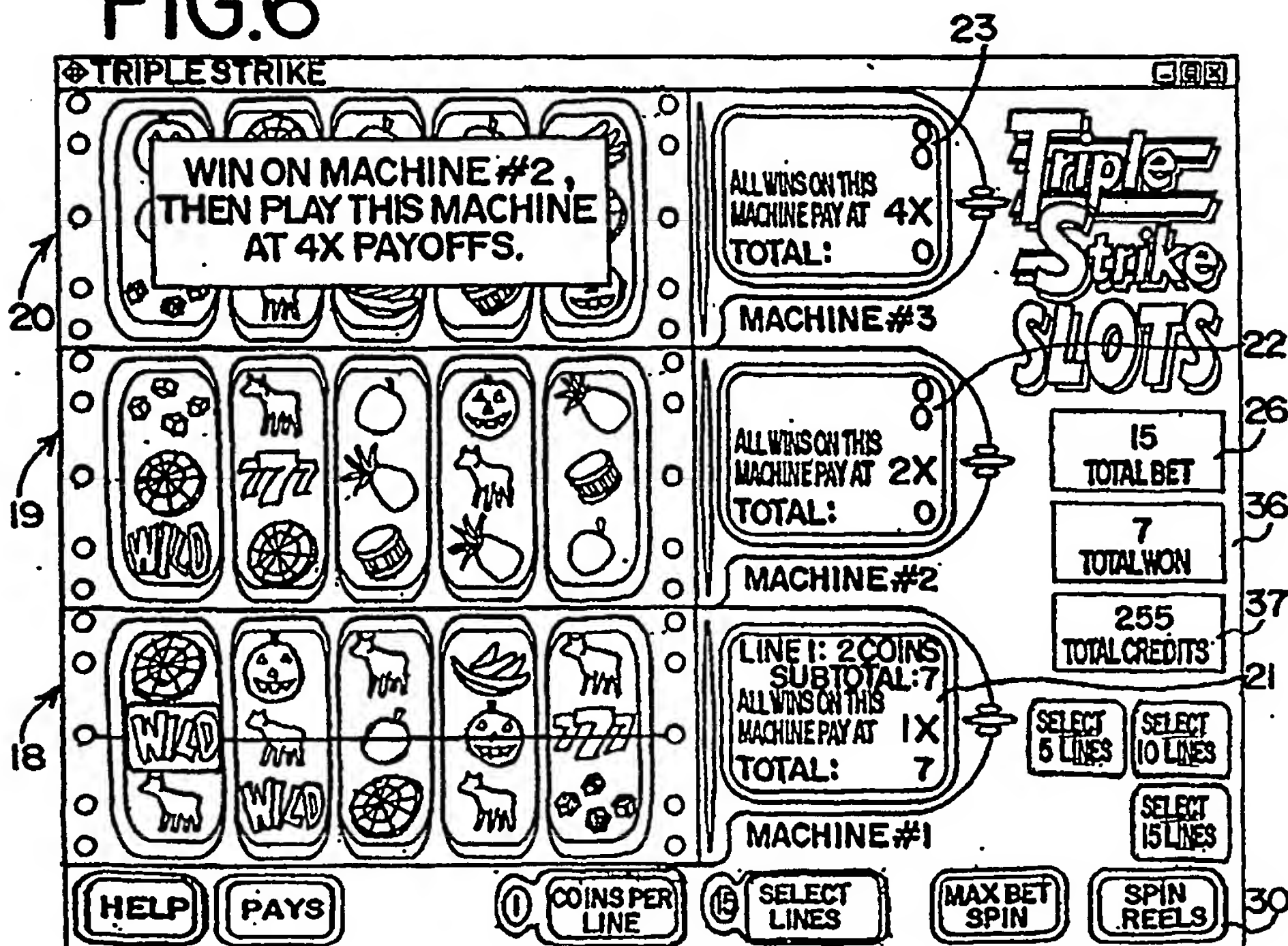


FIG. 7

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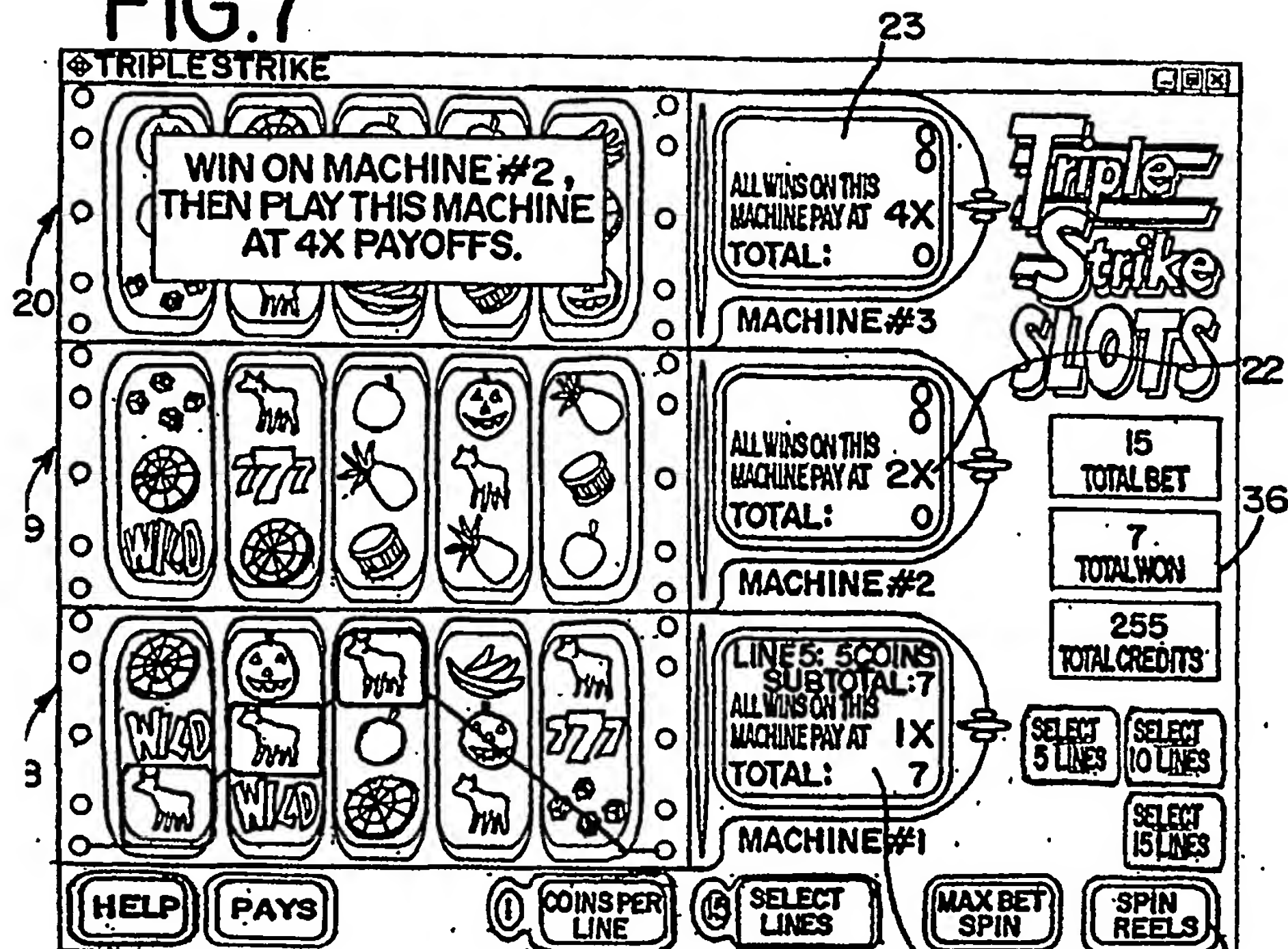
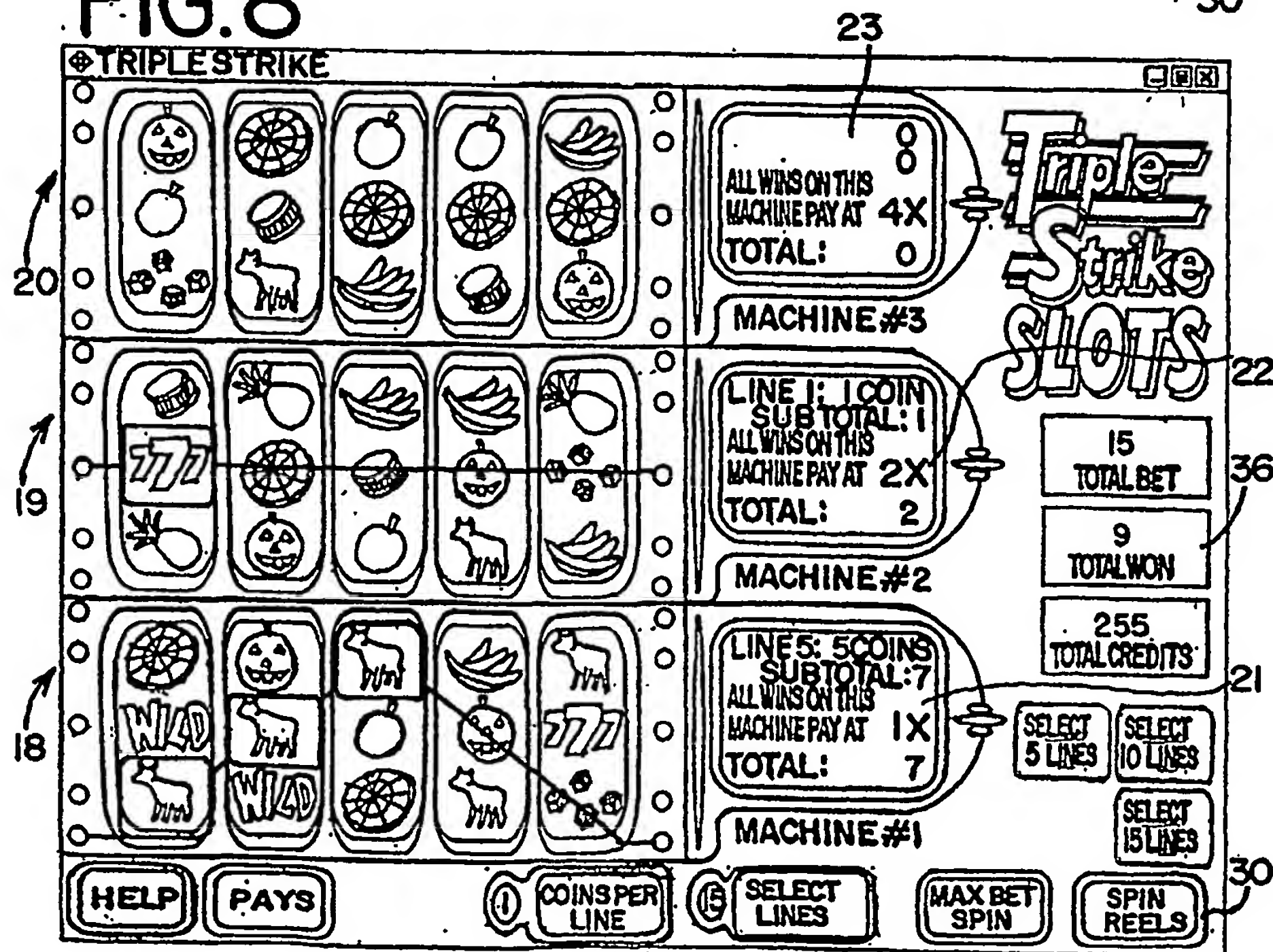


FIG. 8



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FIG. 9

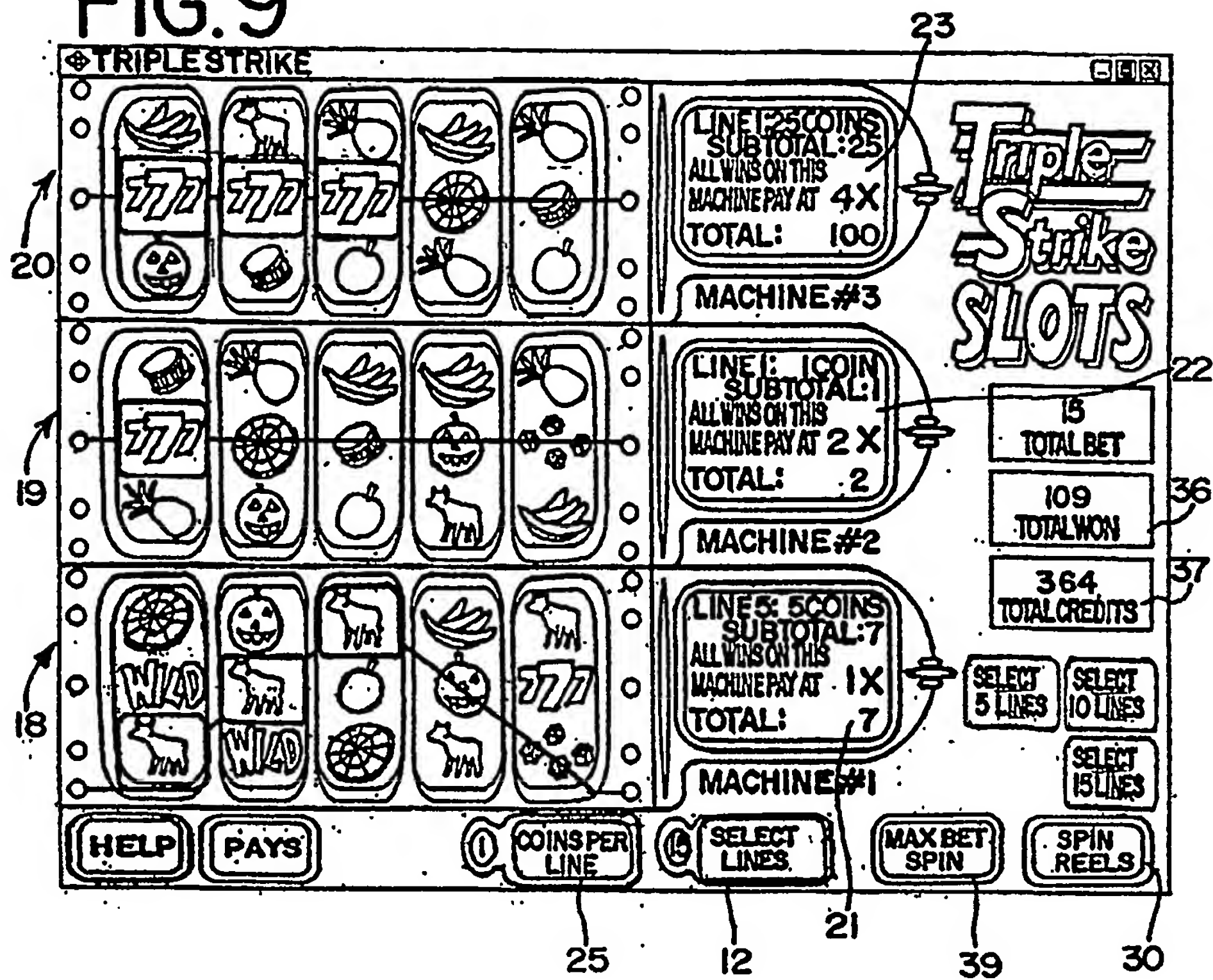
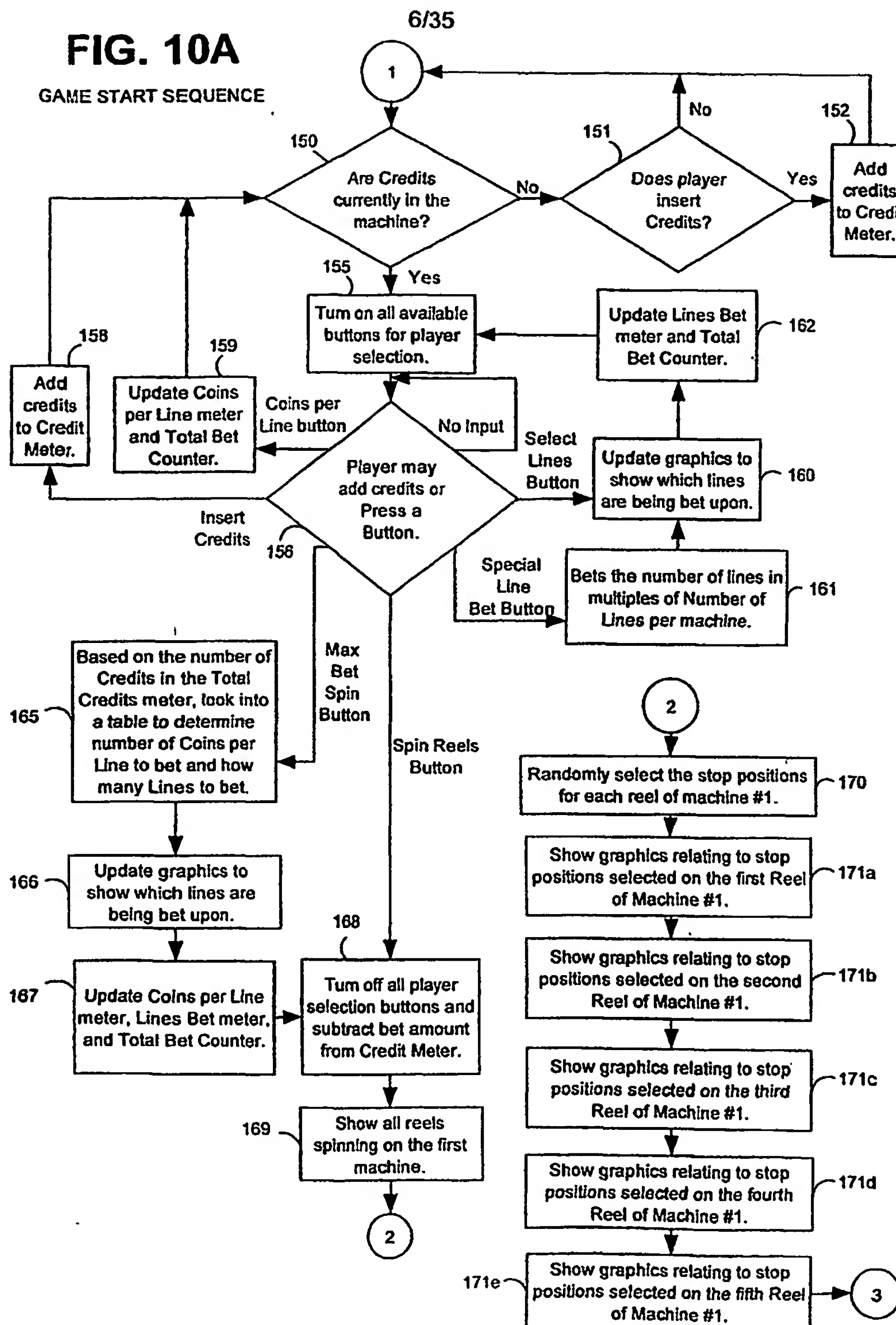


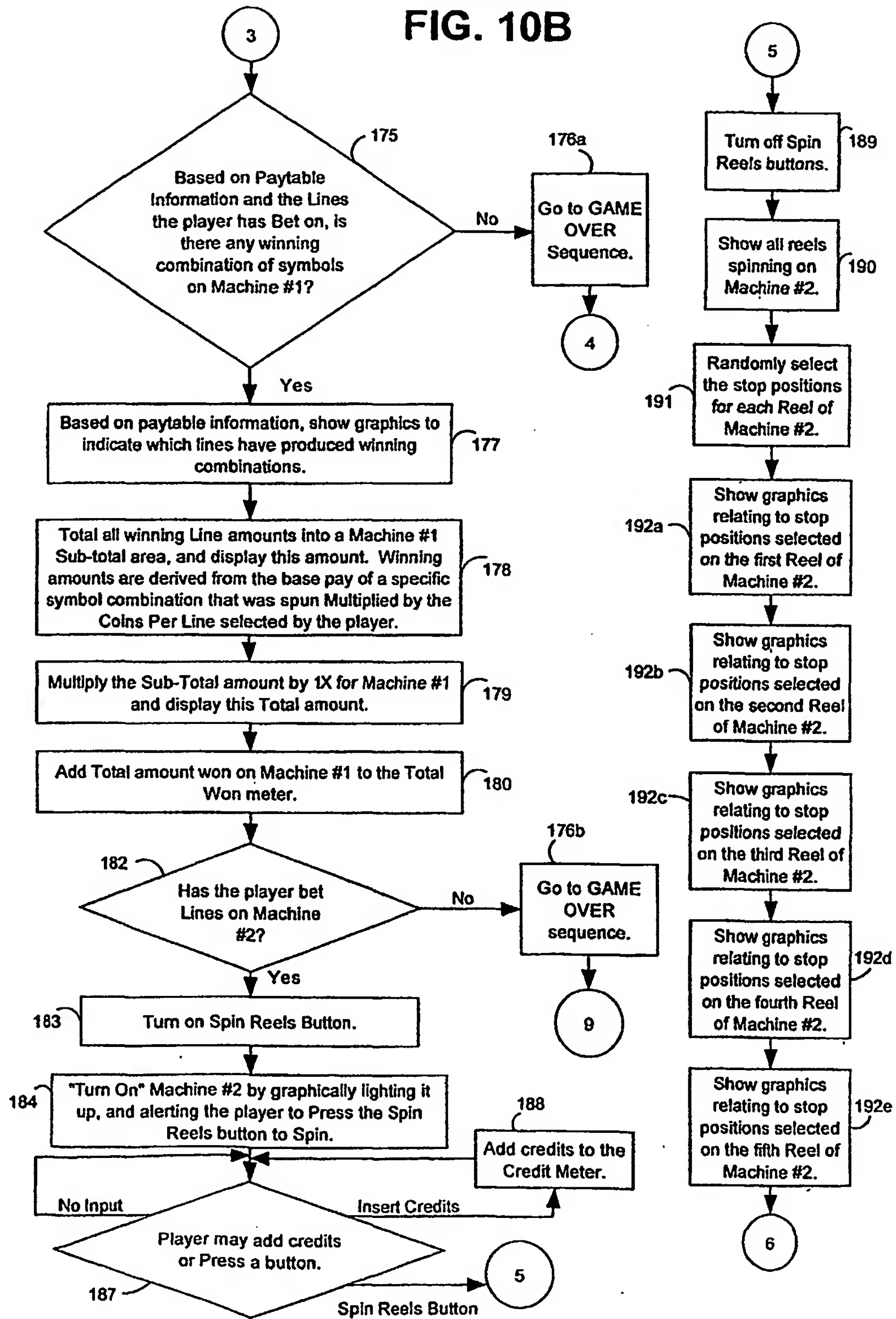
FIG. 10A

GAME START SEQUENCE



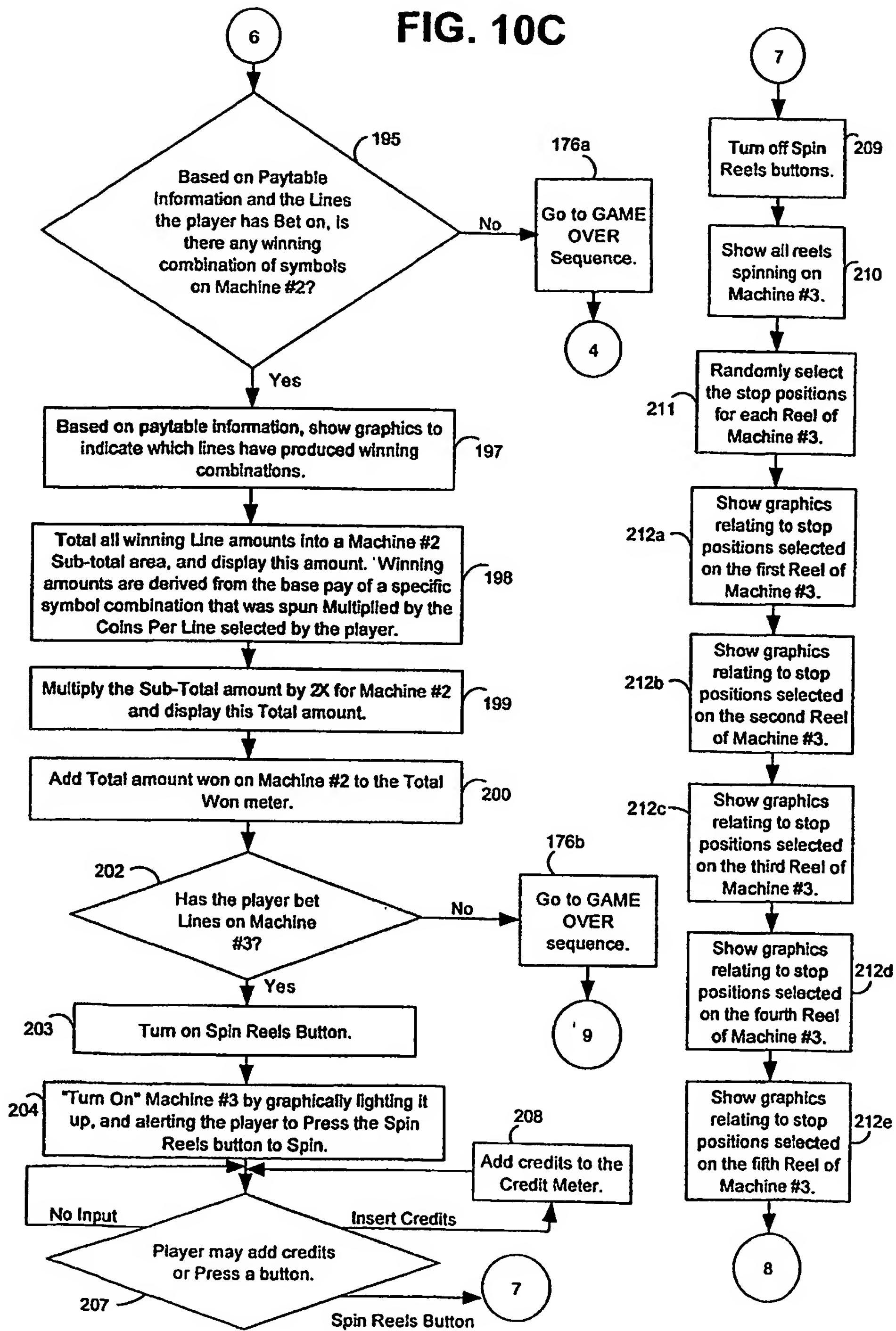
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FIG. 10B

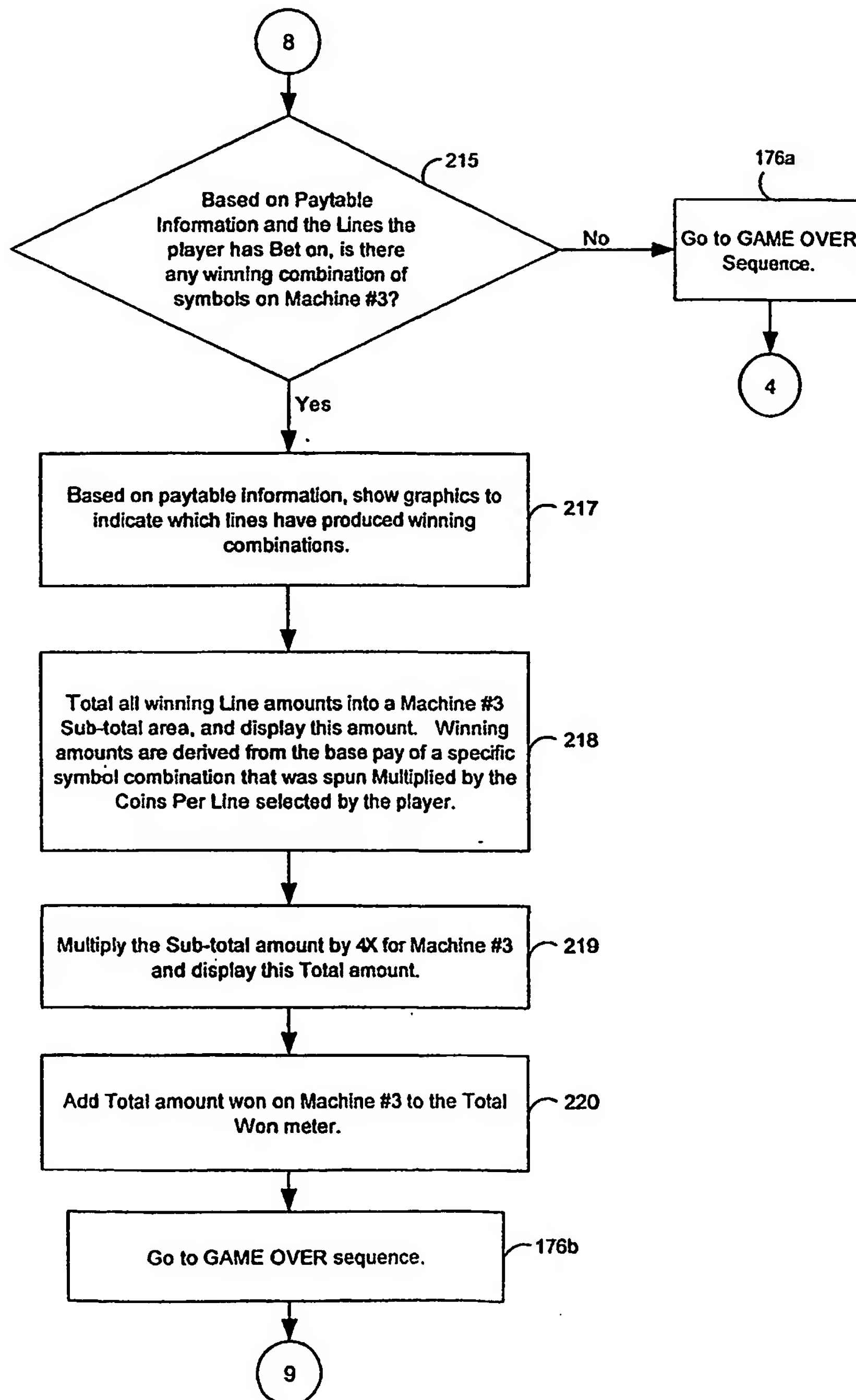


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FIG. 10C



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FIG. 10D

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FIG. 10E

GAME OVER SEQUENCE

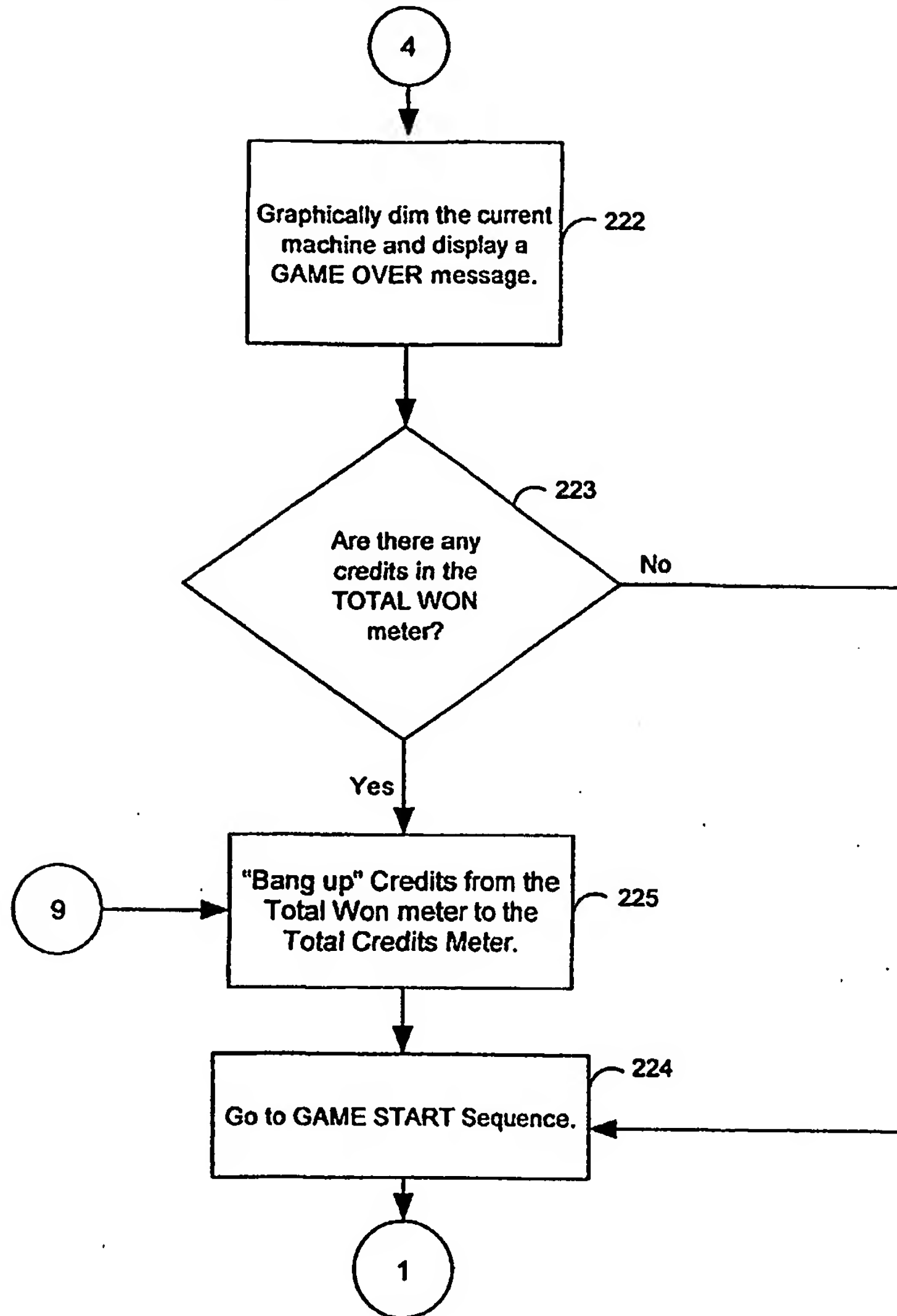
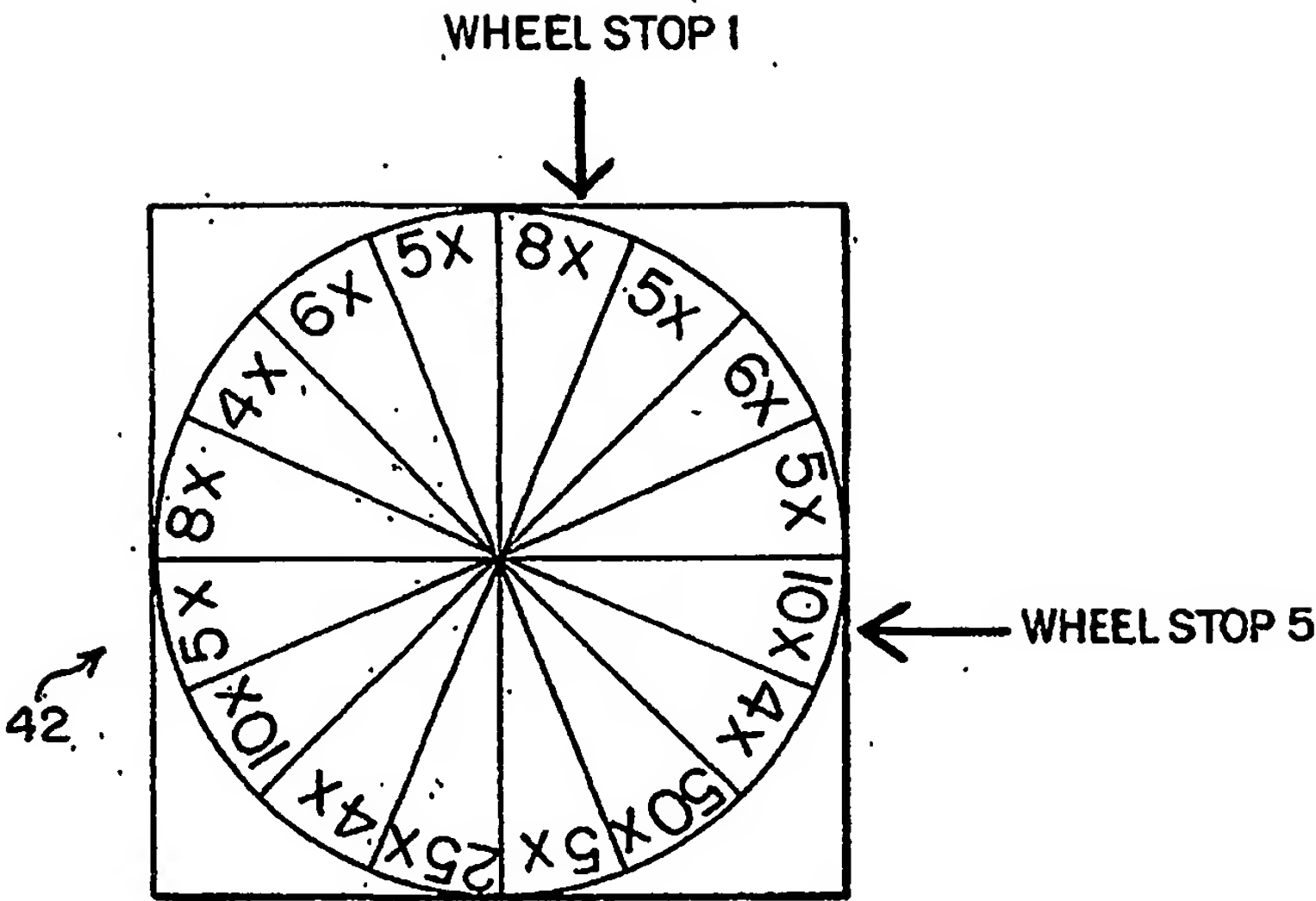
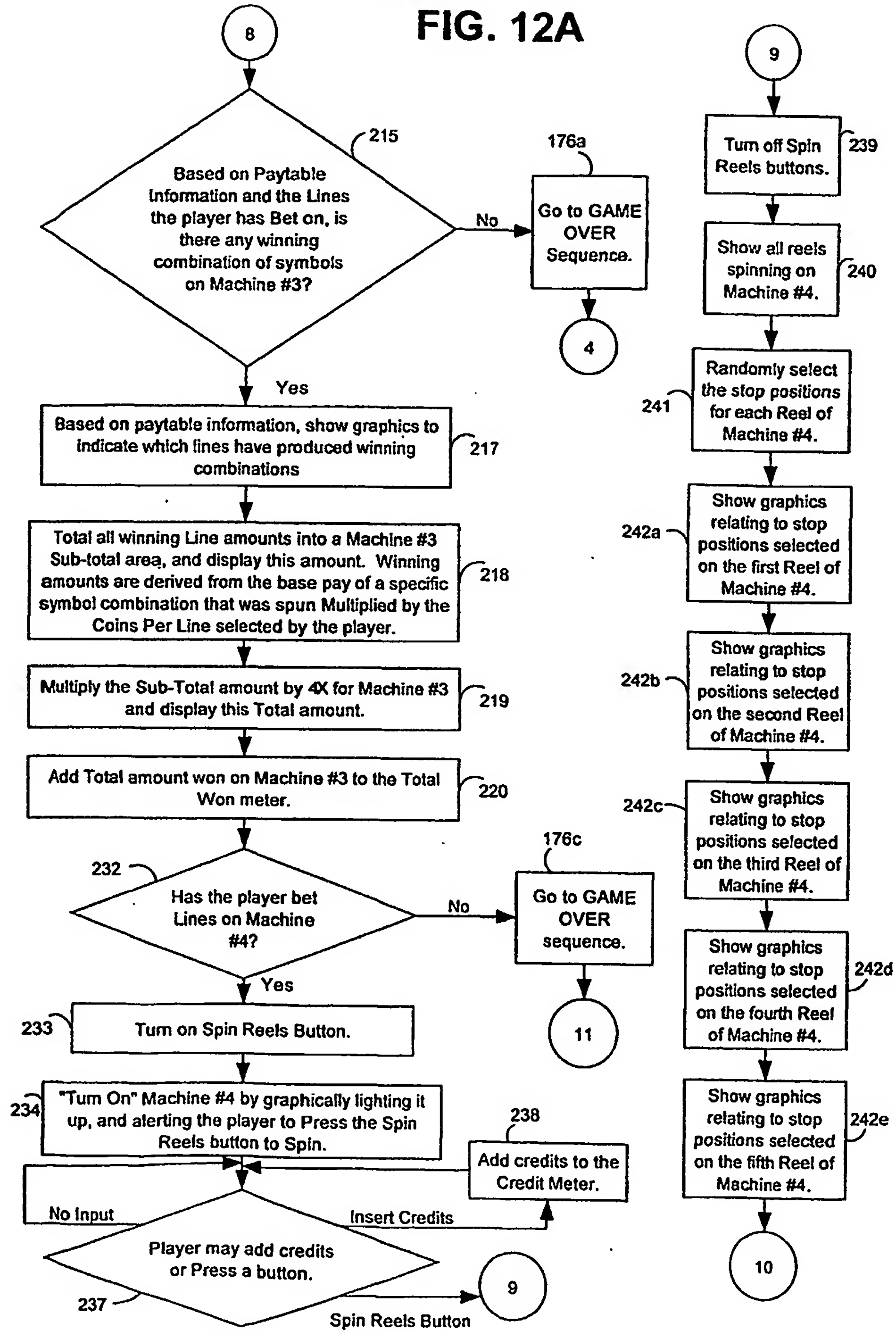


FIG. 11



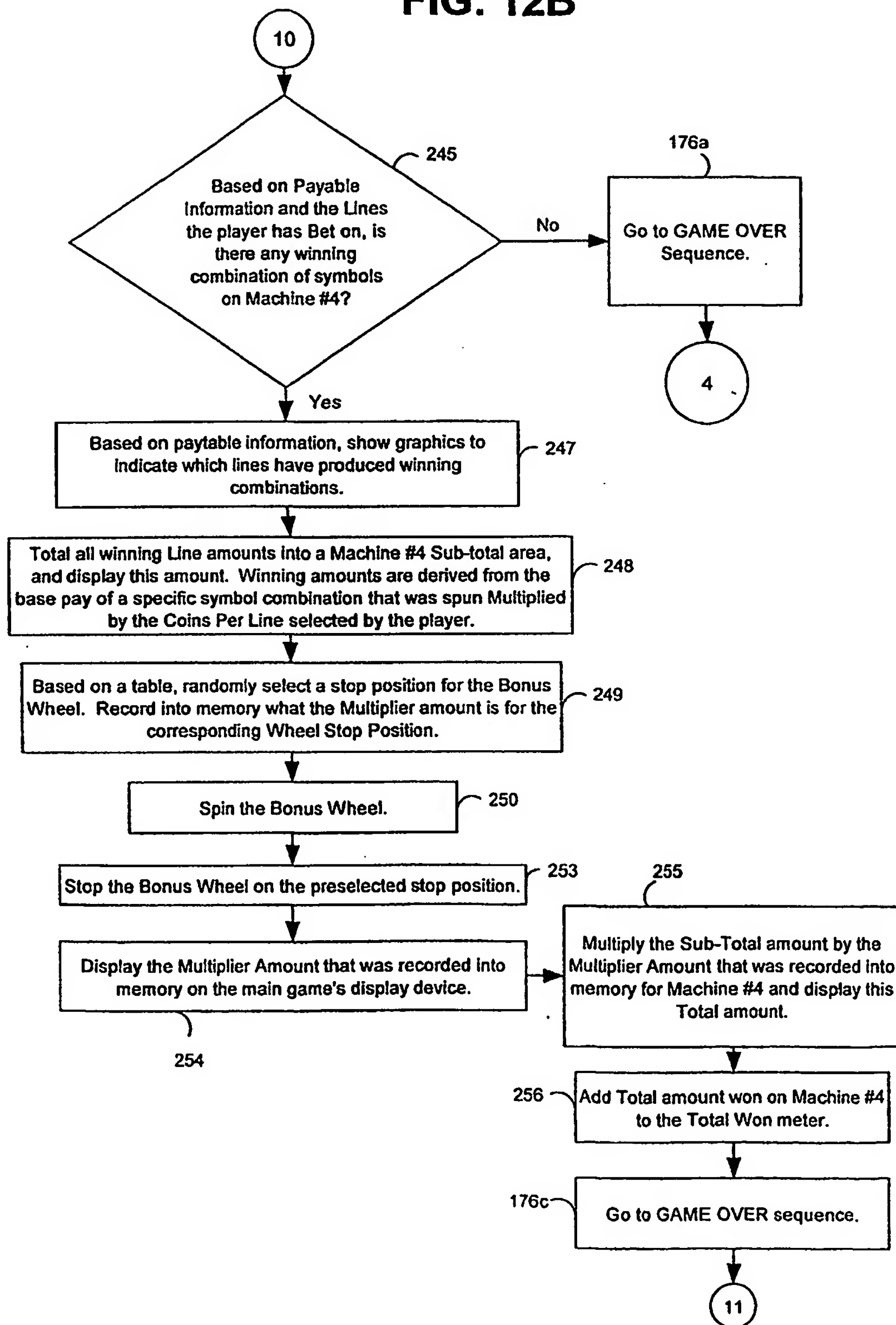
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FIG. 12A



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FIG. 12B



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FIG. 12C

GAME OVER SEQUENCE

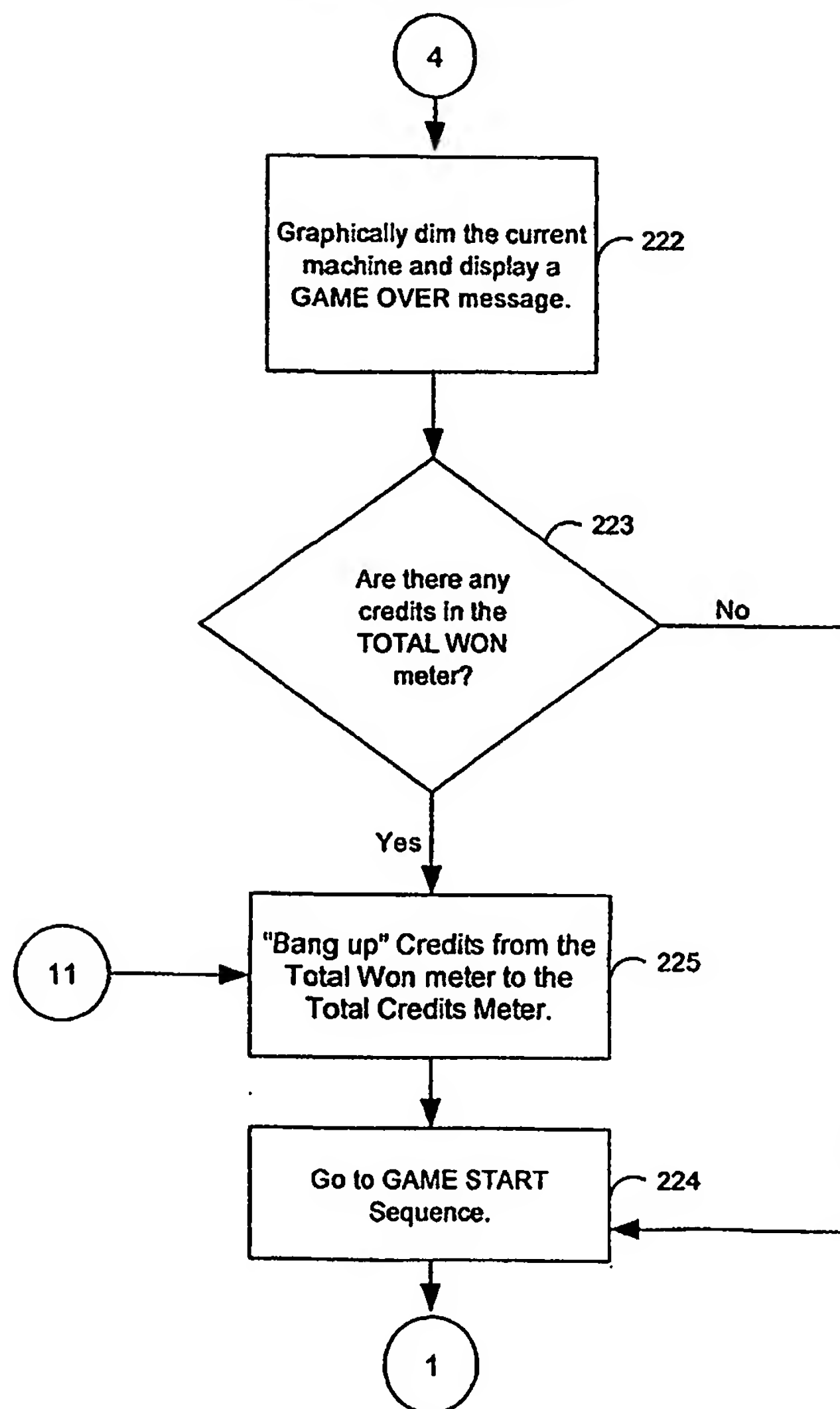


FIG.13

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MULTISTRIKESTUDPOKER

HAND #3		HAND #2		HAND #1	
ROYAL FLUSH	8000	ROYAL FLUSH	4000	ROYAL FLUSH	2000
STRAIGHT FLUSH	1000	STRAIGHT FLUSH	1500	STRAIGHT FLUSH	250
4 OF A KIND	400	4 OF A KIND	200	4 OF A KIND	50
FULL HOUSE	150	FULL HOUSE	50	FULL HOUSE	25
FLUSH	60	FLUSH	30	FLUSH	15
STRAIGHT	32	STRAIGHT	16	STRAIGHT	8
3 OF A KIND	20	3 OF A KIND	10	3 OF A KIND	5
TWO PAIR	12	TWO PAIR	6	TWO PAIR	3
JACKS OR BETTER	8	JACKS OR BETTER	4	JACKS OR BETTER	2
LOW PAIR	4	LOW PAIR	2	LOW PAIR	1

TOTAL BET 3 TOTAL WON 1 CREDITS 200
 (3) SELECT NUMBER OF HANDS (1) COINS PER HAND MAX BET DEAL DEAL HAND

FIG.14

MULTISTRIKESTUDPOKER

HAND #3		HAND #2		HAND #1	
ROYAL FLUSH	8000	ROYAL FLUSH	4000	ROYAL FLUSH	2000
STRAIGHT FLUSH	1000	STRAIGHT FLUSH	1500	STRAIGHT FLUSH	250
4 OF A KIND	400	4 OF A KIND	200	4 OF A KIND	50
FULL HOUSE	150	FULL HOUSE	50	FULL HOUSE	25
FLUSH	60	FLUSH	30	FLUSH	15
STRAIGHT	32	STRAIGHT	16	STRAIGHT	8
3 OF A KIND	20	3 OF A KIND	10	3 OF A KIND	5
TWO PAIR	12	TWO PAIR	6	TWO PAIR	3
JACKS OR BETTER	8	JACKS OR BETTER	4	JACKS OR BETTER	2
LOW PAIR	4	LOW PAIR	2	LOW PAIR	1

TOTAL BET 3 TOTAL WON 1 CREDITS 177
 (3) SELECT NUMBER OF HANDS (1) COINS PER HAND MAX BET DEAL DEAL HAND

LOW PAIR 1 COIN

FIG.15

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MULTISTRIKESTUDPOKER

HAND #3

ROYAL FLUSH	8000	STRAIGHT	32
STRAIGHT FLUSH	1000	3 OF A KIND	20
4 OF A KIND	400	TWO PAIR	12
FULL HOUSE	150	JACKS OR BETTER	8
FLUSH	60	LOW PAIR	4

52

HAND #2

ROYAL FLUSH	4000	STRAIGHT	16
STRAIGHT FLUSH	500	3 OF A KIND	10
4 OF A KIND	200	TWO PAIR	6
FULL HOUSE	50	JACKS OR BETTER	4
FLUSH	30	LOW PAIR	2

51

LOW PAIR
2 COINS.

HAND #1

ROYAL FLUSH	2000	STRAIGHT	8
STRAIGHT FLUSH	250	3 OF A KIND	5
4 OF A KIND	80	TWO PAIR	3
FULL HOUSE	25	JACKS OR BETTER	2
FLUSH	15	LOW PAIR	1

50

LOW PAIR
1 COIN.

TOTAL BET 3 TOTAL WON 3 CREDITS 177

HELP (3) SELECT NUMBER OF HANDS (1) COINS PER HAND MAX BET DEAL DEAL HAND

58 56

FIG.16

MULTISTRIKESTUDPOKER

HAND #3

ROYAL FLUSH	8000	STRAIGHT	32
STRAIGHT FLUSH	1000	3 OF A KIND	20
4 OF A KIND	400	TWO PAIR	12
FULL HOUSE	150	JACKS OR BETTER	8
FLUSH	60	LOW PAIR	4

52

TWO PAIR
12 COINS.

HAND #2

ROYAL FLUSH	4000	STRAIGHT	16
STRAIGHT FLUSH	500	3 OF A KIND	10
4 OF A KIND	200	TWO PAIR	6
FULL HOUSE	50	JACKS OR BETTER	4
FLUSH	30	LOW PAIR	2

51

LOW PAIR
2 COINS.

HAND #1

ROYAL FLUSH	2000	STRAIGHT	8
STRAIGHT FLUSH	250	3 OF A KIND	5
4 OF A KIND	80	TWO PAIR	3
FULL HOUSE	25	JACKS OR BETTER	2
FLUSH	15	LOW PAIR	1

50

LOW PAIR
1 COIN.

TOTAL BET 3 TOTAL WON 15 CREDITS 192

HELP (3) SELECT NUMBER OF HANDS (1) COINS PER HAND MAX BET DEAL DEAL HAND

58 59

FIG. 17

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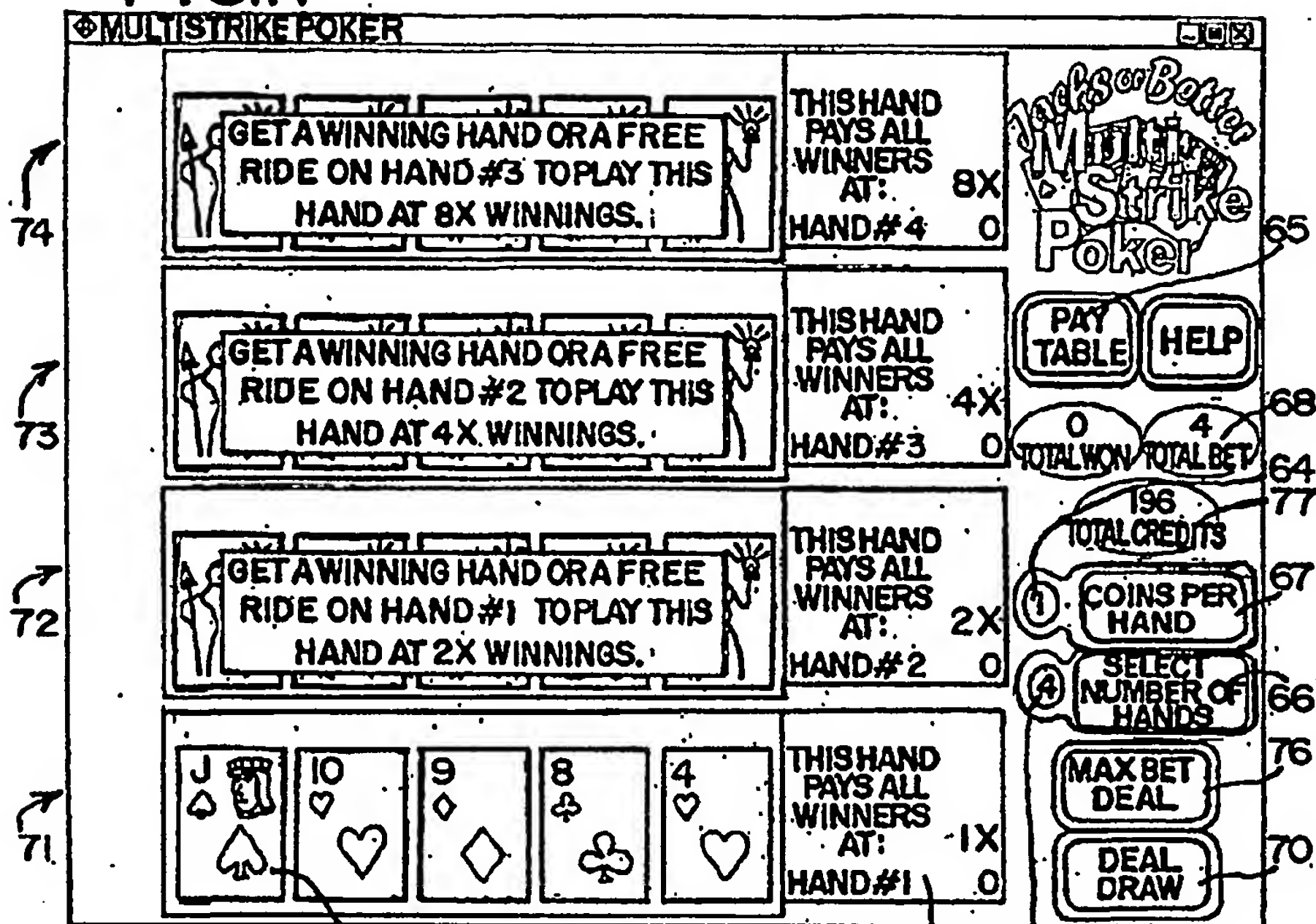


FIG. 18

MULTISTRIKE POKER

	COINS BET				
	1	2	3	4	5
ROYAL FLUSH	250	500	750	1000	4000
STRAIGHT FLUSH	50	100	150	200	250
4 OF A KIND	25	50	75	100	125
FULL HOUSE	9	18	27	36	45
FLUSH	6	12	18	24	30
STRAIGHT	4	8	12	16	20
3 OF A KIND	3	6	9	12	15
TWO PAIR	2	4	6	8	10
JACKS OR BETTER	1	2	3	4	5

ALL WINS WILL BE MULTIPLIED BY THE MULTIPLIER VALUE ASSOCIATED WITH THE HAND NUMBER.

NOTE: PLAY 4 HANDS WITH 5 COINS PER HAND AND ALL ROYAL FLUSHES WILL BE BONUSED!

SELECT NUMBER OF HANDS (4) EXIT

FIG.19

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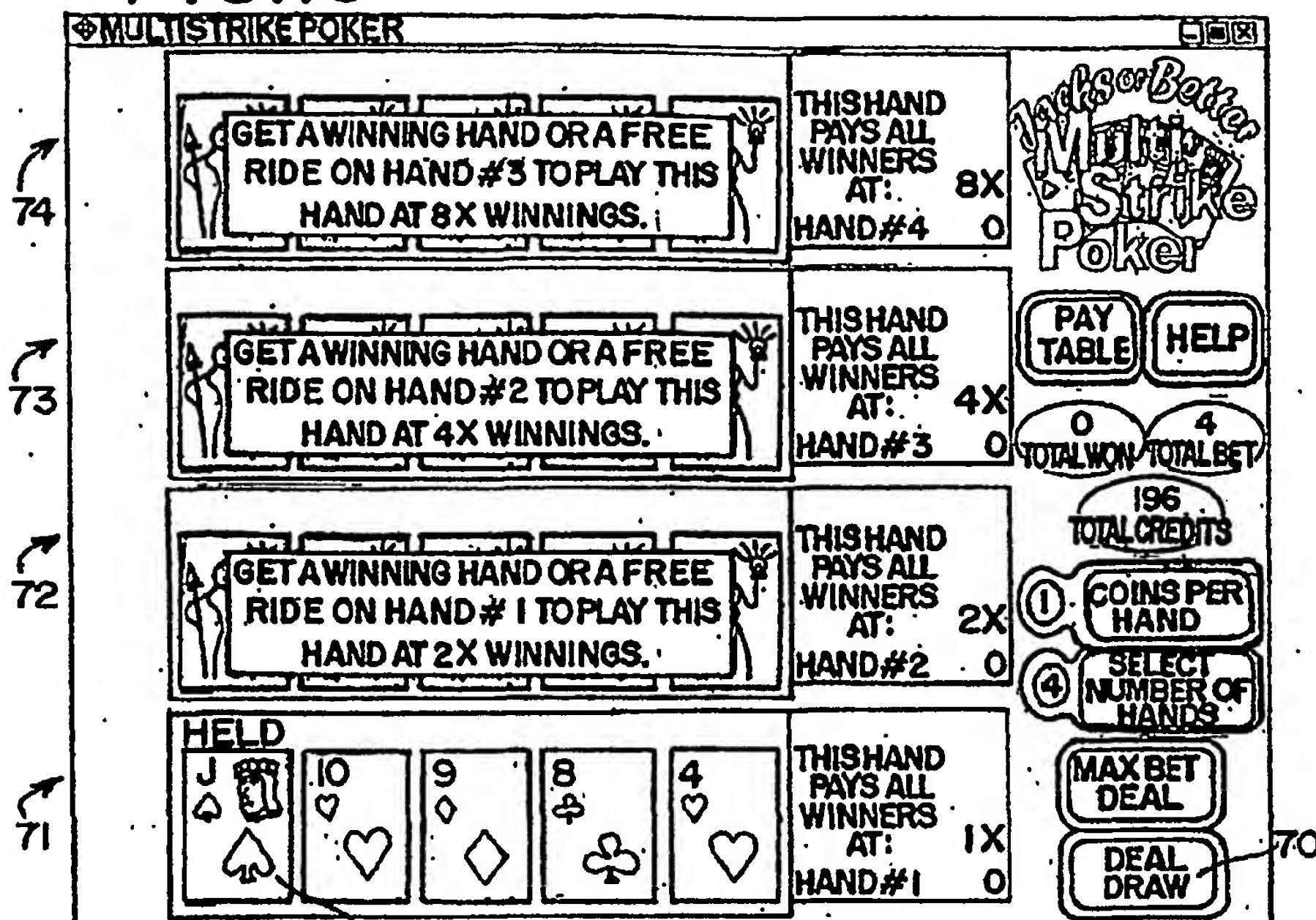


FIG.20⁸⁰

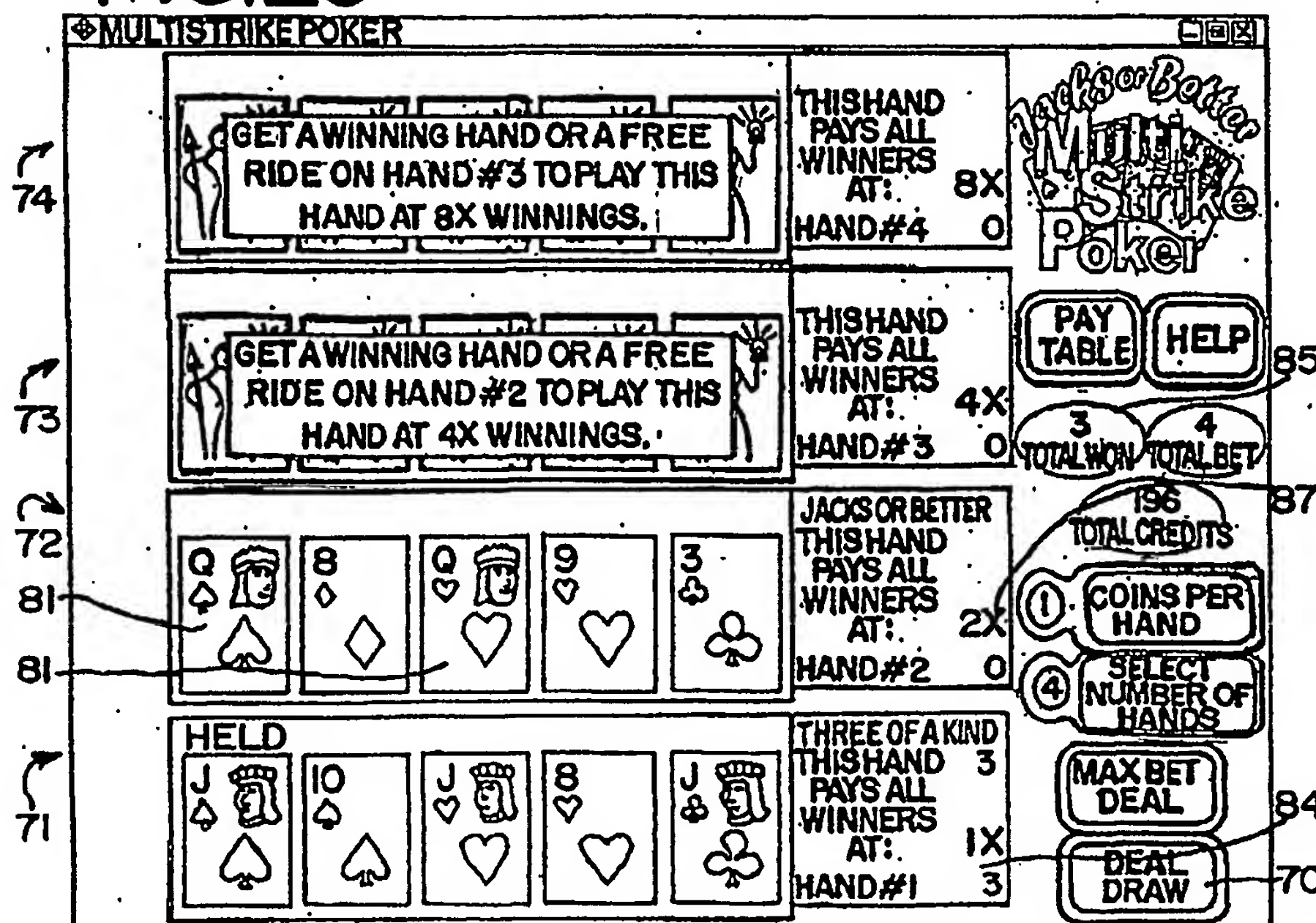


FIG.21

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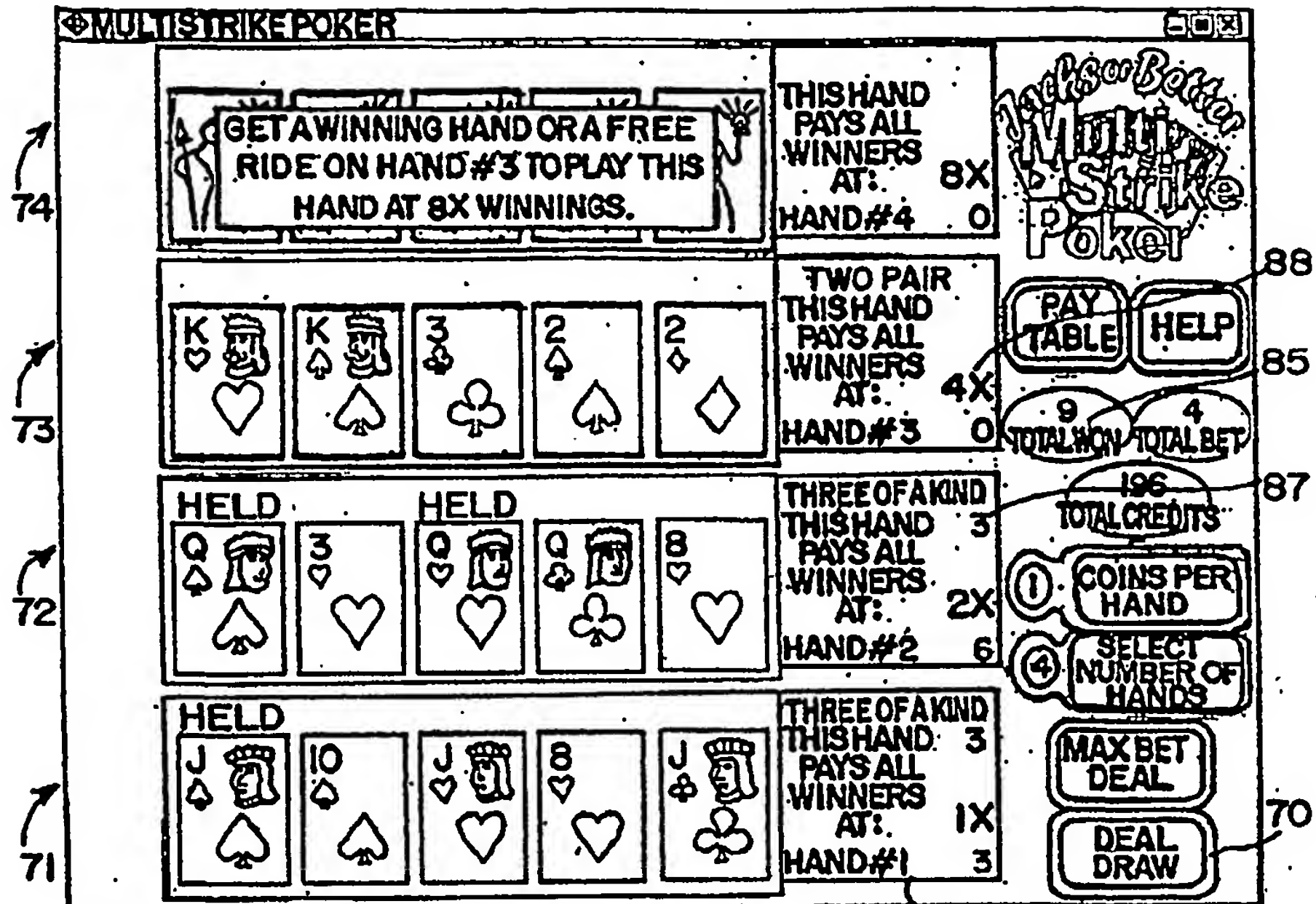
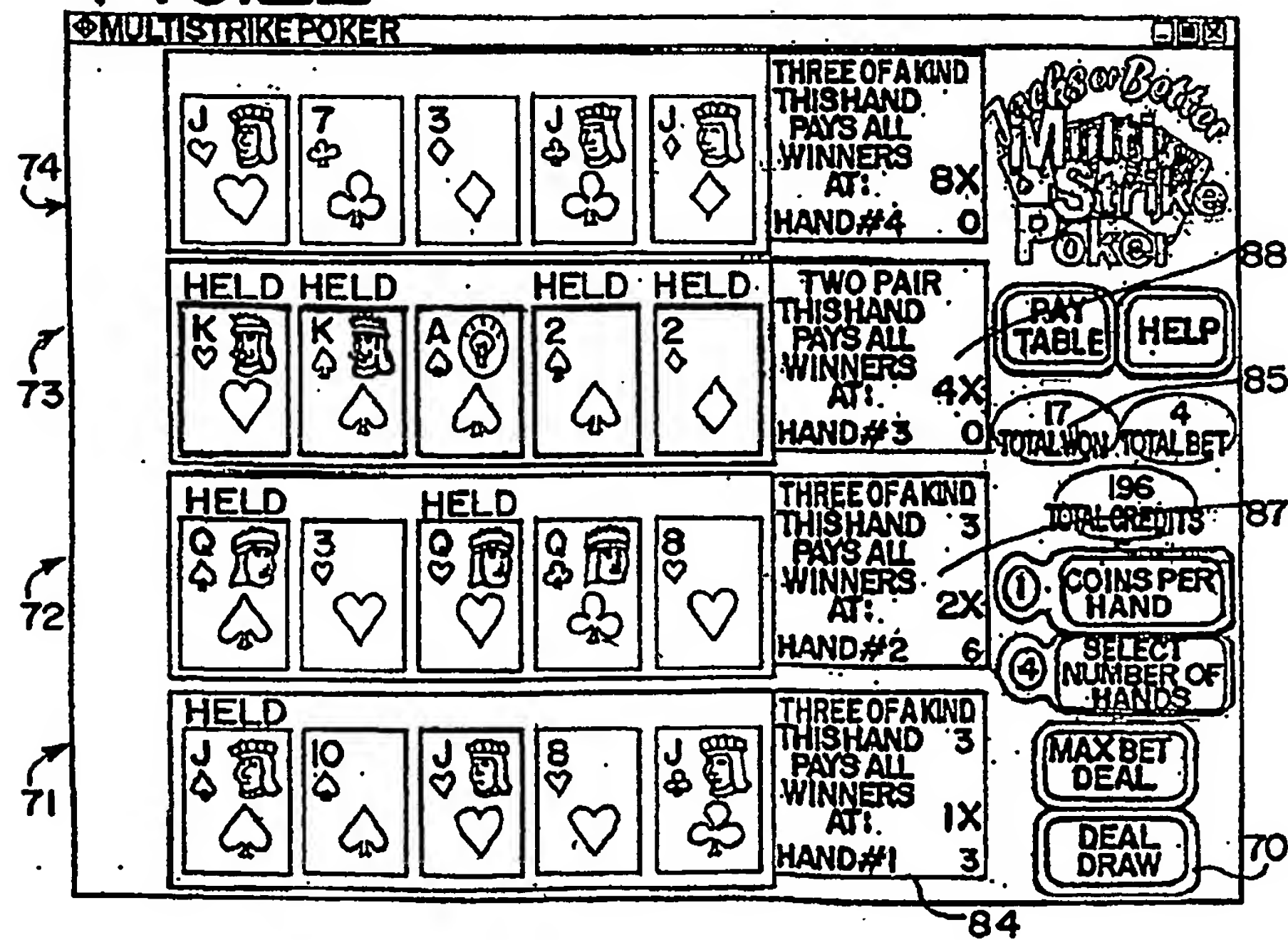


FIG.22



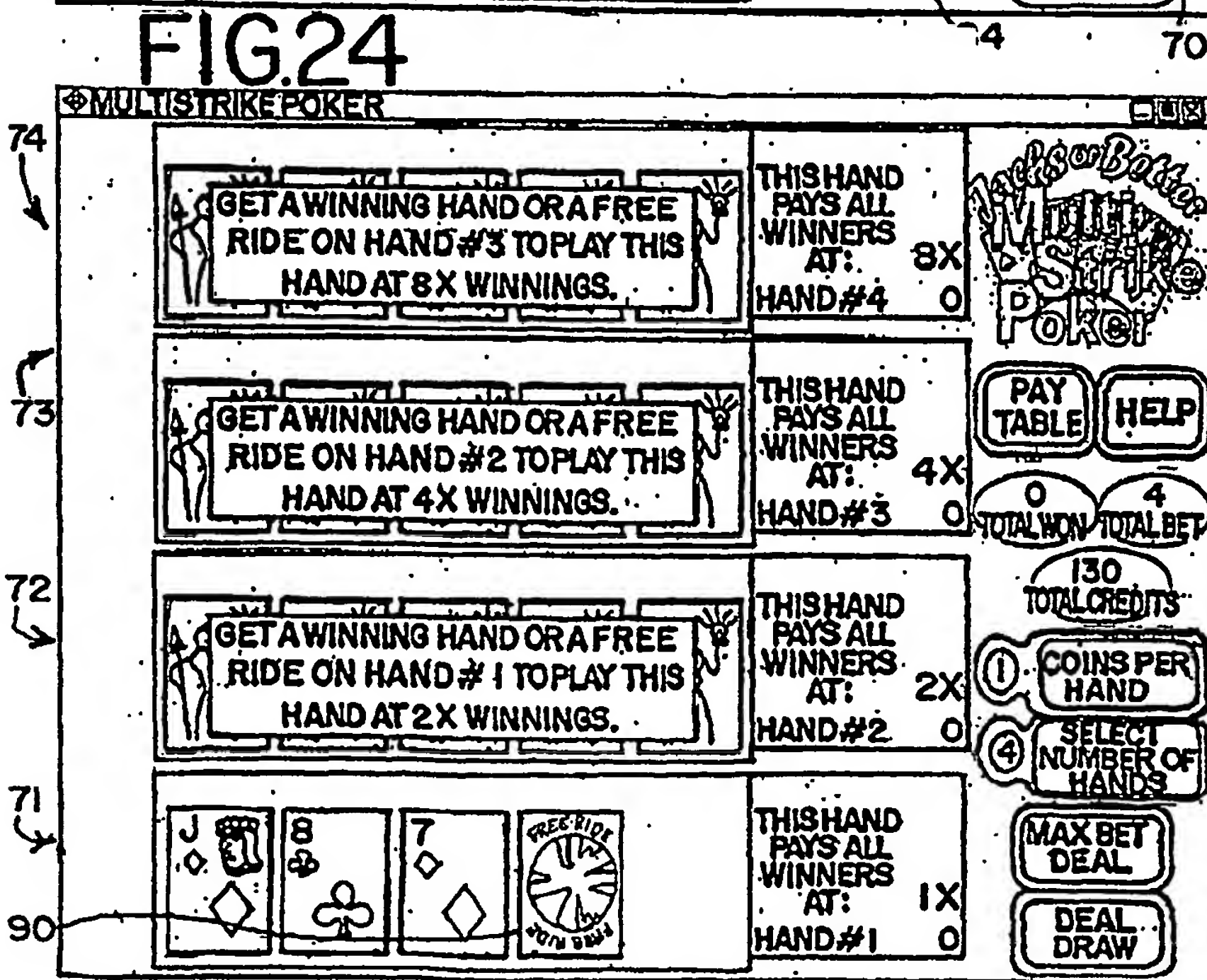
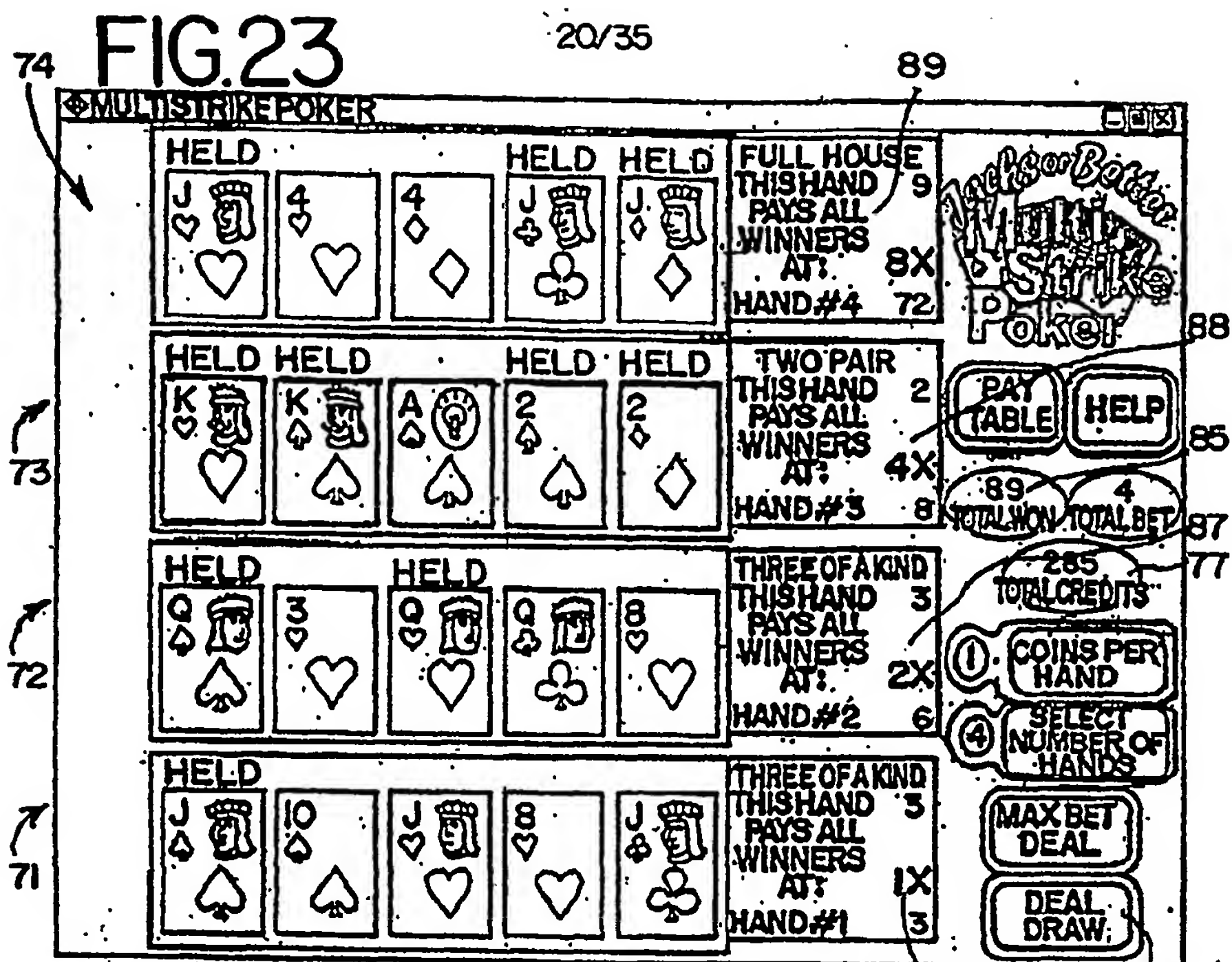


FIG. 25

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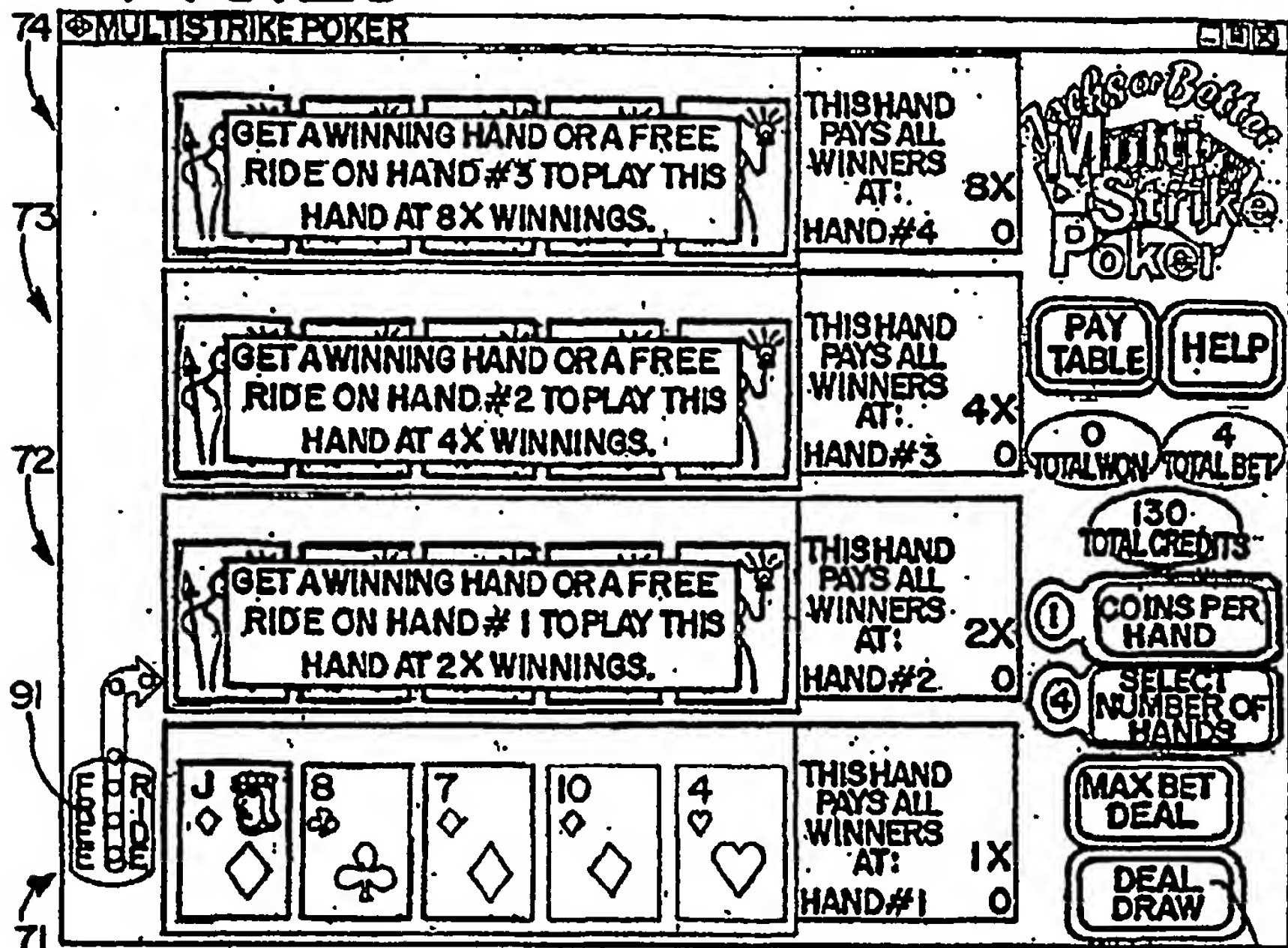
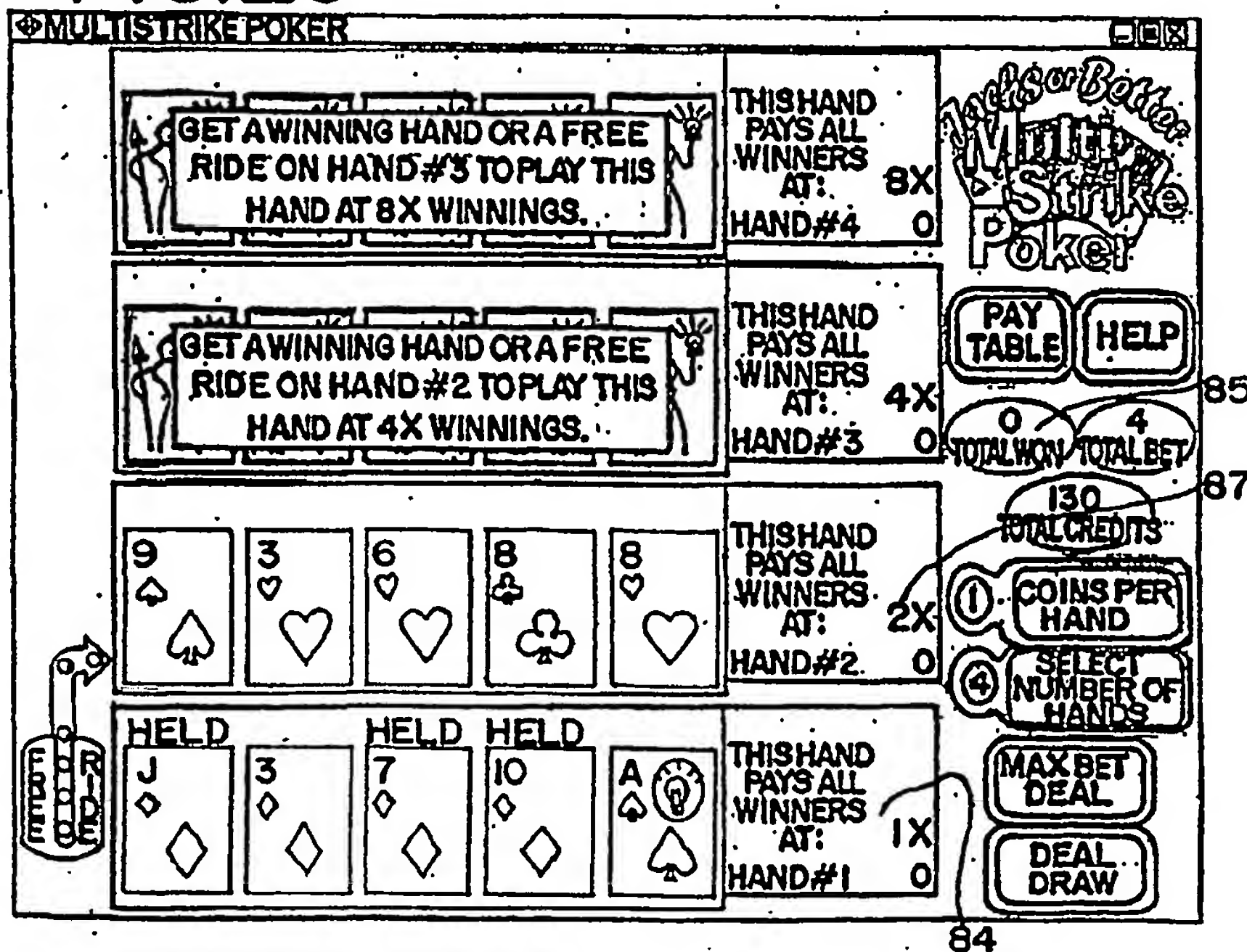
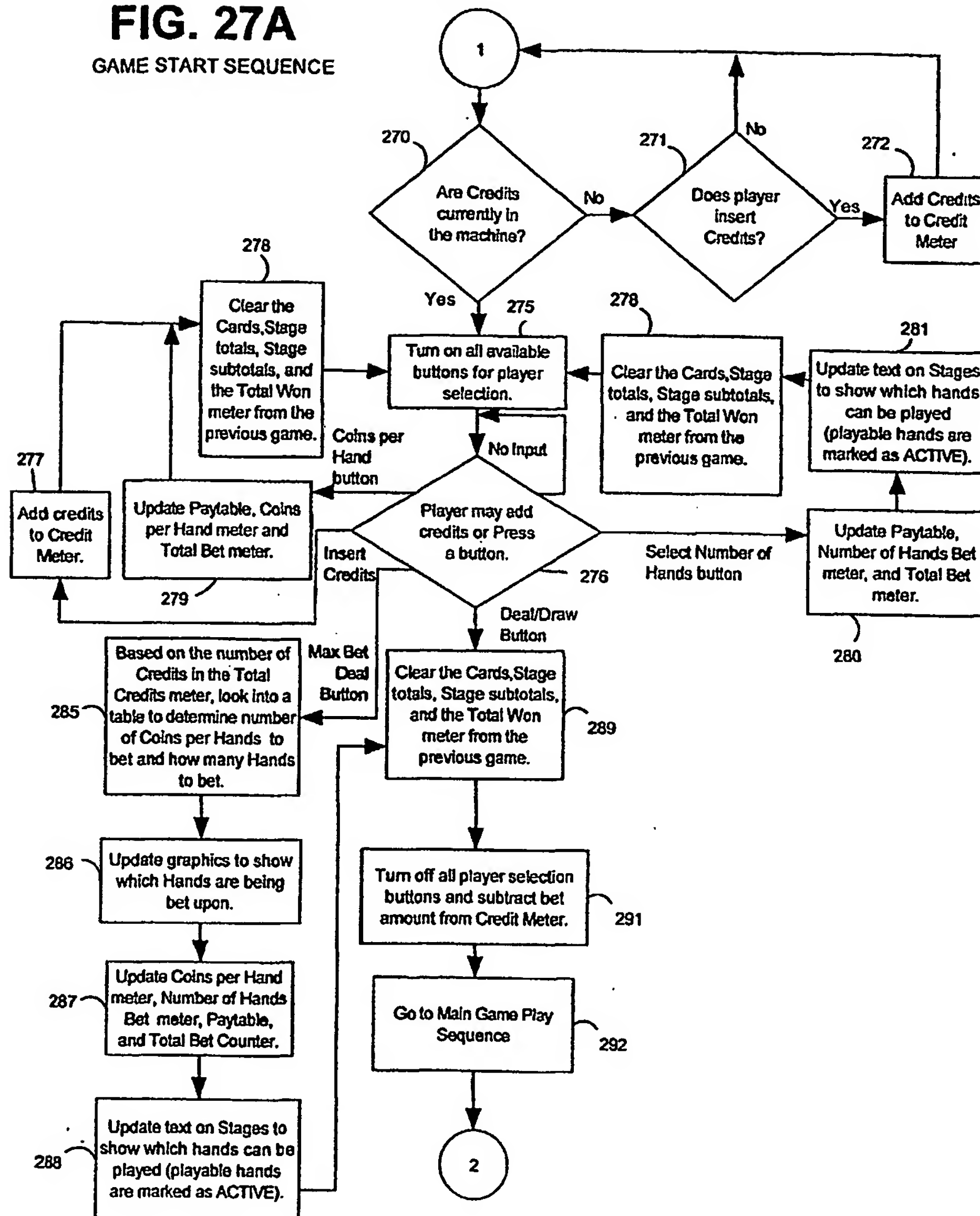


FIG. 26



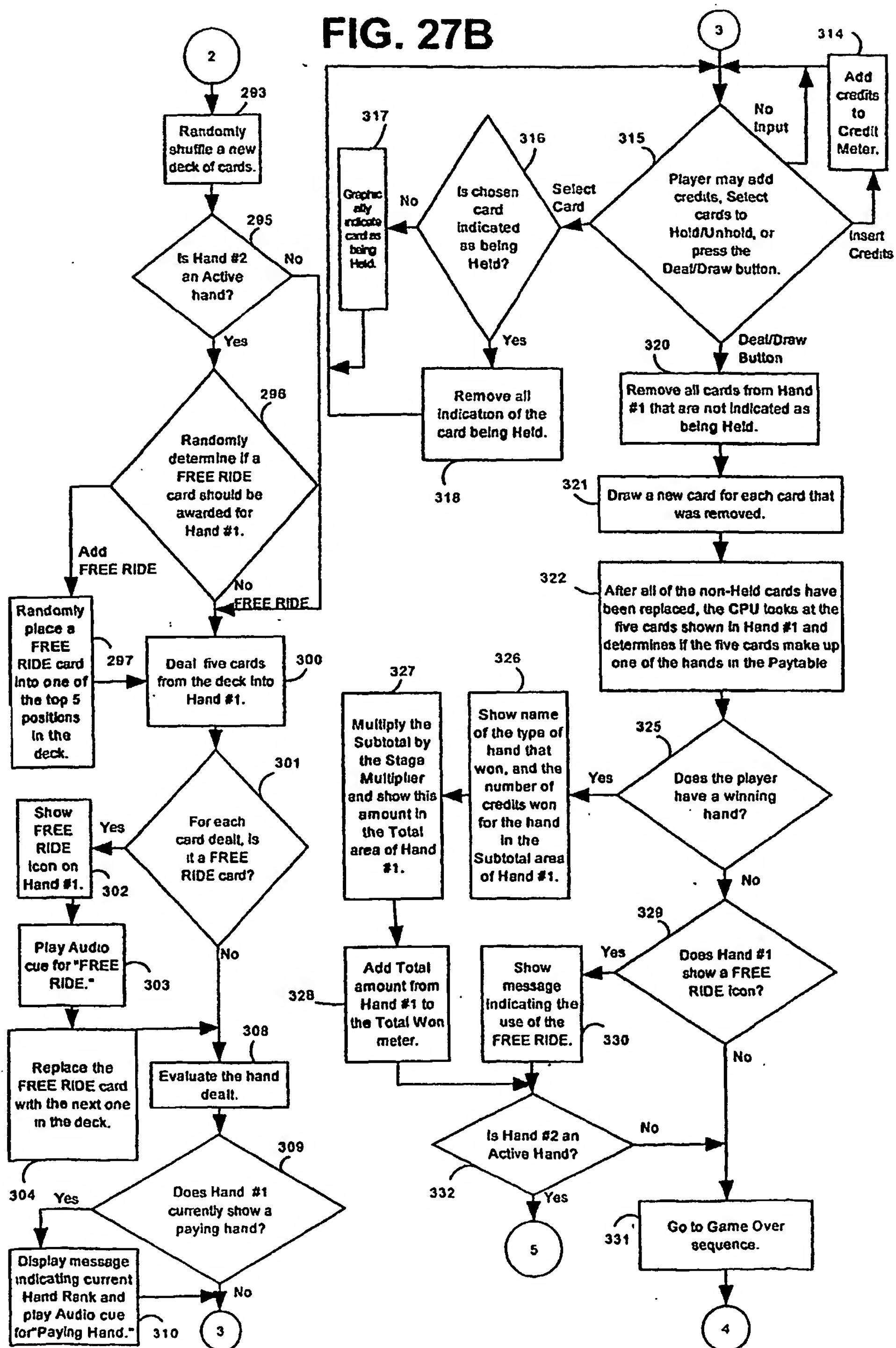
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FIG. 27A
GAME START SEQUENCE



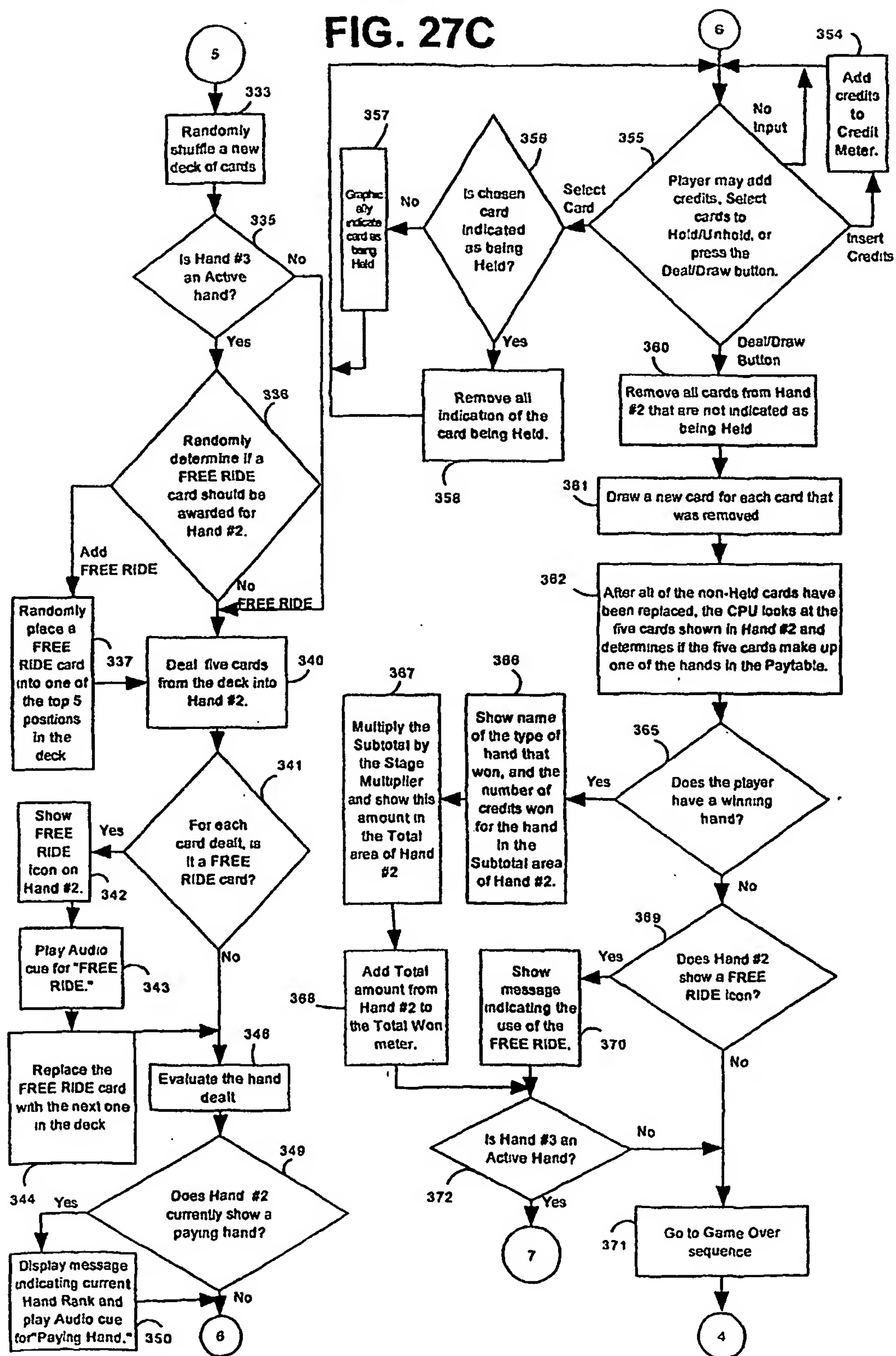
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FIG. 27B



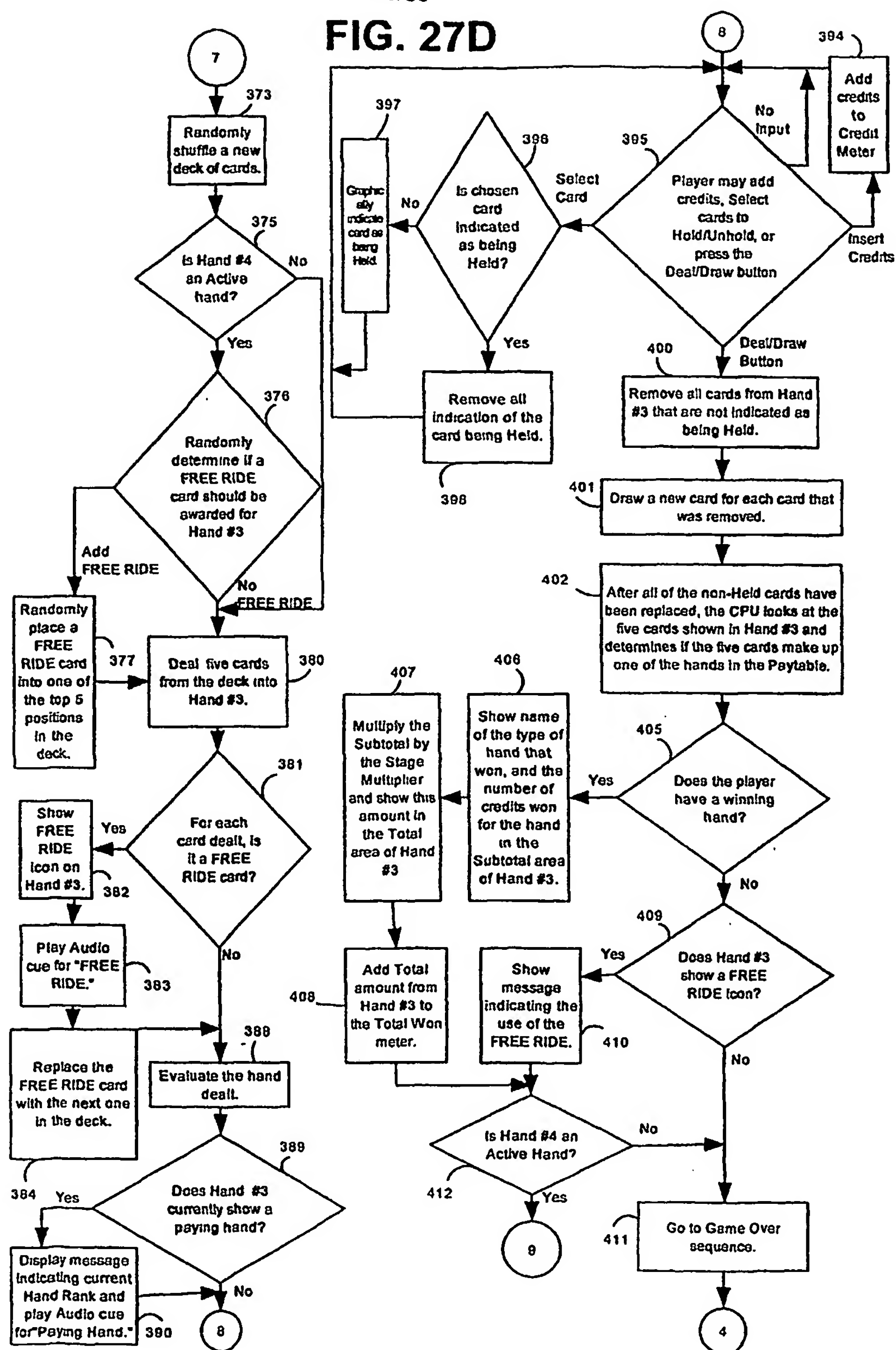
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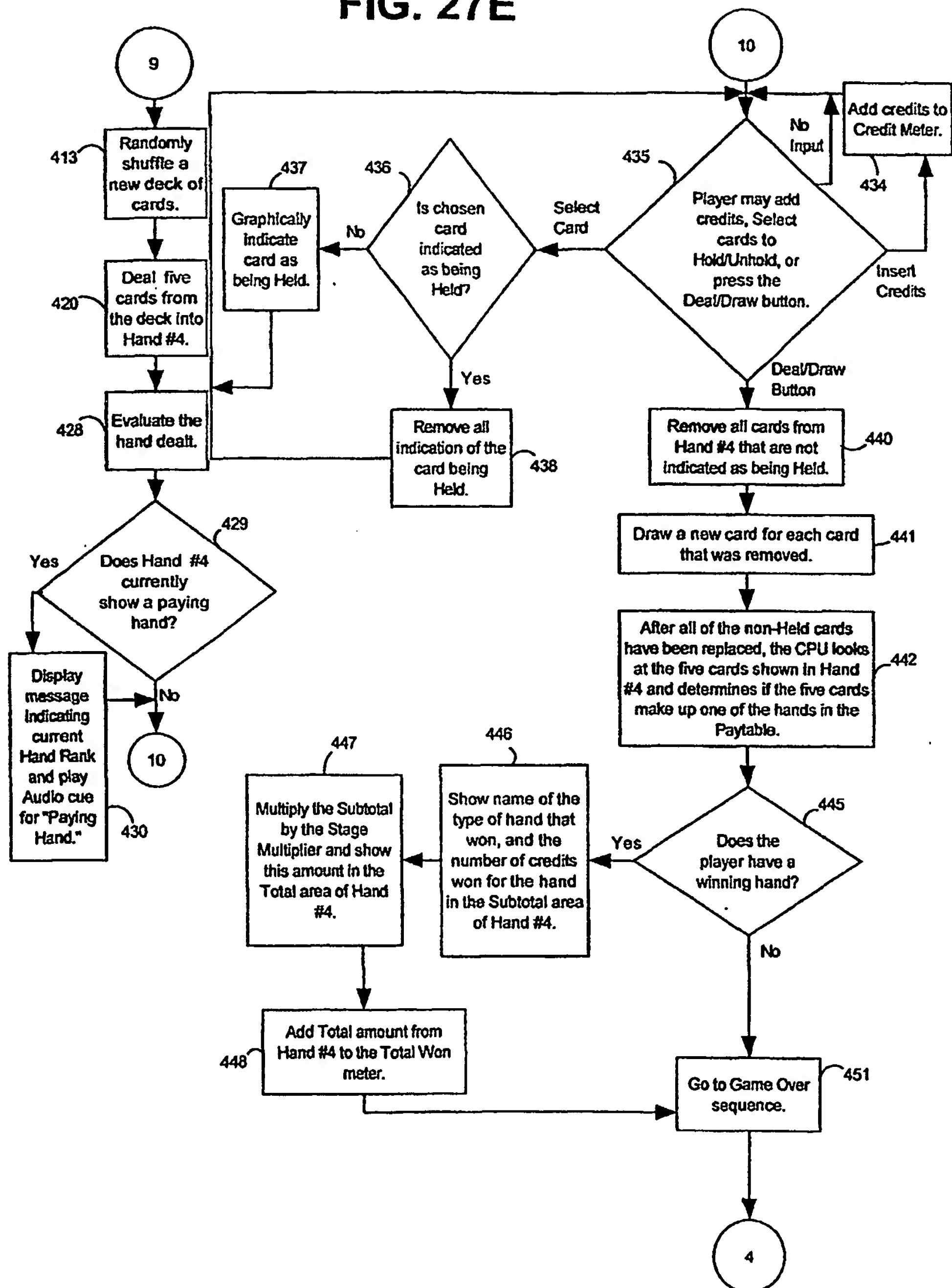
FIG. 27C



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FIG. 27D



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FIG. 27E

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FIG. 27F

GAME OVER SEQUENCE

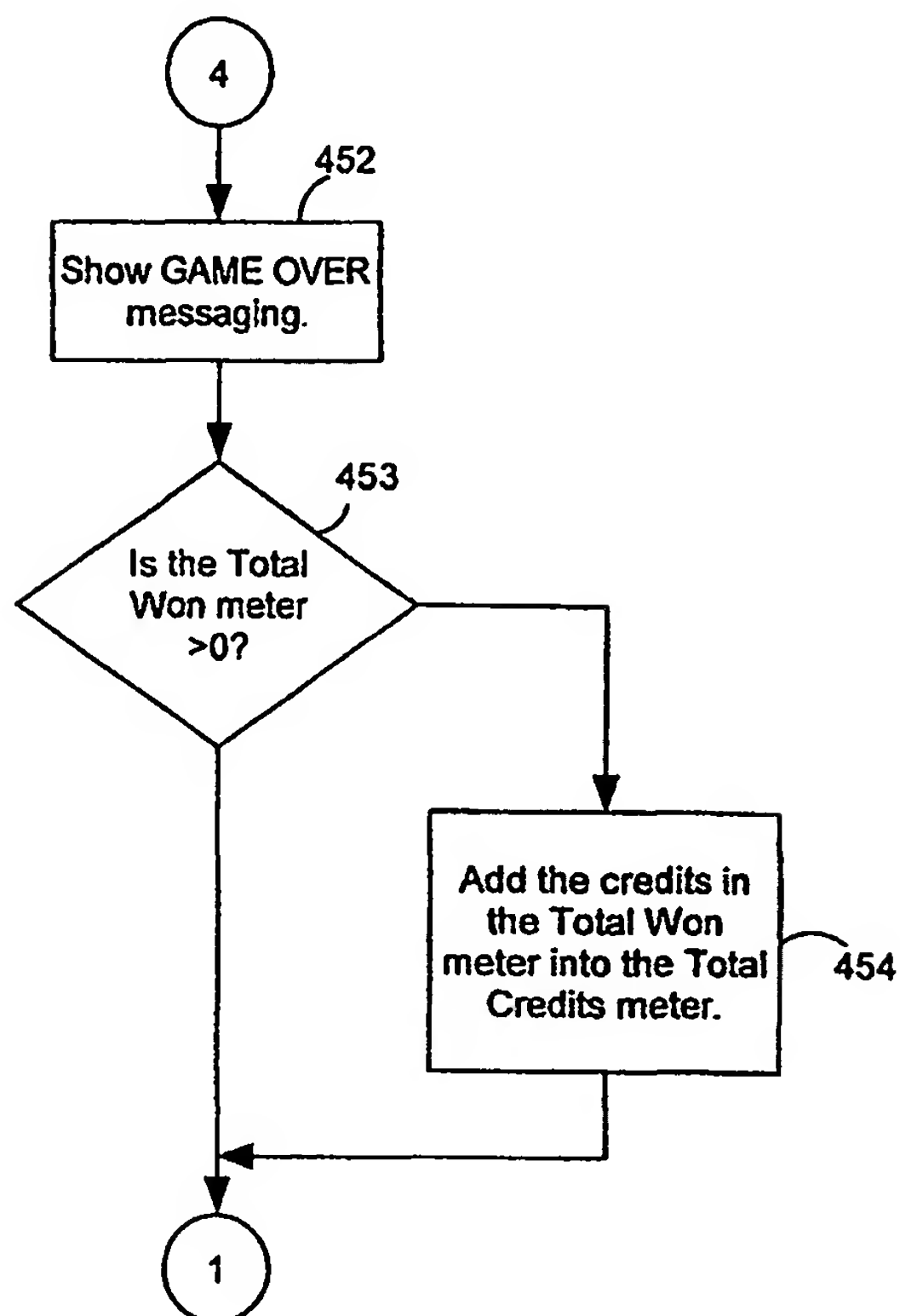


FIG. 28

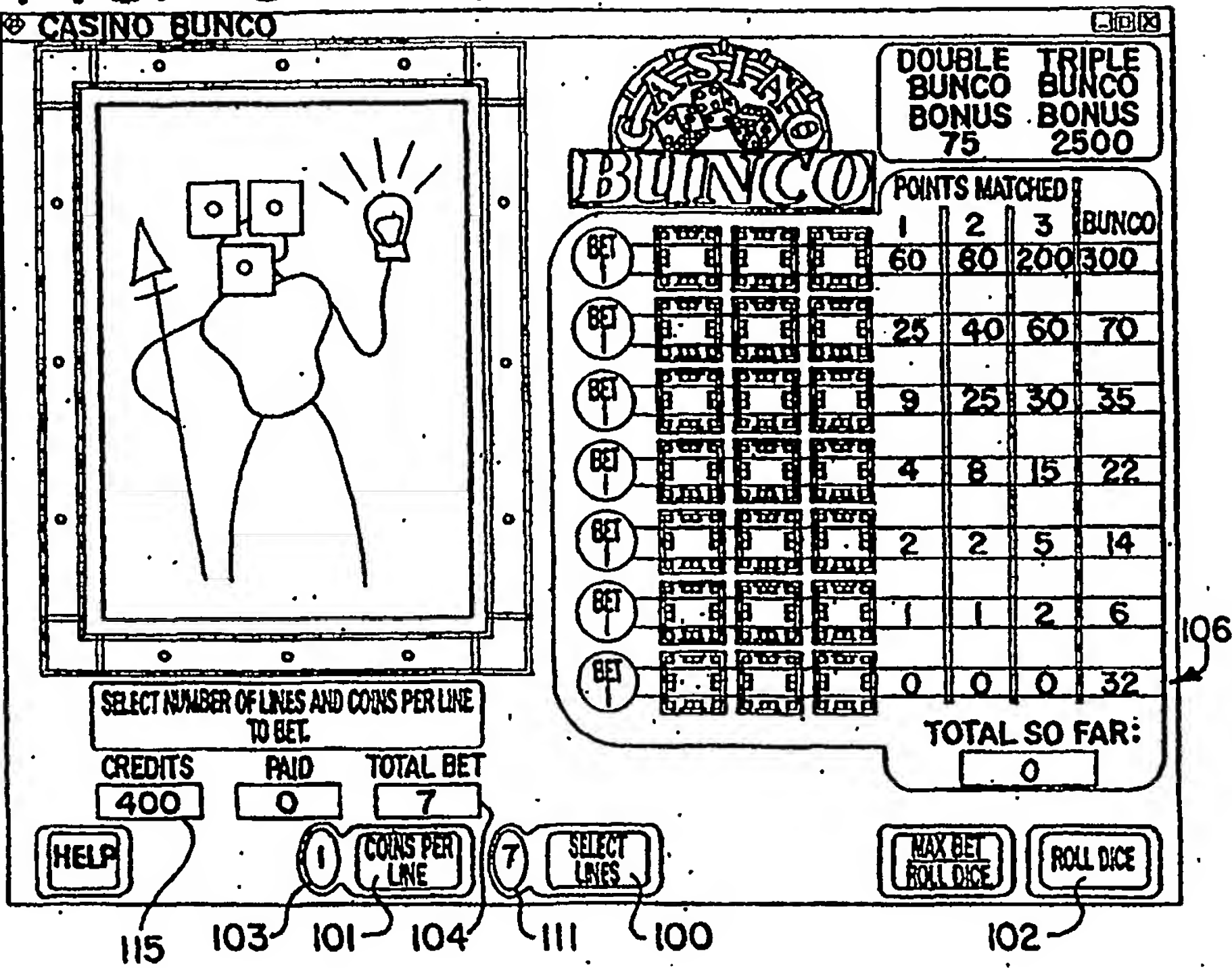


FIG.29

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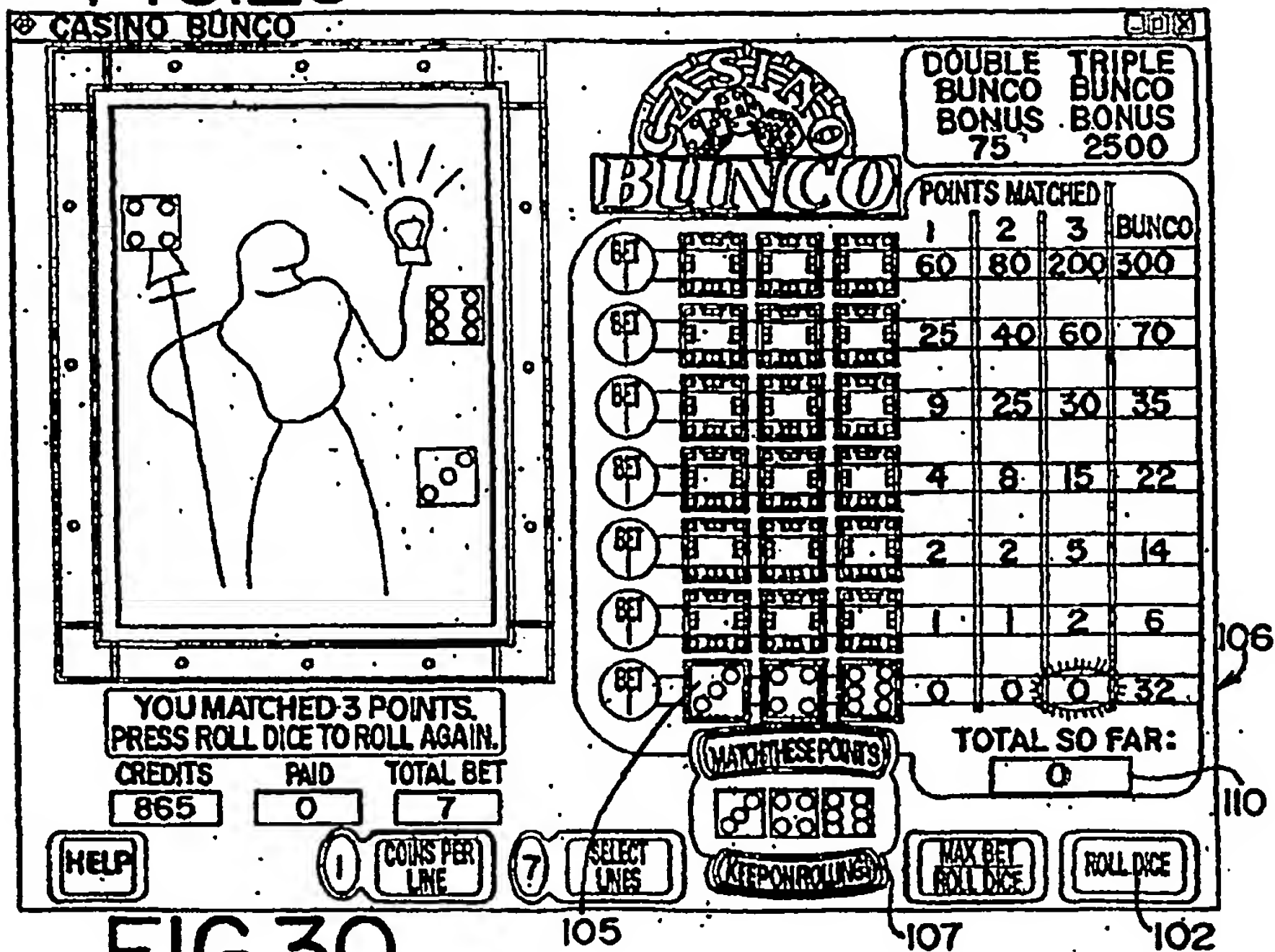


FIG.30

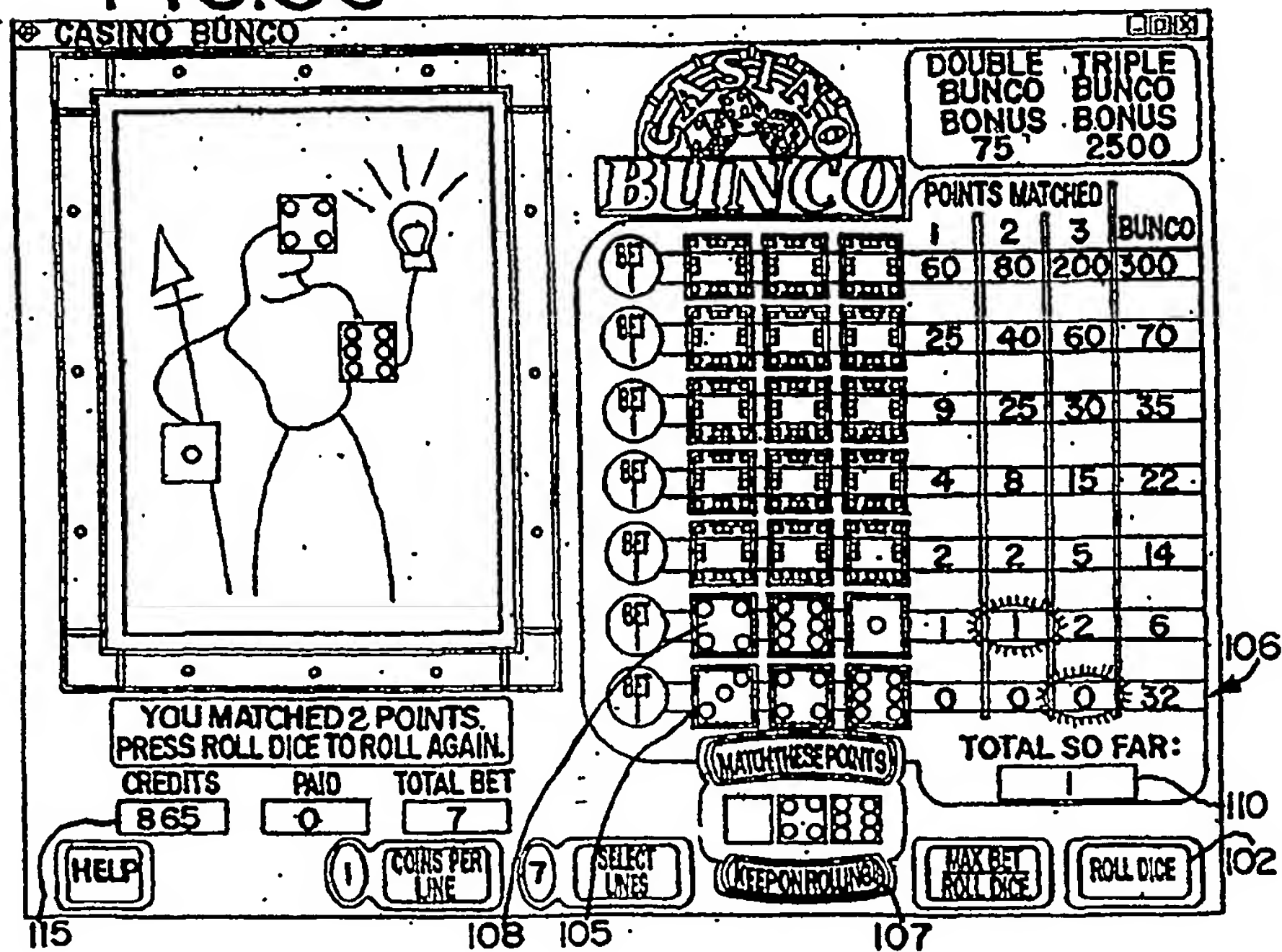


FIG. 31

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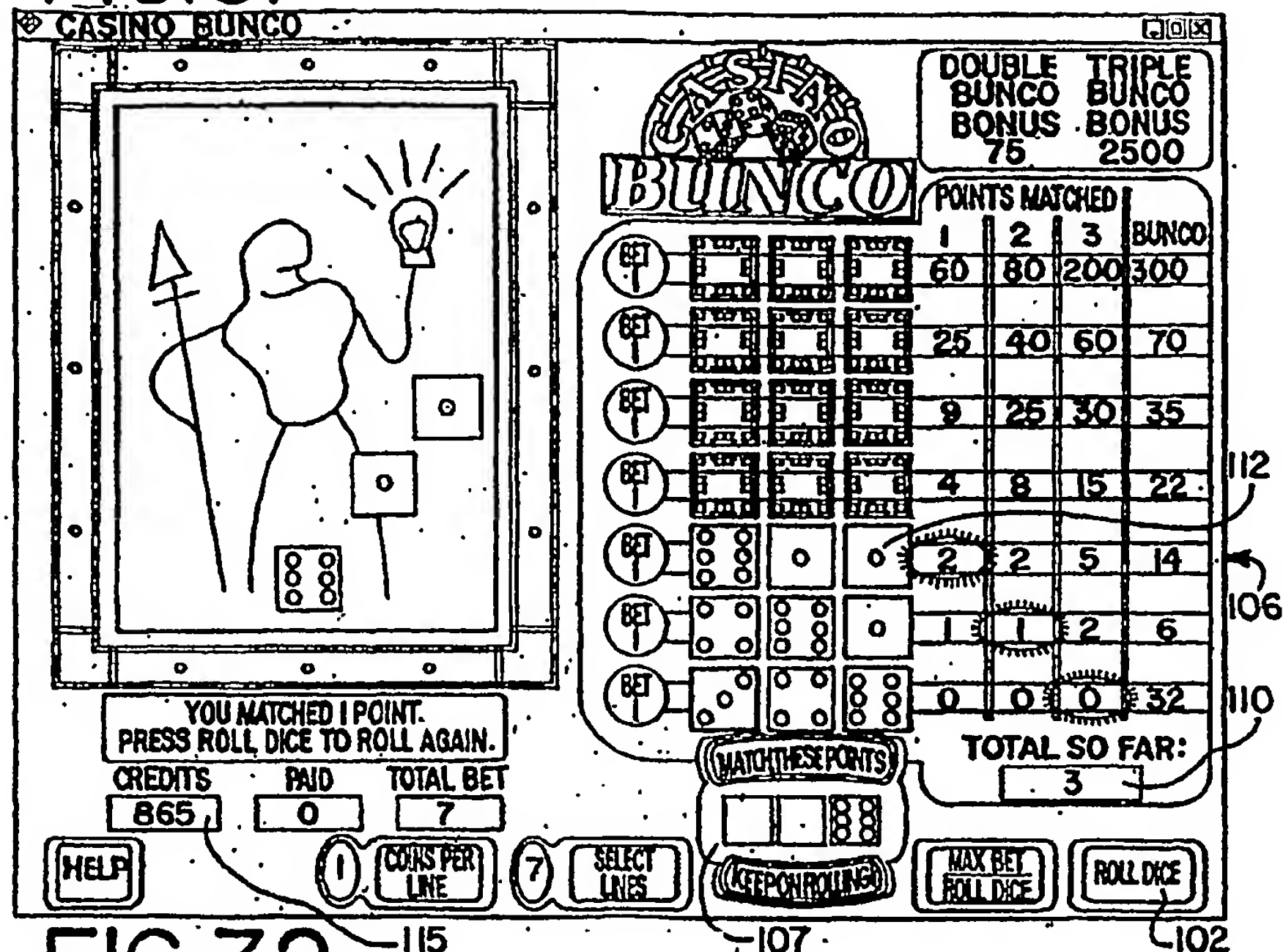
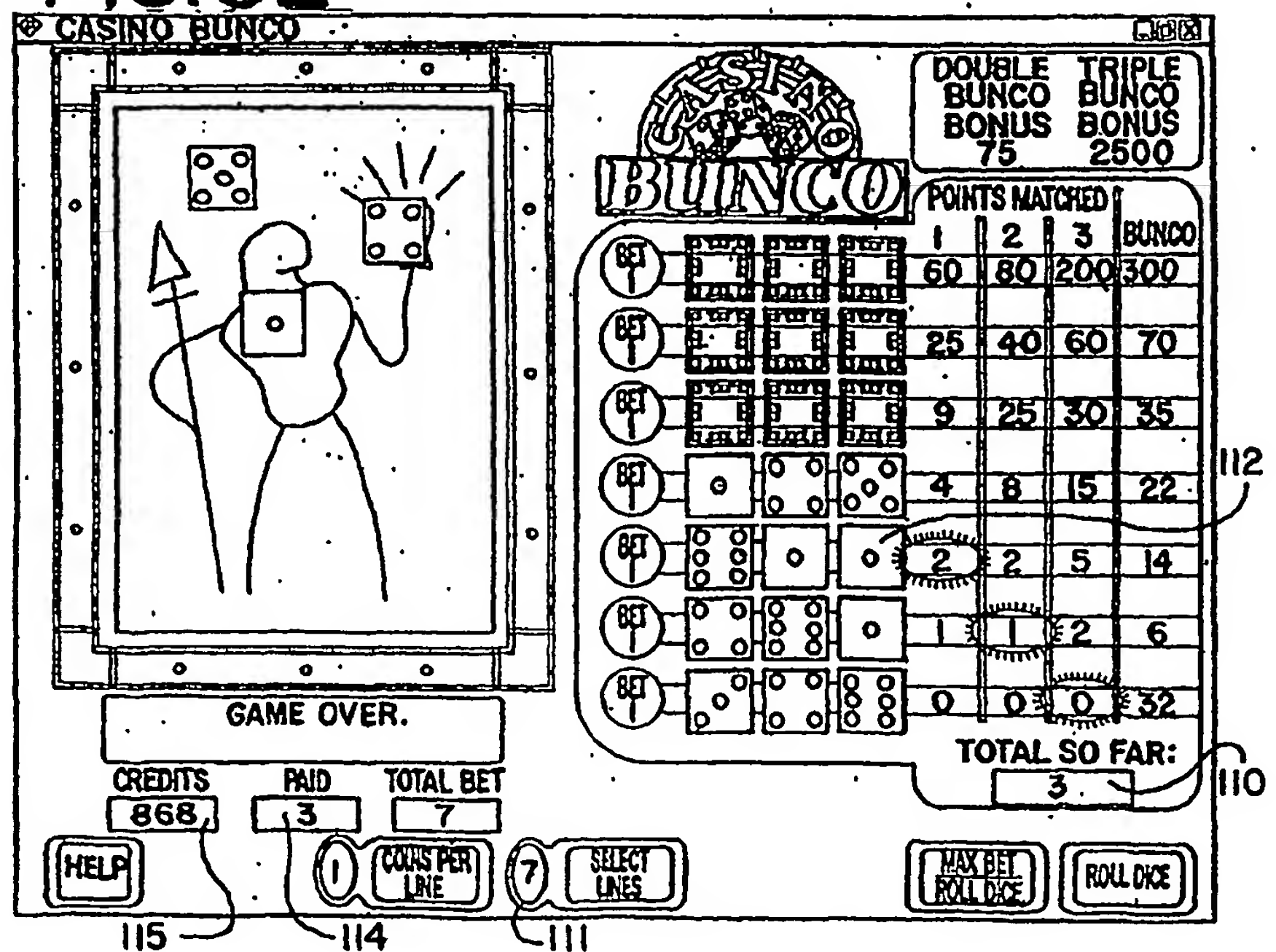


FIG. 32



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FIG.33

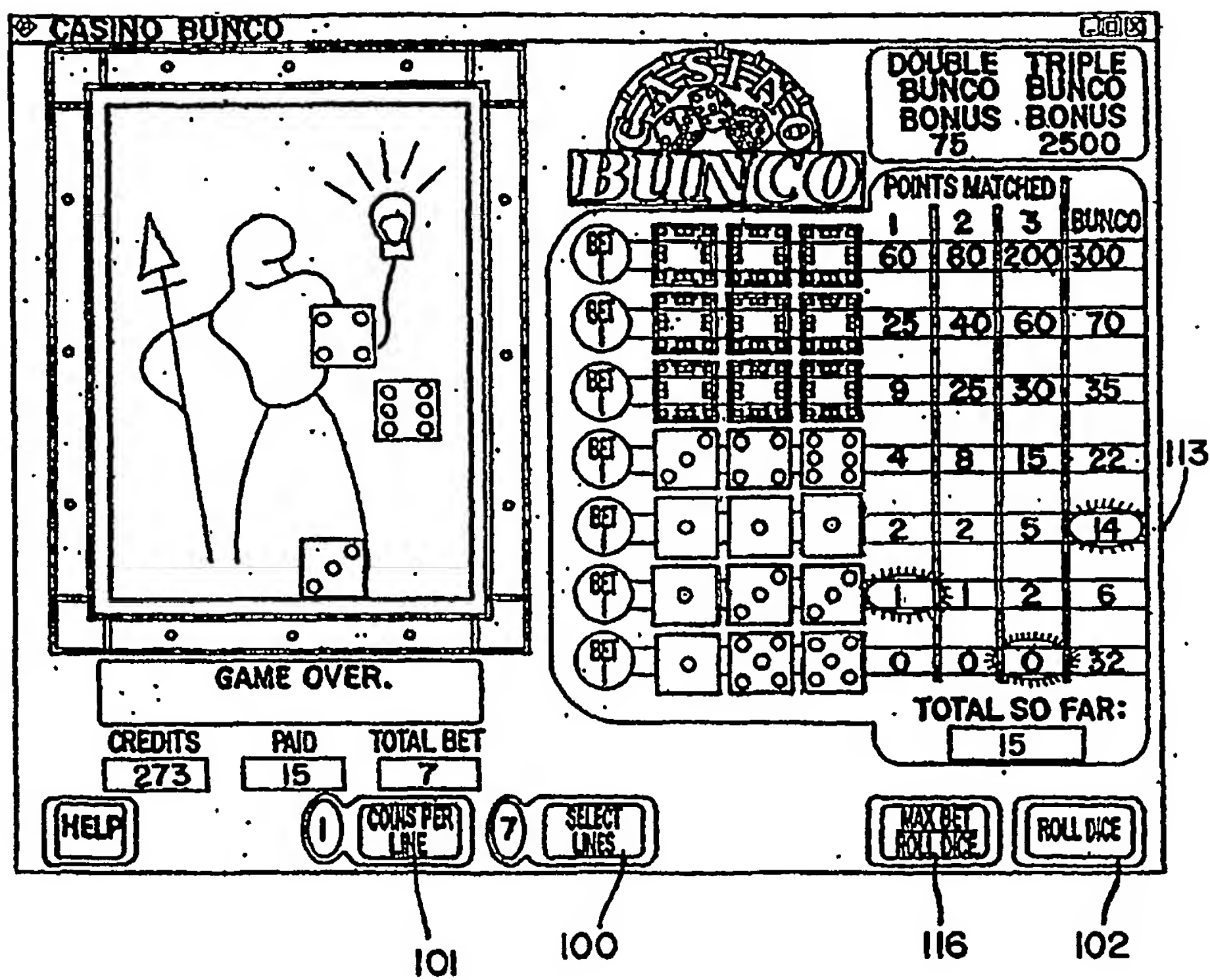


FIG. 34A

GAME START SEQUENCE

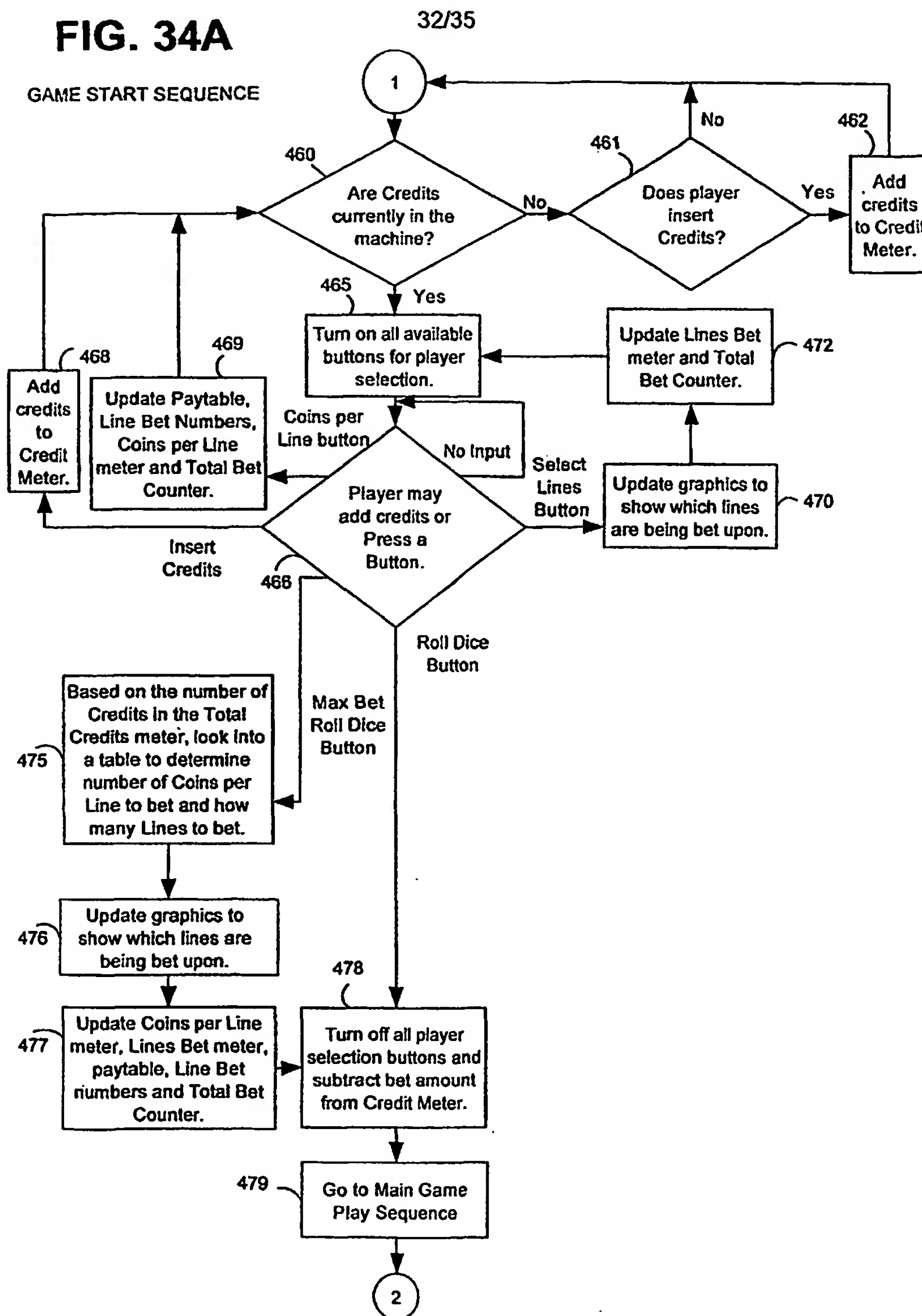
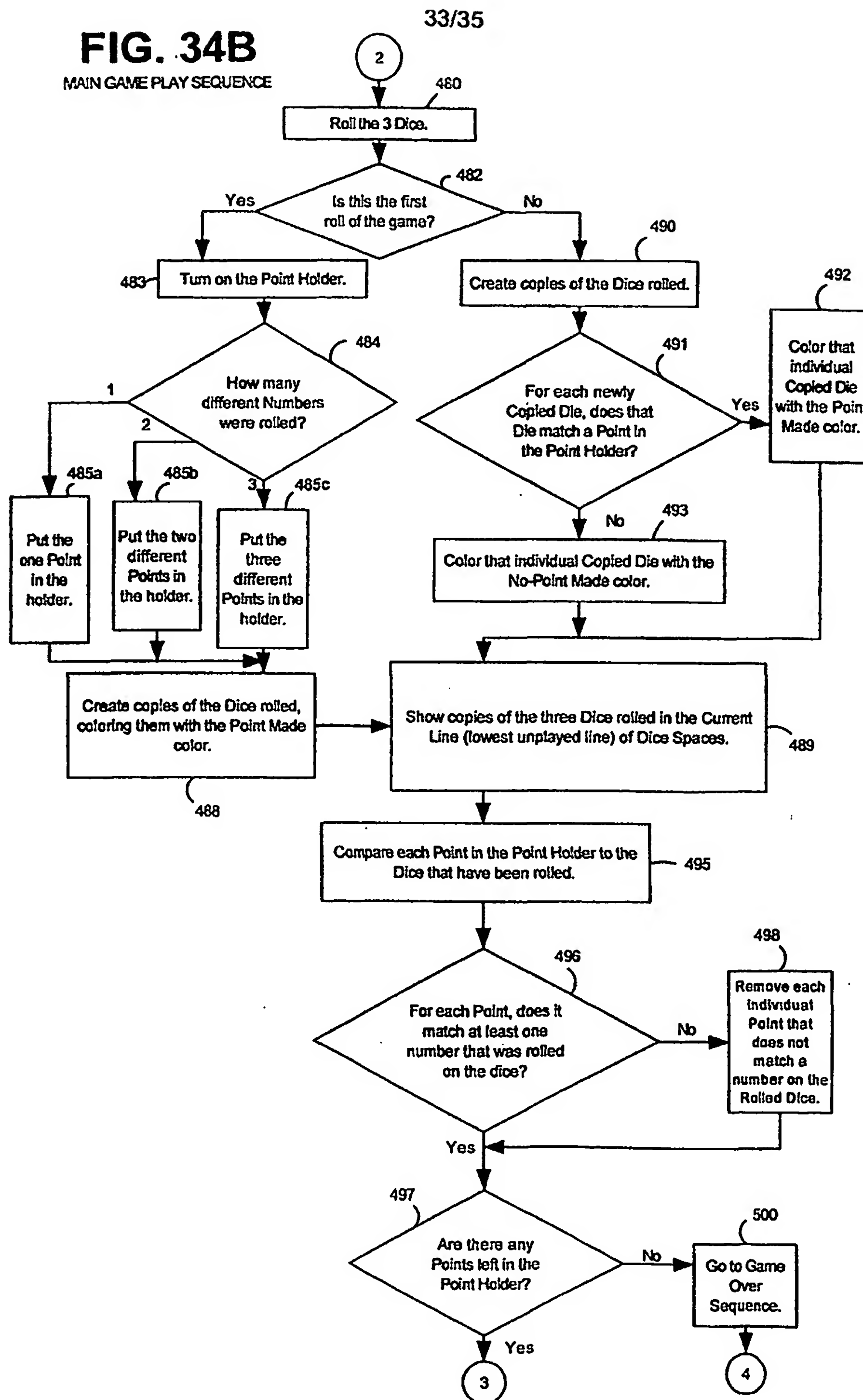


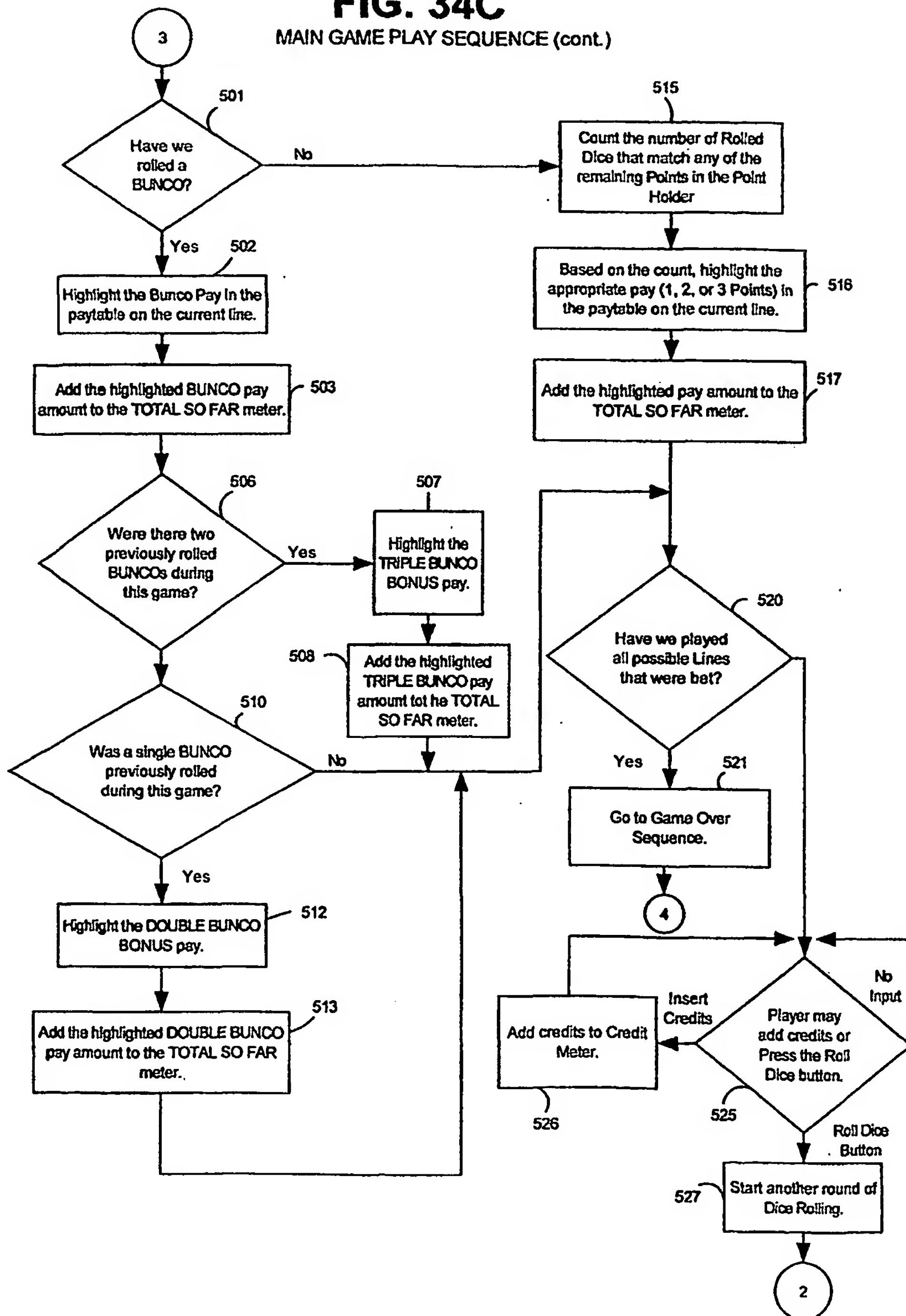
FIG. 34B
MAIN GAME PLAY SEQUENCE



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FIG. 34C

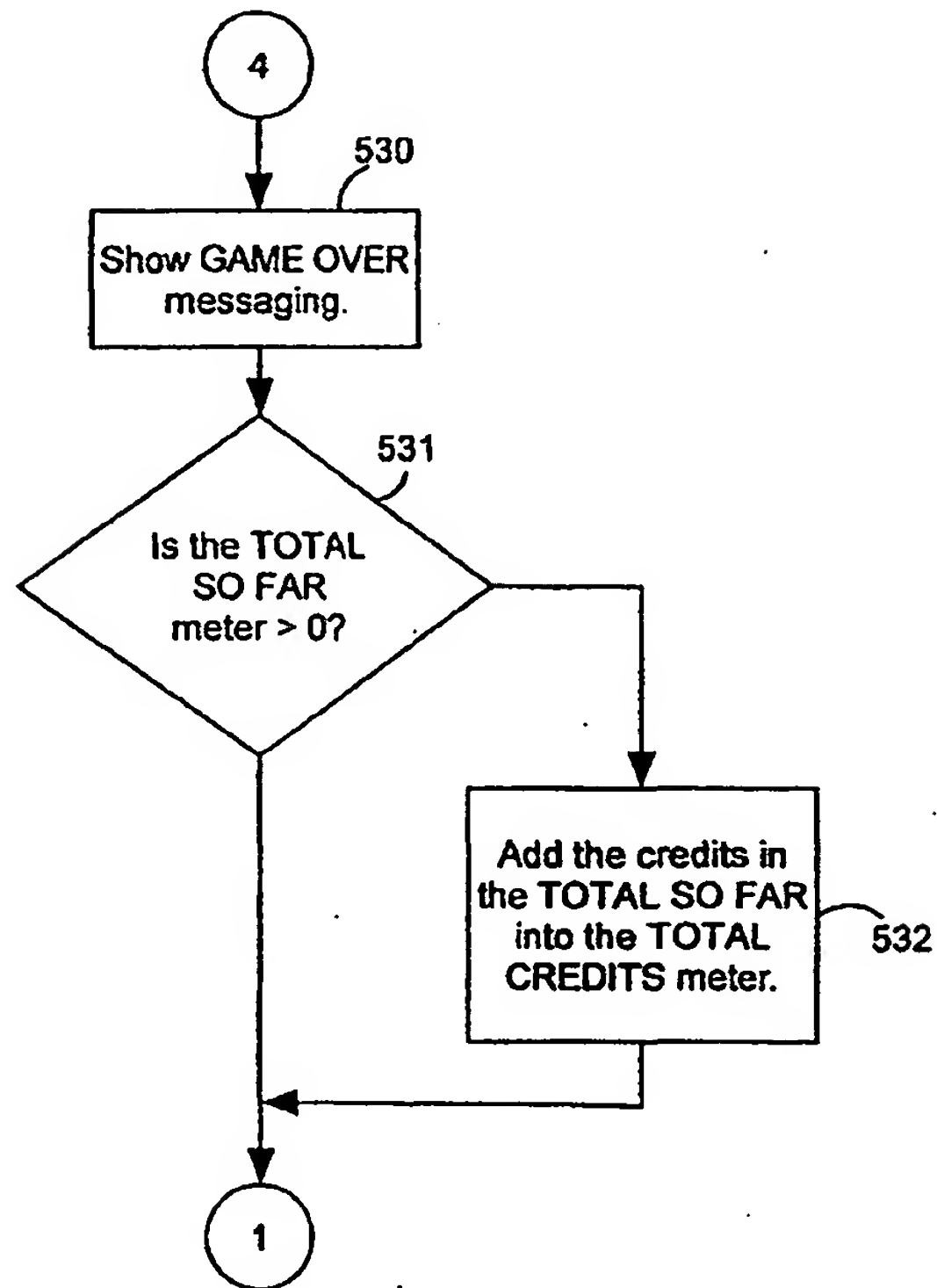
MAIN GAME PLAY SEQUENCE (cont.)



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FIG. 34D

GAME OVER SEQUENCE



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US01/42984

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC(7) : A63F 9/24 US CL : 463/20 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC		
B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) U.S. : 463/20, 16, 25; 273/143R Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched none Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) none		
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y, P	US 6,203,429 B1 (DEMAR et al.) 20 March 2001 (20.03.2001), entire document.	20-28, 36, 37, 57, 66, 80, 85-87, 90, 91
Y, P	US 6,190,255 B1 (THOMAS et al.) 20 February 2001 (20.02.2001), entire document.	24-28, 57, 66, 80, 85-87, 90, 91
A	US 6,126,542 A (FIER) 03 October 2000 (03.10.2000), entire document.	1-6, 15, 16, 20-28, 32-41, 47, 48, 57-63, 66-71, 80-87, 90-94, 100, 101
A	US 6,062,980 A (LUCIANO) 16 May 2000 (16.05.2000), entire document.	1-6, 15, 16, 20-28, 32-41, 47, 48, 57-63, 66-71, 80-87, 90-94, 100, 101
A	US 5,722,891 A (INOUE) 03 March 1998 (03.03.1998), entire document.	1-6, 15, 16, 20-28, 32-41, 47, 48, 57-63, 66-71, 80-87, 90-94, 100, 101
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. <input type="checkbox"/> See patent family annex.		
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Date of the actual completion of the international search 13 February 2002 (13.02.2002)	Date of mailing of the international search report 25 MAR 2002	
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT Washington, D.C. 20231 Facsimile No. (703)305-3230	Authorized officer Valencia Martin-Wallace Telephone No. 703-306-5648 <i>Sheila Veng</i> Paralegal Specialist Technology Center 3700	

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US01/42984

C. (Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A, E	US 6,312,334 B1 (YOSELOFF) 06 November 2001 (06.11.2001), entire document.	1-6, 15, 16, 20-28, 32-41, 47, 48, 57-63, 66-71, 80-87, 90-94, 100, 101

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US01/42984

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of Item 1 of first sheet)

This international report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☐ Claim Nos.:
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
2. ☐ Claim Nos.:
because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claim Nos.:
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of Item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
Please See Continuation Sheet

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☒ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.: 1-6, 15, 16, 20-28, 32-41, 47, 48, 57-63, 66-71, 80-87, 90-94, 100 and 101

Remark on Protest

☐
☐

- The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US01/42984

BOX II. OBSERVATIONS WHERE UNITY OF INVENTION IS LACKING

This application contains claims directed to more than one species of the generic invention. These species are deemed to lack unity of invention because they are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In order for more than one species to be examined, the appropriate additional examination fees must be paid. The species are as follows:

A slot machine, a video card gaming machine, and a dice game and corresponding methods thereof.

The claims are deemed to correspond to the species listed above in the following manner:

I. Claims 1-6, 15, 16, 20-28, 32-41, 47, 48, 57-63, 66-71, 80-87, 90-94, 100 and 101 are drawn to a slot machine gaming method.

II. Claims 1, 6-12, 15, 17, 18, 20-26, 29, 30, 32-39, 42, 43, 47-56, 64, 65, 80-85, 88-92, 95, 100 and 101 are drawn to a video card gaming machine and method.

III. Claims 12-15, 19, 20-26, 31-39, 44-48, 72-79, 92, 96-99 and 102 are drawn to a dice gaming machine and method

The following claim(s) are generic: 1, 6, 15, 20-26, 32-39, 47, 48, 80-85, 90-92, 100 and 101.

The species listed above do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, the species lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: the slot machine contains spinning reels used to determine a winning or losing result which are lacking in the other species. The video card game contains games of stud and draw poker in order to determine a winning or losing hand; this is lacking in the other species. The dice game contains a method of rolling dice and matching the dice to indicia; this concept is lacking in the other species.

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